2023 REGIONAL FLOOD PLAN REGION 15 LOWER RIO GRANDE

VOL. 3-2





APPENDIX CF FACT SHEETS

THE PARTY

FLOOD MANAGEMENT EVALUATIONS (FMEs) FACT SHEETS

FME Description Develop Flood risk maps for the county of Brooks and develop CIP Study Type ✓ Flood risk modeling/mapping ✓ Alternative Analysis □ Flood preparedness studies ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities Insert snip of Location Map here County/ Counties Brooks HUC 8 **HUC 12** Study Area (sq. mi.) 685.70

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🖌 No 🗆	Frequency:	
Population at Risk		<pre># of structures inundated</pre>	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	Miles inundated?	
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆
Notes:			

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$250,000	Study Sponsor:		
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight		
Time to complete?		Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding		

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Brooks County Master Drainage Study

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME

FME ID: 15100001

□ Feasibility Assessments

Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB Yes \checkmark No \Box guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME ID: 15100002

Bayiew Action #6

FME Description

Upgrade three roadway bridges and one footbridge including structural improvements and stabilization to reduce damages caused by flooding and high winds.

Study Type

- ✓ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

- Alternative Analysis
 Feasibility Assessments
- □ Flood preparedness studies

Study Aroa			
Sludy Alea			
City/ Cities	Bayview		Insert snip of Location Map here
County/ Counties	Cameron		
HUC 8	12110208		
HUC 12	121102080800,		
	121102080900		
Study Area (sq. mi.)	N/A		
Emergency Ne Yes ✓ No □	ed		
Known Flood R	Risk		
History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:

HISTOLY OF FIODULING?	res •	INO 🗆	Frequency of hooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:					

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$369,600	Study Sponsor:	Bayview
Estimated year to start:	2018	Entity with Oversight	Bayview
Time to complete?	2020	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
		Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	HMGP; USDA; Other Grants
Study identified as	a gap by Region	15 Regional Flood Pla	anning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

City of Brownsville Action #24



FME Description

Improve drainage and replace or upgrade gutters at City Plaza buildings.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- $\checkmark\,$ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities	Brownsville
County/ Counties	Cameron
HUC 8	12110208
HUC 12	121102080800,
	121102080900
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.1

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Population at Risk Roadways flooded Critical Facilities Impacted Notes:

Study Costs

Total Cost: Estimated year to start: Time to complete?

Funding Dedicated?

✓ Alternative Analysis

- Feasibility Assessments
- □ Flood preparedness studies

FME

Fact Sheet

Flood Mitigation Project



Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
		# of structures inundated		
Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No

\$19,800	Study Sponsor:	Brownsville
Upon Funding	Entity with Oversight	Brownsville
	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🖌 No 🗆
	Action Plan or other plan?	
Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	Capital Improvement Funds

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes □ No ✓

Flood Mitigation Project Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

FME Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME ID: 15100007

Indian Lake Action #1

FME Description

Elevate and harden S Resaca Shore Drive bridge to reduce risk of damages and maintaining critical access route.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities	Indian Lake
County/ Counties	Cameron
HUC 8	12110208
HUC 12	121102080900
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.21

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸
Population at Risk	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆
Notes:	

Study Costs

✓ Alternative Analysis □ Feasibility Assessments □ Flood preparedness studies



es √	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
		# of structures inundated		
es 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
es 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

\$92,400	Study Sponsor:	Indian Lakes
2018	Entity with Oversight	Indian Lakes
2020	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🖌 No 🗆
	Action Plan or other plan?	
Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	General Fund; HMGP
	\$92,400 2018 2020 Yes □ No ✓	 \$92,400 2018 2020 Entity with Oversight 2020 Included in a Hazard Mitigation Action Plan or other plan? Yes □ No ✓ Yes □ No ✓

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

Yes v No

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

FME Flood Mitigation Evaluations

Fact Sheet

Indian Lake Action #12

FME ID: 15100008

FME Description

Upgrade/Elevate Henderson Road bridge over Resaca to remove from potential floodway, reduce the risk of damages, and maintain critical access route.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities	Indian Lake
County/ Counties	Cameron
HUC 8	12110208
HUC 12	121102080900
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.16

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No
Population at Risk		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No
Notes:		

Study Costs

✓ Alternative Analysis	
Feasibility Assessments	5

□ Flood preparedness studies



Frequency of flooding: # of structures inundated Miles inundated? Agricultural Land impacted Yes 🗆 No 🗆

5			
Total Cost:	\$184,800	Study Sponsor:	Indian Lakes
Estimated year to start:	2019	Entity with Oversight	Indian Lakes
Time to complete?	2021	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🖌 No 🗆
		Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	General Fund; HMGP

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

Yes v No

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Indian Lake Action #17

FME ID: 151000009

FME

Fact Sheet

Flood Mitigation Evaluations

FME Description

Upgrade shoulders and provide turnouts along Henderson Road to support evacuation route.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- $\checkmark \ {\sf Flood\ mitigation\ study}$

- ✓ Alternative Analysis□ Feasibility Assessments
- □ Flood preparedness studies

Study Area

City/ Cities Indian Lake County/ Counties Cameron HUC 8 12110208 HUC 12 121102080900



Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No
Notes:			. .		

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$9,240	Study Sponsor:	Indian Lakes
Estimated year to start:	2019	Entity with Oversight	Indian Lakes
Time to complete?	2021	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🖌 No 🗆
		Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	General Fund; HMGP

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🗆 No 🗸



Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

Yes v No

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000010

Indian Lake Action #18

FME Description

Harden critical facilities, to include the Town Hall/Police Station, to reduce or eliminate wind, hail, and flood damage and ensure continuity of emergency services.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities	Indian Lake
County/ Counties	Cameron
HUC 8	12110208
HUC 12	121102080900
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.50

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Ye
Population at Risk	
Roadways flooded	Ye
Critical Facilities Impacted	Ye
Notes:	

Study Costs

\checkmark	Alte	rna	ative	e Analys	sis
_	-				

- Feasibility Assessments
- □ Flood preparedness studies



Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
		# of structures inundated		
Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

Total Cost:	\$27,720	Study Sponsor:	Indian Lakes
Estimated year to start:	2018	Entity with Oversight	Indian Lakes
Time to complete?	2020	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🖌 No 🗆
		Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	General Fund; HMGP

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes \square No \checkmark

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

 $Yes \ v \Box \quad No$

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000012

Laguna Vista Action #10

FME Description

Drainage Improvements: Harden and reinforce head wall along the Laguna Madre bay off Beach Boulevard.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- $\checkmark \ {\sf Flood\ mitigation\ study}$

Study Area

City/ Cities	Laguna Vista
County/ Counties	Cameron
HUC 8	12110208
HUC 12	121102080800,
	121102080900
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.41

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No
Population at Risk		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No
Notes:		

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$924,000	Study Sponsor:	Laguna Vista
Estimated year to start:	2018	Entity with Oversight	Laguna Vista
Time to complete?	2020	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
		Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	HMGP; Local Funds; Other Grants;
			Drainage Fee

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

- ✓ Alternative Analysis
- □ Feasibility Assessments
- □ Flood preparedness studies



Frequency of flooding:		
# of structures inundated		
Miles inundated?		
Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

Yes v No

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Flood Mitigation Evaluations

Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000013

Laguna Vista Action #11

FME Description

Drainage Improvements: Upgrade 48" drainage pipe located at 1004 Beach Blvd to increase capacity and reduce risk of flood damages.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities Laguna Vista County/ Counties Cameron HUC 8 12110208 HUC 12 121102080800, 121102080900 Study Area (sq. mi.) 0.01

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Yes ✓ N Population at Risk Roadways flooded Yes ✓ N Critical Facilities Impacted Yes □ N Notes:

Study Costs

Total Cost: Estimated year to start: Time to complete?
Funding Dedicated?

✓ Alternative Analysis

- □ Feasibility Assessments
- □ Flood preparedness studies



0 🗌	Frequency of flooding:		
	# of structures inundated		
0 🗌	Miles inundated?		
0	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

Lagun	Study Sponsor:
Lagun	Entity with Oversight
Yes 🗸	Included in a Hazard Mitigation
	Action Plan or other plan?
HMGF	(Potential) Source of Funding
D '	

Laguna Vista Laguna Vista Yes ✓ No □

HMGP; Local Funds; Other Grants; Drainage Fee

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes D No ✓

\$92,400

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

2018

2020

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as Yes \checkmark No \Box a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

Yes v No

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Flood Mitigation Evaluations

FME ID: 151000014

Laguna Vista Action #12

FME Description

Drainage Improvements: Relocate and upgrade existing 36" drainage pipe located at 1026 Beach Blvd to increase capacity and reduce risk of flood damages.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities Laguna Vista County/ Counties Cameron HUC 8 12110208 HUC 12 121102080800, 121102080900 Study Area (sq. mi.) 0.01

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?Yes ✓No □Population at RiskRoadways floodedYes ✓No □Critical Facilities ImpactedYes □No □Notes:No □No □

Study Costs

Total Cost:	
Estimated year to start:	
Time to complete?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes

- ✓ Alternative Analysis
- □ Feasibility Assessments
- □ Flood preparedness studies



Frequency of flooding:		
# of structures inundated		
Miles inundated?		
Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

Laguna Vista	Study Sponsor:	\$92,400
Laguna Vista	Entity with Oversight	2018
Yes 🗸 No 🛛	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	2020
	Action Plan or other plan?	
HMGP; Local	(Potential) Source of Funding	Yes 🗆 No 🗸

HMGP; Local Funds; Other Grants; Drainage Fee

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes □ No ✓

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

Yes v No

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000015

Laguna Vista Action #19

FME Description

Harden Town Hall with wind, hail, and flood mitigation measures to reduce damages and ensure continuity of services

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- $\checkmark \ {\sf Flood\ mitigation\ study}$

Study Area

City/ Cities	Laguna Vista
County/ Counties	Cameron
HUC 8	12110208
HUC 12	121102080800
	121102080900
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.01

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No
Population at Risk		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No
Notes:		

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$18,480	Study Sponsor:	Laguna Vista
Estimated year to start:	2018	Entity with Oversight	Laguna Vista
Time to complete?	2020	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🖌 No 🗆
		Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	HMGP; Local Funds; Other Grants;
			Drainage Fee

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

- ✓ Alternative Analysis
- □ Feasibility Assessments
- □ Flood preparedness studies



Frequency of flooding: # of structures inundated

Miles inundated? Agricultural Land impacted Yes
No

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000017

Laguna Vista Action #3

FME Description

Drainage improvements Basin "D": Install upgraded drainage system west side of State Highway 510 for 80 acre residential area. Current system is inadequate to carry storm water runoff.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities	Laguna Vista
County/ Counties	Cameron
HUC 8	12110208
HUC 12	121102080800
	121102080900
Study Area (sq. mi.)	1.87

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Population at Risk Roadways flooded Critical Facilities Impacted Notes:

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$924,000
Estimated year to start:	2018
Time to complete?	2020
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸

- ✓ Alternative Analysis
- □ Feasibility Assessments
- $\hfill\square$ Flood preparedness studies



		1000		
Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
		# of structures inundated		
Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Yes \square	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No \square

La	Study Sponsor:	\$924,000
La	Entity with Oversight	2018
Ye	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	2020
	Action Plan or other plan?	
Η	(Potential) Source of Funding	🗆 No 🗸

Laguna Vista Laguna Vista Yes ✔ No □

HMGP; Local Funds; Other Grants; Drainage Fee

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes D No ✓

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Flood Mitigation Evaluations

FME ID: 151000018

Fact Sheet

FME Description

Laguna Vista Action #4

Drainage improvements Basin "E": Install upgraded drainage system off Saunders Street and State Highway 510 that drains acreage south of Fernandez Street and north of Morris Street.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities	Laguna Vista
County/ Counties	Cameron
HUC 8	12110208
HUC 12	121102080800,
	121102080900
Study Area (sq. mi.)	N/A

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Yes ✓ No □ Population at Risk Roadways flooded Yes ✓ No □ Critical Facilities Impacted Yes □ No □ Notes:

Study Costs

Total Cost: Estimated year to start: Time to complete?	\$924 2	,000 2018 2020
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 🛚	lo √

- ✓ Alternative Analysis
- □ Feasibility Assessments
- □ Flood preparedness studies



Frequency of flooding:		
# of structures inundated		
Miles inundated?		
Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

Study Sponsor:	L
Entity with Oversight	L
Included in a Hazard Mitigation	١
Action Plan or other plan?	
(Potential) Source of Funding	ŀ
	E F

Laguna Vista Laguna Vista Yes ✔ No □

HMGP; Local Funds; Other Grants; Drainage Fee

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes D No ✓

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

Yes v No

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000019

Laguna Vista Action #5

FME Description

Drainage improvements Basin "F": Install drainage system at the most southwestern part of the Town limits, bounded by State Highway 100 and State Highway 510.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities	Laguna Vista
County/ Counties	Cameron
HUC 8	12110208
HUC 12	121102080800,
	121102080900
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.18

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?Yes ✓No □Population at RiskRoadways floodedYes ✓No □Critical Facilities ImpactedYes □No □Notes:No □No □

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$924,000
Estimated year to start:	2018
Time to complete?	2020
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸

- ✓ Alternative Analysis
- Feasibility Assessments
- $\hfill\square$ Flood preparedness studies



Frequency of flooding: # of structures inundated Miles inundated? Agricultural Land impacted Yes D No D

Study Sponsor: Lagur Entity with Oversight Lagur Included in a Hazard Mitigation Yes • Action Plan or other plan? (Potential) Source of Funding HMG

Laguna Vista Laguna Vista Yes ✓ No □

HMGP; Local Funds; Other Grants; Drainage Fee

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes D No ✓

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

FME Flood Mitigation Evaluations

Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000020

Laguna Vista Action #6

FME Description

Drainage improvements SH 100: Regrade the existing drainage ditch that parallels State Highway 100 to increase capacity and reduce risk of flooding.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/Cities Laguna Vista County/ Counties Cameron HUC 8 12110208 **HUC 12** 121102080800, 121102080900 Study Area (sq. mi.) 13.5

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Yes ✓ Population at Risk Yes ✓ Roadways flooded **Critical Facilities Impacted** Yes 🗆 Notes:

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$369,
Estimated year to start:	2
Time to complete?	2
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 N

- ✓ Alternative Analysis
- □ Feasibility Assessments
- □ Flood preparedness studies



No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
	<pre># of structures inundated</pre>		
No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

9,600	Study Sponsor:	Laguna Vi
2018	Entity with Oversight	Laguna Vi
2020	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes ✓ N
	Action Plan or other plan?	
No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	HMGP; Lo
		D

ista ista No 🗆

ocal Funds; Other Grants; Drainage Fee

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME ID: 15100021

Laguna Vista Action #7

FME Description

Drainage improvements SH 100: Regrade the existing drainage ditch that parallels State Highway 100 to increase capacity and reduce risk of flooding.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities	Laguna Vista
County/ Counties	Cameron
HUC 8	12110208
HUC 12	121102080800
	121102080900
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.01

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Population at Risk Roadways flooded Critical Facilities Impacted Notes: Yes ✓

Yes ✓ Yes □

Study Costs

Total Cost:
Estimated year to start:
Time to complete?
Funding Dedicated?

- ✓ Alternative Analysis
- Feasibility Assessments
- $\hfill\square$ Flood preparedness studies



No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
	# of structures inundated		
No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

\$36	59,600	Study Sponsor:	La
	2018	Entity with Oversight	La
	2020	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Y
		Action Plan or other plan?	
Yes 🗆	No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	Η
			-

Laguna Vista Laguna Vista Yes ✓ No □

HMGP; Local Funds; Other Grants; Drainage Fee

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes D No ✓

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000022

Laguna Vista Action #8

FME Description

Drainage Improvements: Upgrade the drainage system on Holley Beach to increase capacity and reduce risk of flooding.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- $\checkmark \ {\sf Flood mitigation study}$

Study Area

City/ Cities	Laguna Vista
County/ Counties	Cameron
HUC 8	12110208
HUC 12	121102080800,
	121102080900
Study Area (sg. mi.)	3.99

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Population at Risk		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:		

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$369,600	Study Sponsor:	Laguna Vista
Estimated year to start:	2018	Entity with Oversight	Laguna Vista
Time to complete?	2020	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
		Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	HMGP; Local Funds; Other Grants;
			Drainage Fee

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

✓ Alternative Analysis

- □ Feasibility Assessments
- $\hfill\square$ Flood preparedness studies



Frequency of flooding:		
# of structures inundated		
Miles inundated?		
Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No
Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME

FME ID: 151000023

Laguna Vista Action #9

FME Description

Drainage Improvements: Upgrade and harden drainage structure on Town-owed marina to increase capacity and reduce risk of damages.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities	Laguna Vista
County/ Counties	Cameron
HUC 8	12110208
HUC 12	121102080800,
	121102080900
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.51

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Population at Risk		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:		

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$554,400
Estimated year to start:	2018
Time to complete?	2020
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸

- ✓ Alternative Analysis
- □ Feasibility Assessments
- □ Flood preparedness studies



Frequency of flooding: # of structures inundated Miles inundated? Agricultural Land impacted Yes D No D

Study Sponsor: L Entity with Oversight L Included in a Hazard Mitigation Y Action Plan or other plan? (Potential) Source of Funding F

Laguna Vista Laguna Vista Yes ✓ No □

HMGP; Local Funds; Other Grants; Drainage Fee

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes D No ✓

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000024

Los Fresnos Action #13

FME Description

Upgrade culverts and install drainage improvements at various locations to increase capacity and reduce risk of flood damages. Purchase trailer mounted water trash pump to reduce or eliminate flooding. Drainage Improvement locations: Drainage Ditch South of Highway 100 causes flooding on East Fifth Street, East Sixth Street, East Seventh Street, East Eighth Street, East Ninth Street and East Tenth Street. South Nogal Street Causes Flooding on West First Street, West Second Street, West Third Street, Valle Alto Street & Bougainvillea Street, Jacqueline Street & North Canal Street Drain Pipe Collapse, Olmo Street from West Eighth Street to West Tenth Street, Holly Lane Drain Under Canal, Pasto Drive at California Road Drain Under Canal, and Resaca Escondido Drain Pipe Collapse. The following Resaca Crossings are Too Low: Henderson Road East Side, Henderson Road West Side, and Whipple Road West Side.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities	Los Fresnos
County/ Counties	Cameron
HUC 8	12110208
HUC 12	121102080800,
	121102080900
Study Area (sq. mi.)	1.40

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No
Population at Risk		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No
Notes:		

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$1,848,000
Estimated year to start:	2018
Time to complete?	2020
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸

- ✓ Alternative Analysis
- □ Feasibility Assessments



Frequency of flooding: # of structures inundated Miles inundated? Agricultural Land impacted Yes 🗆 No 🗆

Study Sponsor: Los Fresnos Entity with Oversight Los Fresnos Included in a Hazard Mitigation Yes 🗸 No 🗆 Action Plan or other plan? (Potential) Source of Funding HMGP; General Funds, Drainage Fee

□ Flood preparedness studies

Flood Mitigation Evaluations

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes □ No ✓

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB \vee No \square guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards

- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

RFPG Recommended

Flood Mitigation Evaluations

Flood Mitigation Evaluations

FME ID: 151000027

Port Isabel Action #19

FME Description

Elevate and widen coastal roads as well as evacuation routes to reduce risk of flood damages and maintain emergency access.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- $\checkmark \ {\sf Flood\ mitigation\ study}$

Study Area

City/ Cities	Port Isabel
County/ Counties	Cameron
HUC 8	12110208
HUC 12	121102081000,
	121102081000
Study Area (sq. mi.)	2.72

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸
Population at Risk	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆
Notes:	

Study Costs

\$554,400	Study Sponsor:	Los Fresnos
2018	Entity with Oversight	Los Fresnos
2020	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🖌 No 🗆
	Action Plan or other plan?	
Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	HMGP; General Funds
	\$554,400 2018 2020 Yes □ No ✓	 \$554,400 Study Sponsor: 2018 Entity with Oversight 2020 Included in a Hazard Mitigation Action Plan or other plan? Yes □ No ✓ (Potential) Source of Funding

No 🗆

No 🗆

No 🗆

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) $_{Yes \ \square \ No \checkmark}$

of structures inundated

Miles inundated?

Agricultural Land impacted Yes 🗆 No 🗆

- ✓ Alternative Analysis
- $\hfill\square$ Flood preparedness studies



Page	1	of	2
ruge		U.	~

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

FME Flood Mitigation Evaluations

Fact Sheet

FME ID: 15100028

Port Isabel Action #22

FME Description

Build breakwater or similar shoreline protection for harbor.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities	Port Isabel
County/ Counties	Cameron
HUC 8	12110208
HUC 12	121102081000,
	121102081000
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.47

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Yes 🗸 Population at Risk Yes ✓ Roadways flooded **Critical Facilities Impacted** Yes 🗆 Notes:

Study Costs

\$1,108,800	Study Sponsor:	Los Fresnos
2018	Entity with Oversight	Los Fresnos
2020	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🖌 No 🗆
	Action Plan or other plan?	
Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	HMGP; General Funds
	\$1,108,800 2018 2020 Yes □ No ✓	 \$1,108,800 2018 2020 Entity with Oversight 2020 Included in a Hazard Mitigation Action Plan or other plan? Yes □ No ✓ (Potential) Source of Funding

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes 🗆 No 🗸

✓ Alternative Analysis

□ Feasibility Assessments

□ Flood preparedness studies



Frequency of flooding:		
# of structures inundated		
Miles inundated?		
Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
	Frequency of flooding: # of structures inundated Miles inundated? Agricultural Land impacted	Frequency of flooding: # of structures inundated Miles inundated? Agricultural Land impacted Yes

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- ✓ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

FME Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

Primera Action #2

FME ID: 151000029

FME Description

Construct a large retention/detention pond in the northwest part of town to hold water during heavy rain events.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities	Primera
County/ Counties	Cameron
HUC 8	12110208
HUC 12	121102080700
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.1

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Population at Risk		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No
Notes:		

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$92,400
Estimated year to start:	2018
Time to complete?	2020
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸

- □ Alternative Analysis □ Feasibility Assessments
- □ Flood preparedness studies



Frequency of flooding: # of structures inundated Miles inundated? Agricultural Land impacted Yes 🗆 No 🗆

Study Sponsor: Primera Entity with Oversight Primera Included in a Hazard Mitigation Yes 🗸 No 🗆 Action Plan or other plan?

> Local Funds; HMGP; Cameron County **Drainage District**

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes 🗆 No 🗸

(Potential) Source of Funding

\$92,400

2020

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000030

South Padre Island #6

FME Description

Upgrade undersized culverts throughout the Island to increase capacity and reduce flood risk.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- $\checkmark \ {\sf Flood mitigation study}$

Study Area

City/ Cities South Padre County/ Counties Cameron HUC 8 12110208 HUC 12 121102081000 Study Area (sq. mi.) 4.62

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Population at Risk		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:		

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$1,848
Estimated year to start:	2
Time to complete?	2
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 N

✓ Alternative Analysis□ Feasibility Assessments



Flood preparedness studies

Frequency of flooding: # of structures inundated Miles inundated? Agricultural Land impacted Yes \Quad No \Quad \Quad \Quad Yes \Quad \Quad \Quad Yes \Quad \Quad \Quad Yes \Quad \Quad \Quad Yes \Q

348,000	Study Sponsor:	South Padre Island
2018	Entity with Oversight	South Padre Island
2020	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🖌 No 🗆
	Action Plan or other plan?	
No ✓	(Potential) Source of Funding	HMGP; CDBG

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes D No ✓

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Dimmit County Master Drainage Study

FME Description

Develop Flood risk maps for the county of Dimmit and develop CIP

Study Type

- ✓ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities County/ Counties Dimmit HUC 8 **HUC 12** Study Area (sq. mi.) 172.15

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:					

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$250,000	Study Sponsor:	
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight	
Time to complete?		Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	
Time to complete? Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	Included in a CIP or other plan? (Potential) Source of Funding	Yes 🗆

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🖌 No 🗆



□ Flood preparedness studies

FME

Fact Sheet

Flood Management Evaluations

Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group

FME ID: 151000031

Insert snip of Location Map here

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- □ Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



Frequency:

Agricultural Land impacted Yes 🗆 No 🗆

of structures inundated

Miles inundated?

Edwards County Master Drainage Study

FME ID: 151000032

FME

Fact Sheet

Flood Management Evaluations

Study Costs

Notes:

Known Flood Risk

Critical Facilities Impacted

History of Flooding?

Population at Risk

Roadways flooded

Total Cost:	\$250,000	Study Sponsor:		
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight		
Time to complete?		Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding		

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Yes 🗆 No 🗆

Yes 🗆 No 🗆

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB Yes \checkmark No \Box guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Page 1 of 2

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000033

FME Description

Local Drainage Improvements- County Road 1771

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- $\checkmark \ {\sf Flood mitigation study}$

Study Area

City/ Cities Mercedes County/ Counties Hidalgo HUC 8 12110207 HUC 12 Study Area (sq. mi.) 0.81

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Population at Risk		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:		

Study Costs

Total Cost:	
Estimated year to start:	
Time to complete?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes

✓ Alternative Analysis
 □ Feasibility Assessments

□ Flood preparedness studies



\$60,000	Study Sponsor:	HCDD1	
2023	Entity with Oversight	HCDD1	
2025	Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
No ✓	(Potential) Source of Funding		

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes \square No \checkmark

FM 491 and Mile 3 Study





FME

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB Yes \checkmark No \Box guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000034

Pumps and Sumps Study

FME Description

Pump Station H & Sump

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities County/ Counties Hidalgo 12110207 HUC 8 **HUC 12** Study Area (sq. mi.) 0.31

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Yes Population at Risk Roadways flooded Yes **Critical Facilities Impacted** Yes Notes:

Study Costs

Tota Esti Tim Fun

- ✓ Alternative Analysis
- □ Feasibility Assessments
- □ Flood preparedness studies



✓	No 🗆	Frequency:		
		# of structures inundated		
\checkmark	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No \Box

al Cost:	\$217,500	Study Sponsor:	HCDD1	
mated year to start:	2023	Entity with Oversight	HCDD1	
e to complete?	2025	Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
ding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding		

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Pumps and Sumps Study

FME Description

Pump Station I & Sump

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities County/ Counties Hidalgo HUC 8 12110207 **HUC 12** Study Area (sq. mi.) 3.73

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Y
Population at Risk	
Roadways flooded	Y
Critical Facilities Impacted	١
Notes:	

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$388,500	Study Sponsor:	HCDD1	
Estimated year to start:	2023	Entity with Oversight	HCDD1	
Time to complete?	2025	Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗸	No
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding		

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes ✓ No

Fact Sheet

Flood Management Evaluations

✓	Alternative Analysis	Flood preparedness studies
	Feasibility Assessments	

es 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency:		
		# of structures inundated		
es 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
′es □	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

5 Lower Rio Grand	B oup
-------------------	----------



FME

FME ID: 151000035

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Pumps and Sumps Study

FME Description

Pump Station J & Sump

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities County/ Counties Hidalgo 12110207 HUC 8 **HUC 12** Study Area (sq. mi.) 6.23

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Yes ✓ Population at Risk Roadways flooded Yes 🗸 No 🗆 **Critical Facilities Impacted** Yes 🗆 No 🗆 Notes:

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$310,500	Study Sponsor:	HCD
Estimated year to start:	2023	Entity with Oversight	HCD
Time to complete?	2025	Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	

No 🗆

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes 🗆 No 🗸

- ✓ Alternative Analysis □ Feasibility Assessments
- □ Flood preparedness studies



Frequency:

Agricultural Land impacted Yes 🗆 No 🗆

Miles inundated?

\$310,500	Study Sponsor:	HCDD1

of structures inundated

Study Sponsor:	HCDD1	
Entity with Oversight	HCDD1	
Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
(Detential) Source of Funding		

FME Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000036



Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Pumps and Sumps Study

FME Description

Pump Station K

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities County/ Counties Hidalgo 12110207 HUC 8 **HUC 12** Study Area (sq. mi.) 0.1

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Yes Population at Risk Roadways flooded Yes **Critical Facilities Impacted** Yes Notes:

Study Costs

Total Cost: Estimated year to start: Time to complete? Funding Dedicated?

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🗆 No

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

- ✓ Alternative Analysis
- □ Feasibility Assessments
- □ Flood preparedness studies



5 ✓	No 🗆	Frequency:		
		# of structures inundated		
5 ✓	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
S 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

\$16	5,000	Study Sponsor:	HCDD1	
	2023	Entity with Oversight	HCDD1	
	2025	Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
	No ✓	(Potential) Source of Funding		

Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group

FME

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000037

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Pumps and Sumps Study

FME Description

Pump Station L

Study Type

□ Flood risk modeling/mapping

✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities County/ Counties Hidalgo 12110207 HUC 8 **HUC 12** Study Area (sq. mi.) 1.30

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Population at Risk Roadways flooded **Critical Facilities Impacted** Notes:

Study Costs

Tot Esti Tim Fur

✓ Alternative Analysis

- □ Feasibility Assessments
- □ Flood preparedness studies

FME ID: 151000038



Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency:		
		# of structures inundated		
Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Yes \square	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No \Box

al Cost:	\$165,000	\$Study Sponsor:	HCDD1	
imated year to start:	2023	Entity with Oversight	HCDD1	
ne to complete?	2025	Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
nding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding		

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Fact Sheet



Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Lott Rd & Soderquist Study

FME Description

Local Drainage Improvements- North of Lott Road and East of Soderquist Rd.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities Donna County/ Counties Hidalgo 12110207 HUC 8 **HUC 12** Study Area (sq. mi.) 0.27

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Population at Risk Roadways flooded **Critical Facilities Impacted** Notes:

Study Costs

Total Cost: Estimated year to start: Time to complete? **Funding Dedicated?**



- ✓ Alternative Analysis □ Feasibility Assessments
- □ Flood preparedness studies

FME

Fact Sheet

Flood Management Evaluations



Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency:		
		# of structures inundated		
Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Yes \square	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

\$190,500	Study Sponsor:	HCDD1	
2023	Entity with Oversight	HCDD1	
2025	Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding		

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000040

Mile 2 E & Expy 83 Study

FME Description

Local Drainage Improvements- North of Interstate 2 and West of Mile 2 1/2

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities Mercedes County/ Counties Hidalgo 12110207 HUC 8 **HUC 12** Study Area (sq. mi.) 0.43

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Population at Risk Roadways flooded **Critical Facilities Impacted** Notes:

Study Costs

Τ E Ti F

- ✓ Alternative Analysis
- □ Feasibility Assessments
- □ Flood preparedness studies



Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency:		
		# of structures inundated		
Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

otal Cost:	\$215,250	Study Sponsor:	HCDD1	
stimated year to start:	2023	Entity with Oversight	HCDD1	
ime to complete?	2025	Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
unding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding		

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

TX 88 & W Sugar Cane Dr Study

FME Description

Channel Improvements- Ditch 17B2A1, Ditch 17B2A1 Detention West, Local Drainage Improvements (North of W Sugar Cane West of Ditch17B2A1), Ditch 17B2A1 Detention East, and Local Drainage Improvements (North of W Sugar Cane East of Ditch17B2A1)

Study Type

□ Flood risk modeling/mapping
 ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities Weslaco County/ Counties Hidalgo HUC 8 12110207 HUC 12

Study Area (sq. mi.)

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Population at Risk Roadways flooded Critical Facilities Impacted Notes:

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$375,900	Study Sponsor:	HCDD1	
Estimated year to start:	2023	Entity with Oversight	HCDD1	
Time to complete?	2025	Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding		

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Yes 🗸	No \Box	Frequency:	
		# of structures inundated	
Yes 🗸	No \Box	Miles inundated?	
Yes 🗆	No \Box	Agricultural Land impacted Yes \Box	No 🛛

✓ Alternative Analysis□ Feasibility Assessments



FME ID: 151000041



Fact Sheet

15 Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group

tion

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- □ Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Flood Management Evaluations

FME ID: 151000042

Fact Sheet

FME

Mile 11 N & Mile 6 W Study

FME Description

Channel Improvements- Ditch 17B2A1A, Channel Improvements- Ditch 7T,7T1, Local Drainage Improvements- West of Ditch17B2A1A, and Ditch 17B2A1 Detention West

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/Cities Weslaco County/ Counties Hidalgo HUC 8 12110207

HUC 12

Study Area (sq. mi.)

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Population at Risk		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:		

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$570,300
Estimated year to start:	2023
Time to complete?	2025
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸

- ✓ Alternative Analysis
- □ Feasibility Assessments
- □ Flood preparedness studies



Frequency: # of structures inundated Miles inundated? Agricultural Land impacted Yes 🗆 No 🗆

Study Sponsor: HCDD1 Entity with Oversight HCDD1 Included in a CIP or other plan? Yes 🗸 No 🗆 (Potential) Source of Funding

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes 🗆 No 🗸
Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000043

Clark Rd & Mile 1 E Study

FME Description

Channel Improvements- Ditch 19,19B,19H,23; Local Drainage Improvements-Los Laureles; Local Detention-Los Laureles; Local Drainage Improvements-Clark road and Mile 1 Road; and Bypass Channel and Sump Area for Pump Station

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

Mercedes
Hidalgo
12110207
12.3

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No
Population at Risk		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No
Notes:		

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$1,526,550
Estimated year to start:	2023
Time to complete?	2025
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸

- ✓ Alternative Analysis
- □ Feasibility Assessments
 - Heidelberg

Frequency: # of structures inundated Miles inundated? Agricultural Land impacted Yes 🗆 No 🗆

Study Spe	onsor: HCD)D1
Entity with Ove	ersight HCE)D1
Included in a CIP or other	plan? Yes	🖌 No 🗆
(Potential) Source of Fu	unding	

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes 🗆 No 🗸

□ Flood preparedness studies

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB Yes \checkmark No \Box guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Channel Improvements just upstream of Ditch 35B; Culvert Improvements; Detention North of Llano Grande Lake Just West of 3 Mile Rd; 2-130,000 GPM Pumps; Channel Improvements Ditch 34, 34B, 34BExt; Regional Detention; Bypass channel from Ditch 34; and Culvert Improvements-Ditch 34 Passing International Blvd.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/Cities Weslaco County/ Counties Hidalgo 12110207 HUC 8

HUC 12

Study Area (sq. mi.) 1.71

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🛛
Population at Risk		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No
Notes:		

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$1,093,500	Study Sponsor:	HCDD1	
Estimated year to start:	2023	Entity with Oversight	HCDD1	
Time to complete?	2025	Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding		

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes 🗆 No 🗸



Miles inundated? Agricultural Land impacted Yes 🗆 No 🗆



International & E Mile 5 N Study

FME

Flood Management Evaluations

□ Flood preparedness studies

Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000044

□ Feasibility Assessments

✓ Alternative Analysis

FME Description

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

FME Flood Management Evaluations

Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000045

FME Description

Local Drainage Improvements-Storm Drain and Detention North of Rancho Blanco and east of S. Alamo Road

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities	Alamo
County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207
HUC 12	
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.03

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Population at Risk Roadways flooded **Critical Facilities Impacted** Notes:

Study Costs

Total Estim Time Fundi

- ✓ Alternative Analysis Feasibility Assessments
- □ Flood preparedness studies



No 🗆	Frequency:		
	# of structures inundated		
No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
	No 🗆 No 🗆	NoFrequency:# of structures inundatedNoMiles inundated?NoAgricultural Land impacted	NoFrequency:# of structures inundatedNoMoAgricultural Land impactedYes

-				
Cost:	\$525,750	Study Sponsor:	HCDD1	
ated year to start:	2023	Entity with Oversight	HCDD1	
to complete?	2025	Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
ng Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding		

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes 🗆 No 🗸



S Alamo and Rancho Blanco Study

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB Yes
Yes

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- □ Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

FM 1423 and Main Grove Study

FME Description

Local Drainage Improvements- Main Street, North Street

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities Donna County/ Counties Hidalgo 12110207 HUC 8 **HUC 12** Study Area (sq. mi.) 0.12

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Population at Risk		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:		

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$107,100	Study Sponsor:	HCDD1	
Estimated year to start:	2023	Entity with Oversight	HCDD1	
Time to complete?	2025	Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding		

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes 🗆 No 🗸

✓ Alternative Analysis





Frequency:

Yes 🗆 No 🗆

of structures inundated Miles inundated?

Agricultural Land impacted



FME Flood Management Evaluations

Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000046

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

FM 1423 and Nolana Study

FME

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000047

FME Description

Local Drainage Improvements--Storm Drain and Detention South of Earling Road West of Val Verde Street

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities	Donna
County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207
HUC 12	
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.38

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Ye Population at Risk Roadways flooded Y **Critical Facilities Impacted** Y Notes:

Study Costs

To Es Ti Fι

- ✓ Alternative Analysis □ Feasibility Assessments
- □ Flood preparedness studies



No 🗆	Frequency:		
	# of structures inundated		
No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No \square
	No 🗆 No 🗆 No 🗆	NoFrequency:# of structures inundatedNoMiles inundated?NoAgricultural Land impacted	NoFrequency:# of structures inundatedNoMoAgricultural Land impactedYes

otal Cost:	\$321,000	Study Sponsor:	HCDD1	
stimated year to start:	2023	Entity with Oversight	HCDD1	
me to complete?	2025	Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
unding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding		

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

N Tower Study

FME Description

Local Drainage Improvements-Storm Drain North of Minnesota Road

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities Alamo County/ Counties Hidalgo HUC 8 12110207 **HUC 12** Study Area (sq. mi.)

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Population at Risk Roadways flooded **Critical Facilities Impacted** Notes:

Study Costs

Total Cost: Estimated year to start: Time to complete? Funding Dedicated?

- ✓ Alternative Analysis □ Feasibility Assessments
- □ Flood preparedness studies

FME

Fact Sheet

Flood Management Evaluations

151000048

FME ID:

Study	identified as a	gap by Region	15 Regional Floo	d Planning Group	(RFPG)
Yes 🗆	No 🗸				

2025

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency:		
		# of structures inundated		
Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

5				
	\$201,000	Study Sponsor:	HCDD1	
o start:	2023	Entity with Oversight	HCDD1	

No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

Included in a CIP or other plan?

(Potential) Source of Funding

15 Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group
--



Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB Yes \checkmark No \Box guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- □ Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Dillon and Roosevelt Study

FME Description

Local Drainage Improvements-Just North of E Roosevelt Rd

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities Donna Hidalgo County/ Counties HUC 8 12110207 **HUC 12** Study Area (sq. mi.) 0.68

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Population at Risk Roadways flooded **Critical Facilities Impacted** Notes:

Study C

Total Cost:	\$216,600	Study Sponsor:	Н
Estimated year to start:	2023	Entity with Oversight	H
Time to complete?	2025	Included in a CIP or other plan?	Ye
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet FME ID: 151000049

FME

Flood	preparednes	s studies

✓ Alternative Analysis

Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency:		
		# of structures inundated		
Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

Costs				
t:	\$216,600	Study Sponsor:	HCDD1	
l year to start:	2023	Entity with Oversight	HCDD1	
omplete?	2025	Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗸	No
		/_ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		





Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB Yes \checkmark No \Box guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Canton and Dillon Study

FME Description

Local Drainage Improvements-Along Canton Road and adjacent neighborhoods

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities Donna Hidalgo County/ Counties HUC 8 12110207 **HUC 12** Study Area (sq. mi.) 1.1

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk History of Flooding?

HISTOLY OF FIODULING?
Population at Risk
Roadways flooded
Critical Facilities Impacted
Notes:

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$454,050	Study Sponsor:	HCDD1	
Estimated year to start:	2023	Entity with Oversight	HCDD1	
Time to complete?	2025	Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding		

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000050

□ Flood preparedness studies



Frequency:

Agricultural Land impacted Yes 🗆 No 🗆

Miles inundated?

of structures inundated

Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group

Yes ✓

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Yes 🗆 No 🗆

No 🗆

✓ Alternative Analysis

□ Feasibility Assessments

Flood Management Evaluations

FME

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

FM 1925 and Mile 4 Study

FME Description

Local Drainage Improvements-Along Bernal Court

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- $\checkmark\,$ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities Donna County/ Counties Hidalgo HUC 8 12110207 HUC 12 Study Area (sq. mi.) 0.16

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Population at Risk Roadways flooded Critical Facilities Impacted Notes:

Study Costs

Total Cost: Estimated year to start: Time to complete? Funding Dedicated?

✓ Alternative Analysis □ Feasibility Assessments

□ Flood preparedness studies

ive Analysis 🛛 Floo



\$143,550

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

2023

2025



Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency:		
		# of structures inundated		
Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Yes \square	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

Study Sponsor:

Entity with Oversight

Included in a CIP or other plan?

(Potential) Source of Funding

HCDD1

HCDD1

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

EQUAL FLOW BE REGIONAL FLOW BE REAL FLOW

FME

Flood Management Evaluations

Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000051

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB Yes \checkmark No \Box guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Pumps and Sumps Study

Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group

FME Description

Pump Station A & Sump

Study Type

□ Flood risk modeling/mapping
 ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities County/ Counties Hidalgo HUC 8 12110207 HUC 12 Study Area (sq. mi.) 0.1

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?Yes ✓No □Population at RiskRoadways floodedYes ✓No □Critical Facilities ImpactedYes □No □Notes:No □No □

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$213,000	Study Sponsor:	HCDD1	
Estimated year to start:	2023	Entity with Oversight	HCDD1	
Time to complete?	2025	Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding		

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes D No ✓

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet FME ID: 151000052

FME

- □ Feasibility Assessments
- □ Flood preparedness studies



Frequency:

Agricultural Land impacted Yes 🗆 No 🗆

Miles inundated?

of structures inundated

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Study Type ✓ Flood risk modeling/mapping ✓ Alternative Analysis □ Flood preparedness studies ✓ Flood mitigation study □ Feasibility Assessments Study Area City/ Cities Insert snip of Location Map here County/ Counties Hidalgo 12110207 HUC 8 **HUC 12** Study Area (sq. mi.) **Emergency Need** Yes 🗸 No 🗆 **Known Flood Risk** History of Flooding? Yes ✓No 🗆 Frequency: Population at Risk # of structures inundated Roadways flooded Miles inundated? Yes 🗸 No 🗆 **Critical Facilities Impacted** Agricultural Land impacted Yes 🗆 No 🗆 Yes 🗆 No 🗆 Notes: Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$244,500	Study Sponsor:	HCDD1	
Estimated year to start:	2023	Entity with Oversight	HCDD1	
Time to complete?	2025	Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding		

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group

FME Description Pump Station B & Sump

FME ID: 151000053

FME

Fact Sheet

Flood Management Evaluations



Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB Yes \checkmark No \Box guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- □ Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Pumps and Sumps Study

. . .

FME Description

Pump Station D

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities County/ Counties Hidalgo HUC 8 12110207 HUC 12 Study Area (sq. mi.) 4.67

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Population at Risk		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:		

Study Costs

Total Cost:	
Estimated year to start:	
Time to complete?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes
Funding Dedicated?	Yes

✓ Alternative Analysis





Frequency: # of structures inundated Miles inundated? Agricultural Land impacted Yes D No D

	\$165,000	Study Sponsor:	HCDD1	
rt:	2023	Entity with Oversight	HCDD1	
	2025	Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding		

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes D No ✓

□ Flood preparedness studies

Dd Management Evaluations

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000055



Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Pumps and Sumps Study

FME Description

Pump Station E & Sump

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities County/ Counties Hidalgo 12110207 HUC 8 **HUC 12** Study Area (sq. mi.) 3.45

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Population at Risk Roadways flooded **Critical Facilities Impacted** Notes:

Study Costs

Total Cost:
Estimated year to start:
Time to complete?
Funding Dedicated?

□ Feasibility Assessments

- ✓ Alternative Analysis
- □ Flood preparedness studies

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Yes 🗆 No 🗆



Mile 11 N	THE STREET	2 SP
	Indian Hills	
	the second	

	11/2
No 🗆	Frequency:
	# of structures inundated
No 🗆	Miles inundated?

Miles inundated?		
Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

\$124,500 Study Sponsor: HCDD1 Entity with Oversight 2023 HCDD1 Included in a CIP or other plan? 2025 Yes 🗸 No 🗆 Yes 🗆 No 🗸 (Potential) Source of Funding

Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group

FME Flood Management Evaluations

Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000056

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Pumps and Sumps Study

FME Description

Pump Station F & Sump

Study Type

□ Flood risk modeling/mapping

✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities County/ Counties Hidalgo 12110207 HUC 8 **HUC 12** Study Area (sq. mi.) 12.4

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Population at Risk Roadways flooded **Critical Facilities Impacted** Notes:

Study Costs

Total Cost: Estimated year to start: Time to complete? Funding Dedicated?

✓ Alternative Analysis □ Feasibility Assessments

□ Flood preparedness studies

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Yes 🗆 No

				.7	
		Mile 12 N			
	Mila Doce		ES!		A CO
Mile 1	1 N.Rd		Me Me	11 N India	n Hills
				E	
TON				3955	11/2
Contraction of the second	1			4 1	All -

Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency:		
		# of structures inundated		
Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Yes \square	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

\$48	30,000	Study Sponsor:	HCDD1	
	2023	Entity with Oversight	HCDD1	
	2025	Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
	No ✓	(Potential) Source of Funding		

FME

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000057

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Pumps and Sumps Study

FME Description

Pump Station G & Sump

Study Type

□ Flood risk modeling/mapping

✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities County/ Counties Hidalgo HUC 8 12110207 HUC 12 Study Area (sq. mi.) 2.71

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Population at Risk Roadways flooded Critical Facilities Impacted Notes:

Study Costs

Total Cost: Estimated year to start: Time to complete? Funding Dedicated?

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes D No ✓

No 🗆

Yes ✓

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Yes 🗆 No 🗆

\$271,500

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

2023

2025



Frequency:

Yes 🗆 No 🗆

HCDD1

HCDD1

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

of structures inundated

Agricultural Land impacted

Miles inundated?

Study Sponsor:

Entity with Oversight

Included in a CIP or other plan?

(Potential) Source of Funding



FME

Flood Management Evaluations

Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000058

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

FME Description Develop Flood risk maps for the city of Sullivan City and develop CIP Study Type ✓ Alternative Analysis ✓ Flood mitigation study □ Feasibility Assessments Study Area City/ Cities Sullivan City Insert snip of Location Map here County/ Counties Hidalgo HUC 8 12110208 **HUC 12** Study Area (sq. mi.) 3.60

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:					

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$250,000	Study Sponsor:		
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight		
Time to complete?		Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding		

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group

FME ID: 151000059

FME Flood Management Evaluations

Fact Sheet

✓ Flood risk modeling/mapping

□ Flood preparedness studies

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME

FME ID: 151000060

Alton MDP - West Mile 5 Road and Louisiana **Street Alternative 2**

□ Flood preparedness studies

FME Description

Alternative 2 is designed to remove structures from the 10-year floodplain. Approximately 35 acre-feet of volume is proposed to be excavated. construction consists of 1,940 LF of 36-inch diameter pipe sloped at 0.2% along Louisiana, Kentucky, and Trosper Road out falling directly into the retention pond, 3 headwalls and approximately 9 inlets. Additional inlets and smaller pipe may be needed to catch low lying areas that pond between the houses or regrading with swales to take runoff to the street.

✓ Alternative Analysis

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities	Alton
County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110208
HUC 12	121102080200,
	121102080300
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.1

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Population at Risk		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No \Box
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:		

′es 🖌 🛛 🗆 Yes 🗆 No 🗆

Frequency of flooding: # of structures inundated Miles inundated? Agricultural Land impacted Yes 🗆 No 🗆

City of Alton

City of Alton

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

FIF, local

St	ud	y	С	OS ¹	ts
		J			

Total Cost:	\$322,898	3 Study Sponsor:
Estimated year to start:	2023	B Entity with Oversight
Time to complete?	2025	5 Included in a Hazard Mitigation
		Action Plan or other plan?
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding

Feasibility Assessments	
	35 ACRE-FT REQUIRED EXCAVATION
	Diamond Head Ave
	Campeche Ave.
W. Mile S Rd.	Louising

Flood Mitigation Evaluations

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes □ No ✓

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB \vee No \square guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards

- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

RFPG Recommended

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME

FME ID: 151000062

Alton MDP - North Inspiration Road and West St. Jude Avenue Alternative 2

FME Description

Alternative 2, is designed to remove structures from the 25-year floodplain and more frequent storms. This alternative consists of upsizing the storm drain under West St Jude Avenue. The trunk line will consist of 1,900 LF of a single 7' X 5' reinforced concrete box sloped at 0.5% from the area just west of the neighborhood on W. St. Jude Avenue to the West Main Drain Channel, downstream (north) of the existing 10' X 7' box culvert.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities	Alton
County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110210
HUC 12	121102080200,
	121102080300
Study Area (sg. mi.)	0.16

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Population at Risk Roadways flooded **Critical Facilities Impacted** Notes:

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$422,690	Study Sponsor:
Estimated year to start:	2023	Entity with Oversight
Time to complete?	2025	Included in a Hazard Mitigation
		Action Plan or other plan?
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding



Feasibility Assessments





City of Alton

City of Alton

FIF, local

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Yes 🗸	No	Erequency of flooding:		200
		# of structures inundated		
Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

Page 1	of 2
Flood Mitigation Evaluations

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes □ No ✓

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB \vee No \square guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards

- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

RFPG Recommended

Alton MDP - West Mile 5 and South Glasscock Road Alternative 3

FME ID: 151000063

FME Description

Alternative 3 is simply the buyout and removal of 23 properties on the north side of Buchanan from the 10-year floodplain. Once structures are removed, the vacant land can be excavated and used as a park/regional retention pond.

✓ Alternative Analysis

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities Alton County/ Counties Hidalgo HUC 8 12110207, 12110213 HUC 12 121102080200, 121102080300 Study Area (sq. mi.) 0.23

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Population at Risk Roadways flooded Critical Facilities Impacted Notes:

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$249,480	Study Sponsor:	City of Alton
Estimated year to start:	2023	Entity with Oversight	City of Alton
Time to complete?	2025	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
		Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🗆 No 🗸



		# of structures inundated		
Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No

Frequency of flooding:



□ Flood preparedness studies

FME



Flood Mitigation Evaluations

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Yes \checkmark No \Box$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

We **Pleasantview Drive and**

FME ID: 151000064

FME Description

Installation of 3,220 LF of new storm drain system consisting of two – 8' x 4' RCBs along Mile 3 ½.

✓ Alternative Analysis

Study Type

□ Flood risk modeling/mapping

✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities	Weslaco
County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110228
HUC 12	121102080100,
	121102080300
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.22

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No \Box
Population at Risk		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No \Box
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:		

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$819,390	Study Sponsor:	City of Weslaco
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight	City of Weslaco
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🖌 No 🗆
		Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)





Frequency of flooding:

Miles inundated?

Agricultural Land impacted Yes □ No □

of structures inundated

eslaco Stormwater Improvement Plan -
asantyiew Drive and 11th Street

Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group

□ Flood preparedness studies

Flood Mitigation Evaluations

Fact Sheet

FME

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB Yes 🗸 No 🗆 guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME

FME ID: 151000065

□ Flood preparedness studies

Weslaco Stormwater Improvement Plan - Mile 10 N and Mile 5 ½ W

FME Description

Construction of an 8 acre detention pond, with approximately 4,000 LF of channel widening along the back of the neighborhoods and between the Justice Raul A. Gonzalez Elementary School and Joe Calvillo Jr Career & Technology Education Complex; replacement of existing undersized channel culvert with two $-8' \times 5'$ reinforced concrete boxes (RCBs), and adding two $-8' \times 5'$ RCBs to connect the existing drainage ditches to the drain channel system on the east.

✓ Alternative Analysis

□ Feasibility Assessments

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities Weslaco County/ Counties Hidalgo HUC 8 12110207, 12110230 HUC 12 121102080100, 121102080300 Study Area (sq. mi.) 0.40

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Population at Risk Roadways flooded Critical Facilities Impacted Notes:

Study Costs

Total Cost: Estimated year to start: Time to complete?

Funding Dedicated?



Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
		# of structures inundated		
Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

	\$666 151	Study Sponsor	City of Weslaco
start:	\$6667,161	Entity with Oversight	City of Weslaco
?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
		Action Plan or other plan?	
d?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

Flood Mitigation Evaluations

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes □ No ✓

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB \vee No \square guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards

- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

RFPG Recommended

Weslaco Stormwater Improvement Plan - South International Boulevard and Business 83

FME Description

Replacement of 48 – inch culverts at two roadway crossings with 6' x 4' RCBs.

✓ Alternative Analysis

□ Feasibility Assessments

Study Type

□ Flood risk modeling/mapping

✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities	Weslaco
County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110231
HUC 12	121102080100,
	121102080300
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.39

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Population at Risk		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:		

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$14,071	Study Sponsor:	City of Weslaco
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight	City of Weslaco
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🖌 No 🗆
		Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes 🗆 No 🗸

of structures inundated Miles inundated? Agricultural Land impacted Yes □ No □

Frequency of flooding:

□ Flood preparedness studies

FME

Fact Sheet

Flood Mitigation Evaluations



FME ID: 151000066

Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB Yes 🗸 No 🗆 guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000067

Weslaco Stormwater Improvement Plan - Texas Boulevard to Airport Drive, South of Business 83

FME Description

Construction of two detention ponds, 10 acres near Texas Boulevard and 18th Street and 3 acres south of Dawson Street, a berm, approximately 5,400 LF of channel widening and extension, and installation of an 8' x 4' RCB storm drain system near Border

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- $\checkmark\,$ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities Weslaco County/ Counties Hidalgo HUC 8 12110207, 12110232 HUC 12 121102080100, 121102080300 Study Area (sq. mi.) 1.34

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Population at Risk Roadways flooded Critical Facilities Impacted Notes:

Yes ✓ No □ Yes □ No □

No 🗆

Yes ✓

Frequency of flooding: # of structures inundated Miles inundated? Agricultural Land impacted Yes D No D

Study Costs

 Total Cost:
 \$6,597,680

 Estimated year to start:
 Time to complete?

 Funding Dedicated?
 Yes □ No ✓

Study Sponsor:	City of Weslaco
Entity with Oversight	City of Weslaco
Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🖌 No 🗆
Action Plan or other plan?	
(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local



Flood Mitigation Evaluations

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes □ No ✓

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Yes \checkmark No \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards

- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

RFPG Recommended

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

Weslaco Stormwater Improvement Plan - West Weslaco

FME ID: 151000068

FME Description

The Study is located just west of Border Avenue, between US 83 and Zelma Street. Construction of three detention ponds, 18 acres east of Vaughn Road and Midway Road, 26 acres near West 6th Street and Milano Road and 60 acres at Harlon Block Sports Complex, approximately 17,000 LF of channel widening connecting the ponds, and installation of approximately 4500 LF of large (8' x 4', 8' x 5', 8' x 6') RCB storm drain system to improve conveyance along the channels to the ponds.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities	Weslaco
County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110233
HUC 12	121102080100,
	121102080300
Study Area (sq. mi.)	2.00

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?
Population at Risk
Roadways flooded
Critical Facilities Impacted
Notes:

Study Costs

Total Cost: Estimated year to start: Time to complete?	
Funding Dedicated?	



			and the second	ALL ALL
Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
		# of structures inundated		
Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

\$5,595,880	Study Sponsor:	City of Weslacc
	Entity with Oversight	City of Weslaco
	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
	Action Plan or other plan?	
Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

Flood Mitigation Evaluations

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes □ No ✓

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB \vee No \square guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards

- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

RFPG Recommended

Fact Sheet

FME

FME ID: 151000069

□ Flood preparedness studies

Weslaco Stormwater Improvement Plan -Westgate Drive and Sugar Cane Drive

Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group

FME Description

Construction of two detention ponds, 11 acres near Clecker-Heald Elementary School and 8 acres behind the commercial properties north of Interstate 2, approximately 4,500 LF of channel widening connecting the two ponds, addition of a new 42-inch reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) culvert east of Border Avenue, and installation of approximately 5,600 LF of an 8' x 4' RCB storm drain system along West Paisano Lane and East Ballard Street.

✓ Alternative Analysis

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities Weslaco County/ Counties Hidalgo HUC 8 12110207, 12110234 HUC 12 121102080100, 121102080300 Study Area (sq. mi.) 1.58

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?
Population at Risk
Roadways flooded
Critical Facilities Impacted
Notes:

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$1,664,860	Study Sponsor:	City of Weslaco
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight	City of Weslaco
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🖌 No 🗆
		Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

Yes

Yes



Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
		# of structures inundated		
Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

Flood Mitigation Evaluations

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes □ No ✓

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB \vee No \square guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards

- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

RFPG Recommended

Precinct 4 MDP - Risk Area A at Mile 8.5 Rd. &

FME ID: 151000071

Approximately 1 mile of proposed channel improvements. Proposed culverts. Proposed Detention Ponds with pond north of Mile 8.5 Rd. to collect runoff from the west and has an approximate footprint of 12 acres and storage capacity of 60 acre-ft and will outfall south towards the pond south of Mile 8.5 Rd.

✓ Alternative Analysis

□ Feasibility Assessments

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities County/ Counties Hidalgo HUC 8 12110207, 12110279 HUC 12 121102080400, 121102070100, 121102080200 Study Area (sq. mi.) 0.79

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?
Population at Risk
Roadways flooded
Critical Facilities Impacted
Notes:

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$2,984,850	Study Sponsor:	Hidalgo County Precinct 4
Estimated year to start:	2023	Entity with Oversight	Hidalgo County Precinct 4
Time to complete?	2025	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🖌 No 🗆
		Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

Ware Rd. **FME** Description

□ Flood preparedness studies









Fact Sheet

Flood Mitigation Evaluations

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes □ No ✓

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB \vee No \square guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards

- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

RFPG Recommended

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000072

Precinct 4 MDP - Risk Area B at Mile 6 & North Ware Rd.

FME Description

Regional Detention Facilities with a pond footprint of 25 acres along the Existing HCDD1 West Main Drain. Storm Drain and Local Drainage Improvements. Channel maintenance.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities County/ Counties Hidalgo HUC 8 12110207, 12110280 HUC 12 121102080400, 121102070100, 121102080200, 121102080200 Study Area (sq. mi.) 0.15

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes
Population at Risk	
Roadways flooded	Yes
Critical Facilities Impacted	Ye
Notes:	

Study Costs

Total Cost: Estimated year to start: Time to complete?	\$4,076,320 2023 2025	I
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	

- ✓ Alternative Analysis □ Feasibility Assessments
- □ Flood preparedness studies



Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
		# of structures inundated		
Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

st:	\$4,076,320	Study Sponsor:	Hidalgo County Precinct 4
ed year to start:	2023	Entity with Oversight	Hidalgo County Precinct 4
complete?	2025	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🖌 No 🗆
		Action Plan or other plan?	
Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

Flood Mitigation Evaluations

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes □ No ✓

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB \vee No \square guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards

- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

RFPG Recommended

Precinct 4 MDP - Risk Area C at FM 2812 & FM 493

FME Description

Channel Improvements (Widening & Regrading) to Existing J-01 Drain with approximately 1.5 miles of proposed improvements. Channel Improvements (Channel Maintenance & Flowline Regrading) to Existing DA-1 Ext. Drain with approximately 0.4 miles of proposed improvements. Proposed detention pond will have an approximate footprint of 9 acres and storage capacity of 90 acre-ft. Grate inlets & proposed storm drain channel maintenance & debris removal.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities County/ Counties Hidalgo HUC 8 12110207, 12110281 HUC 12 121102080400, 121102080200, 121102080200 Study Area (sq. mi.) 3.23

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸
Population at Risk	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆
Notes:	

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$1,183,050
Estimated year to start:	2023
Time to complete?	2025
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸

No 🗆

No 🗆

No 🗆

- ✓ Alternative Analysis
- □ Feasibility Assessments
- HCD1 Ergossed Budt Tom Surgios
 Image: Surgios</tdo

Frequency of flooding:		
# of structures inundated		
Miles inundated?		
Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

)50	Study Sponsor:	Hidalgo County Precinct 4
)23	Entity with Oversight	Hidalgo County Precinct 4
)25	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
	Action Plan or other plan?	
) ✓	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local
)25)√	Included in a Hazard Mitigation Action Plan or other plan? (Potential) Source of Funding	Yes ✓ No □ FIF, local

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000073

□ Flood preparedness studies

Flood Mitigation Evaluations

Fact Sheet

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes D No ✓

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB guidelines? Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as a benefit $Yes \checkmark No \square$ cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- ✓ Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIP-minimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- □ Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Precinct 4 MDP - Risk Area D at S. McColl & Canton Rd.

Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group

FME ID: 151000074

FME Description Channel Improvements (Widening & Regrading) to Existing McAllen Lateral & North Main Drain with approximately 2.25 miles of proposed improvements from S McColl St. to State Highway 107. Crossings at W Canton Rd., W Freddy Gonzalez Dr., and W Sprague St. were all evaluated up to the 25-year design storm criteria for upsizing evaluation.

✓ Alternative Analysis

□ Feasibility Assessments

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities County/ Counties Hidalgo 12110207, HUC 8 12110282 HUC 12 121102080400, 121102070100, 121102080200, 121102080200 Study Area (sq. mi.) 1.40

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸
Population at Risk	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆
Notes:	

Study Costs

Total Cost: Estimated year to start:	\$953,700 2023
Time to complete?	2025
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Study Sponsor: Entity with Oversight Included in a Hazard Mitigation Action Plan or other plan? (Potential) Source of Funding

2023

2025

Hidalgo County Precinct 4 Hidalgo County Precinct 4 Yes 🗸 No 🗆

FIF, local



□ Flood preparedness studies





Fact Sheet

Flood Mitigation Evaluations

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes □ No ✓

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB \vee No \square guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME

Precinct 4 MDP - Risk Area E at Hwy 107 & Val Verde Rd.

FME ID: 151000075

Channel Improvements with approximately 0.3 miles of proposed improvements. Proposed detention pond north of Tex-Mex Rd. and east of S 87th St. has an approximate footprint of 4.25 acres and capacity of 20 acre-ft. Grate Inlets and Proposed Storm Drain 5'x5' grate inlets spaced along every 500' of storm drain with a 4'x2' RCB along S 85th St.

Study Type

FME Description

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities County/ Counties Hidalgo HUC 8 12110207, 12110283 HUC 12 121102070100, 121102080200, 121102080400, Study Area (sq. mi.) 0.1

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Population at Risk Roadways flooded Critical Facilities Impacted Notes:

Yes

Yes

Yes

Study Costs

\$74	47
	2
	2
Yes 🗆	Ν
	\$74 Yes □

- ✓ Alternative Analysis□ Feasibility Assessments
- □ Flood preparedness studies



No 🗆

	and the second se		And a state of the second s
✓	No 🗌	Frequency:	
		# of structures inundated	
✓	No 🗆	Miles inundated?	
	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆

\$747,450	Study Sponsor:	Hidalgo County
2023	Entity with Oversight	Hidalgo County
2025	Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🖌 No 🗆
🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, Local



Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes □ No ✓

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB \vee No \square guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards

- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

RFPG Recommended

Fact Sheet

□ Flood preparedness studies

Precinct 4 MDP - Risk Area F at Texas Rd. & Cesar Chavez Rd.

FME Description

Channel Improvements with approximately 0.6 miles of proposed improvements. Grate Inlets and Proposed Storm Drain with grate inlets in sag spaced along every 500' tying into a 42'' RCP along Cesar Chavez Road starting at just south of Texas Rd to the Curry Drain. Culvert Improvements with connections between the proposed open channels and existing HCDD1 Edinburg Stub will require the installation of 4'x3' RCBs.

✓ Alternative Analysis

□ Feasibility Assessments

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities County/ Counties Hidalgo HUC 8 12110207, 12110284 HUC 12 121102070100, 121102080200, 121102080400, Study Area (sq. mi.) 0.56

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Population at Risk		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:		

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$1,188,000
Estimated year to start:	2023
Time to complete?	2025
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Study Sponsor: Hidalgo County Entity with Oversight Hidalgo County Included in a CIP or other plan? Yes 🗸 No 🗆 (Potential) Source of Funding FIF, Local

Frequency:

Yes 🗆 No 🗆

of structures inundated

Agricultural Land impacted

Miles inundated?

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🗆 No 🗸





FME ID: 151000076

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB guidelines? Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as a benefit $Yes \checkmark No \square$ cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- □ Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- □ Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIP-minimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



□ Flood preparedness studies

Precinct 4 MDP - Risk Area G at Hoehn Rd. & Mile 11 Rd.

Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group

FME ID: 151000077

FME Description

Channel Improvements with approximately 0.75 miles of proposed improvements. Proposed Pond north of County Road 3424 and west of County Road 3421 has an approximate footprint of 5 acres and capacity of 35 acre-ft. Grate Inlets and Proposed Storm Drain 5'x5' grate inlets will be located at the southwest corner of Eubanks and County Road 3424 with a connection to a 42" DIA RCP storm drain. Proposed culverts.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities

County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110285
HUC 12	121102070100
	121102080200
	121102080400,

Study Area (sq. mi.) 0.79

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No
Population at Risk		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No
Notes:		

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$909,150
Estimated year to start:	2023
Time to complete?	2025
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸

✓ Alternative Analysis

□ Feasibility Assessments

- - Frequency: # of structures inundated Miles inundated? Agricultural Land impacted Yes 🗆 No 🗆
- Hidalgo County Study Sponsor: Entity with Oversight Hidalgo County Included in a CIP or other plan? Yes 🖌 No 🗆 FIF, Local (Potential) Source of Funding

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes □ No ✓

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB \vee No \square guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards

- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

RFPG Recommended

Flood Mitigation Evaluations

FME

Fact Sheet

Precinct 4 MDP - Risk Area I at Sharp Rd. & E Monte Cristo Rd

FME ID: 151000078

FME Description

Inlets and proposed storm drain with Approximately 1,100' of 4'x4' RCB storm drain with curb inlets to be installed along Hendrix Dr. and Gaston Cr. with approximately 1,200' of 6'x4' RCB storm with grate and sag inlets along Uresti Rd. with connection to the HCDD1 J-02 Drain. Proposed installation of grate and sag inlets along Mile 19 Rd. (Phase Two) and proposed installation of grate and sag inlets along Sharp Rd. (Phase Two). Proposed Culverts Improvements (Phase One). Proposed detention pond with 9 acre footprint. Channel maintenance.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities County/ Counties Hidalgo HUC 8 12110207, 12110286 HUC 12 121102080400, 121102070100. 121102080200, 121102080200 Study Area (sq. mi.) 0.73

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Population at Risk Roadways flooded Critical Facilities Impacted Notes:

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$899,250
Estimated year to start:	2023
Time to complete?	2025
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Yes ✓

Yes ✓

Yes 🗆



No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
	# of structures inundated		
No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No

\$899,250	Study Sponsor:	Hidalgo County Precinct
2023	Entity with Oversight	Hidalgo County Precinct
2025	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🖌 No 🗆
	Action Plan or other plan?	
Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

4 4

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes D No ✓

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per 1 wbb guidelines?	res v	
Was the project recommended by the REPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as a benefit	Ves 🗸	No 🗆

cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Was the project missing sufficient data to access whether the proposed project has a possible offect, per TWDD guidelines?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

Yes 🗸 No

Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIP-minimum standards

FME

Fact Sheet

/ Na -

Flood Mitigation Evaluations

- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- □ Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME

Precinct 4 MDP - Risk Area J at SH107 & FM

FME ID: 151000079

□ Flood preparedness studies

FME Description

Channel Improvements (Widening & Regrading) to Existing HCDD1 "Y" drain with approximately 0.75 miles of proposed channel improvements beginning at Fresno Dr. and ending at E Curry Rd. Proposed Drainage Grate Inlets approximately 3,800' of storm drain to provide local drainage improvements north and west of existing HCDD1 "Y" Drain in two separate systems. Proposed culverts improvements. Proposed detention pond with a 2.7 acre footprint.

Study Type

□ Flood risk modeling/mapping

...

✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities	
County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110287
HUC 12	121102070100,
	121102080200,
	121102080400,
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.15

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?
Population at Risk
Roadways flooded
Critical Facilities Impacted
Notes:

Study Costs

Total Cost:	
Estimated year to start:	
Time to complete?	
Funding Dedicated?	

- ✓ Alternative Analysis
- □ Feasibility Assessments

Yes 🗸 🛛	No 🗆	Frequency:		
		# of structures inundated		
Yes 🗸 🛛	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes \square	No 🗆

\$541,200 2023 2025	Study Sponsor: Entity with Oversight Included in a CIP or other plan?	Hidalgo County Hidalgo County
Yes □ No ✓	(Potential) Source of Funding	Yes ✔ No □ FIF, Local

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes D No ✓

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB guidelines? Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as a benefit $Yes \checkmark No \square$ cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- □ Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIP-minimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- □ Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Jim Hogg County Master Drainage Study

FME Description

Develop Flood risk maps for the county of Jim Hogg and develop CIP

Study Type

- ✓ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities Insert snip of Location Map here County/ Counties Jim Hogg HUC 8 **HUC 12** Study Area (sq. mi.) 870.56

✓ Alternative Analysis

□ Feasibility Assessments

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:					

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$250,000	Study Sponsor:	
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight	
Time to complete?		Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME

151000082

FME ID:

□ Flood preparedness studies

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB Yes \checkmark No \Box guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

FME Description Develop Flood risk maps for the county of Kenedy and develop CIP Study Type ✓ Flood risk modeling/mapping ✓ Alternative Analysis □ Flood preparedness studies ✓ Flood mitigation study □ Feasibility Assessments Study Area City/ Cities Insert snip of Location Map here County/ Counties Kenedy HUC 8 **HUC 12**

Emergency Need Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Study Area (sq. mi.) 1478.25

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🖌 No 🗆	Frequency:	
Population at Risk		# of structures inundated	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	Miles inundated?	
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆
Notes:			

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$250,000	Study Sponsor:		
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight		
Time to complete?		Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗆 No	o √
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding		

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Kenedy County Master Drainage Study

Flood Management Evaluations

FME

Fact Sheet

FME ID: 15100083
Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB Yes \checkmark No \Box guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Fort Clark MUD Master Drainage Study

FME Description

Develop Flood risk maps for Fort Clark MUD and develop CIP

Study Type

- ✓ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities County/ Counties Kinney HUC 8 **HUC 12** Study Area (sq. mi.) 4.21

✓ Alternative Analysis

□ Feasibility Assessments

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🖌 No 🗆	Frequency:	
Population at Risk		# of structures inundated	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	Miles inundated?	
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆
Notes:			

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$250,000	Study Sponsor:		
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight		
Time to complete?		Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗆 No	√
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding		

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

FME

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

□ Flood preparedness studies

Insert snip of Location Map here

FME ID: 151000084



Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB Yes \checkmark No \Box guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Kinney County Master Drainage Study

FME Description

Develop Flood risk maps for the county of Kinney and develop CIP

Study Type

- ✓ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities County/ Counties Kinney HUC 8 **HUC 12** Study Area (sq. mi.) 751.29

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 No) 🗌
Notes:					

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$250,000	Study Sponsor:		
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight		
Time to complete?		Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗆	No ✓
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding		

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME

FME ID: 15100085

✓ Alternative Analysis

- □ Feasibility Assessments
- □ Flood preparedness studies







Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB \vee No \square guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Risk Area 11 Rancho Escondido

FME ID: 151000086

□ Flood preparedness studies

FME

Fact Sheet

Flood Mitigation Evaluations

FME Description

Study includes constructing 10'x2' U-shaped channel from Flores Drive to just south of Microtel Inn Suites, replacing existing culvert under Maza Drive with 1-8'x4 RCB, and installing curb inlet at cul-de-sac on Nancy Drive.

✓ Alternative Analysis

□ Feasibility Assessments

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities	Eagle Pass
County/ Counties	Maverick
HUC 8	13080001,
	13080002
HUC 12	130800020703,
	130800020702
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.03

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No
Population at Risk		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No
Notes:		

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$136,785	Study Sponsor:	City of Eagle Pass
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight	City of Eagle Pass
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🖌 No 🗆
		Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

RESDE Replace Existing Culvert with Proposed 8'x4' RCE Proposed Channel Widening

Frequency of flooding: # of structures inundated Miles inundated? Agricultural Land impacted Yes □ No □

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME

FME ID: 151000087

Risk Area 12 Fox Borough Drive

FME Description

Study includes bypassing flow from inlet at PointLoma Drive and North Point Drive to the detention pond with 1 - 8'x4' RCB and Installing additional curb inlets on N. Point Drive and Silver Oak Circle.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities	Eagle Pass
County/ Counties	Maverick
HUC 8	13080001,
	13080002
HUC 12	130800020703,
	130800020702
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.05

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸
Population at Risk	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆
Notes:	

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$177,870	Study Sponsor:	City of Eagle Pass
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight	City of Eagle Pass
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
-		Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

- ✓ Alternative Analysis □ Feasibility Assessments
- □ Flood preparedness studies



No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
	# of structures inundated		
No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Risk Area 13 Celle De Los Santos neighborhood. Additional culvert under irrigation canal.

FME Description

Study includes upgrading existing culvert crossing irrigation canal from 2-6'x4' RCB to 4-6'x4' RCB.

✓ Alternative Analysis

□ Feasibility Assessments

Study Type

□ Flood risk modeling/mapping

✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities **Eagle Pass** County/ Counties Maverick HUC 8 13080001, 13080002 HUC 12 130800020703, 130800020702 Study Area (sq. mi.) 0.03

Emergency Need

Yes ✓ No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Population at Risk Roadways flooded **Critical Facilities Impacted** Notes:

Study Costs

Total Cost:
Estimated year to start:
Time to complete?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

\$27,225

Yes 🗸

Yes 🗆 No 🗆

Study Sponsor:	City of Eagle Pass
Entity with Oversight	City of Eagle Pass
Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🖌 No 🗆
Action Plan or other plan?	
(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

Funding Dedicated?

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes 🗆 No 🗸





Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME

FME ID: 15100088

□ Flood preparedness studies

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB Yes 🗸 No 🗆 guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Risk Area 15 Trib 3 Detention at Main Street

FME Description

Study includes constructing 10 acre detention pond (29 ac-ft volume) along East Channel north of Highway 277 and installing flapgates at flume outfalls on Omar Drive and Jana Drive, to prevent more frequent stormwater from backing up into the neighborhood on the west side of the channel.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study
- ✓ Alternative Analysis □ Feasibility Assessments
- □ Flood preparedness studies



City/ Cities	Eagle Pass
County/ Counties	Maverick
HUC 8	13080001,
	13080002
HUC 12	130800020703,
	130800020702
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.05

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Population at Risk		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:		

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$124,245
Estimated year to start:	
Time to complete?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Study Sponsor: City of Eagle Pass Entity with Oversight Included in a Hazard Mitigation Action Plan or other plan? (Potential) Source of Funding FIF, local

City of Eagle Pass Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Yes □ No ✓

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes 🗆 No 🗸



Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME

FME ID: 151000089

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB Yes 🗸 No 🗆 guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Risk Area 2 Treasure Hills

FME ID: 151000090

□ Flood preparedness studies

FME

Fact Sheet

Flood Mitigation Evaluations

FME Description

Study includes constructing a 4' deep trapezoidal concrete channel with 8' bottom width and 2:1 side slopes, from detention pond outfall to existing culverts.

✓ Alternative Analysis

□ Feasibility Assessments

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities	Eagle Pass
County/ Counties	Maverick
HUC 8	13080001,
	13080002
HUC 12	130800020703,
	130800020702
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.06

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Population at Risk Roadways flooded **Critical Facilities Impacted** Notes:

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$89,595	Study Sponsor:	City of Eagle Pass
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight	City of Eagle Pass
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
-		Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Proposed 8'x4' RCB Flowers Street Detention Pond SUVERIOAKICIR 74 Acre Watershed Contributes Runoff to a Single 48" Pipe Here UNCREST.DR

Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
		# of structures inundated		
Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME

FME ID: 151000091

□ Flood preparedness studies

Risk Area 3 Arrow Point Boulevard

FME Description

Study includes constructing small retaining wall at downstream of flume outfall to force flow towards Stone Way and constructing a 2' wide and 6" deep concrete flume from existing flume outfall to Stone Way.

✓ Alternative Analysis

□ Feasibility Assessments

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Are

City/ Cities	Eagle Pass
County/ Counties	Maverick
HUC 8	13080001,
	13080002
HUC 12	130800020703,
	130800020702
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.02

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	Ν
Population at Risk		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	Ν
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	Ν
Notes:		

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$7,920	Study Sponsor:	City of Eagle Pass
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight	City of Eagle Pass
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
-		Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

A MUN PROVIDENT A MUNAPORTA A

No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
	# of structures inundated		
No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Risk Area 4 Bibb & Misty Willow storm drain

FME Description

Study includes installing 6'x4' RCB along Misty Willow Drive from N Bibb Avenue to existing channel between N Bibb Avenue and Timber Valley and installing curb inlets on N Bibb Avenue and Misty Willow Drive.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities	Eagle Pass
County/ Counties	Maverick
HUC 8	13080001,
	13080002
HUC 12	130800020703,
	130800020702
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.02

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸
Population at Risk	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆
Notes:	

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$47,520	Study Sponsor:	City of Eagle Pass
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight	City of Eagle Pass
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🖌 No 🗆
		Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

No 🗆

No 🗆

No 🗆

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🗆 No 🗸



Frequency of flooding:

Miles inundated?

Agricultural Land impacted Yes □ No □

of structures inundated

✓ Alternative Analysis

- □ Feasibility Assessments
- □ Flood preparedness studies

FME ID: 151000092



Fact Sheet

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Flood Mitigation Evaluations

FME ID: 151000093

□ Flood preparedness studies

Risk Area 5 Debona Drive

FME Description

Study includes constructing a 5' deep trapezoidal channel approximately 30 feet wide with 3:1 side slopes and a 5' concrete pilot channel, replacing Juarez Street culvert with 8'x4' box culvert, and realigning existing channel to provide additional distance from homes.

✓ Alternative Analysis

□ Feasibility Assessments

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study
- **Study Area**
 - City/ Cities **Eagle Pass** County/ Counties Maverick HUC 8 13080001, 13080002 HUC 12 130800020703, 130800020702 Study Area (sq. mi.) 0.02

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Population at Risk		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:		

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$53,955	Study Spon
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Overs
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigat
		Action Plan or other pl
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

City of Eagle Pass City of Eagle Pass Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Yes 🗆 No 🗆

Funding Dedicated?

Yes □ No ✓

sor: ight tion lan? (Potential) Source of Funding FIF, local

Agricultural Land impacted

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🗆 No 🗸



Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB Yes 🗸 No 🗆 guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

FME Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000094

Risk Area 6 Trib 2 bypass & detention at Eagle Pass High School fields

FME Description

Study includes bypassing flow from Golfcrest Drive to the detention pond with 1-6'x4', RCB Modifying outfall structure from 2-5'x3' RCB to 1-5'x3' RCB, and Lowering existing baseball field by 3 ft to provide an additional 30 ac-ft of storage.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities	Eagle Pass
County/ Counties	Maverick
HUC 8	13080001,
	13080002
HUC 12	130800020703,
	130800020702
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.10

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Population at Risk Roadways flooded **Critical Facilities Impacted** Notes:

Study Costs

Total Cost:	
Estimated year to start:	
Time to complete?	

Funding Dedicated?

Yes

Yes

Yes

Yes

✓ Alternative Analysis □ Feasibility Assessments □ Flood preparedness studies



No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
	# of structures inundated		
No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
	No 🗆 No 🗆	NoFrequency of flooding: # of structures inundatedNoMiles inundated?NoAgricultural Land impacted	No Frequency of flooding: # of structures inundated No Miles inundated? No Agricultural Land impacted Yes

\$143,550	Study Sponsor:	City of Eagle Pass
	Entity with Oversight	City of Eagle Pass
	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
	Action Plan or other plan?	
🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Flood Mitigation Evaluations

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Yes \checkmark No \Box$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group

Risk Area 8 Tributary 2 channel widening near **Alexander Drive**

FME Description Study includes constructing a 3' deep trapezoidal channel with a 76' bottom width with 4:1 side slopes from Graves Elementary School to the confluence of existing channels and constructing a 4' deep trapezoidal channel with a 11' bottom width with 4:1 side slopes from confluence of existing channels to existing culvert at Kelso Drive.

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities	Eagle Pass
County/ Counties	Maverick
HUC 8	13080001,
	13080002
HUC 12	130800020703,
	130800020702
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.04

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Population at Risk		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:		

Study Costs

Total Cost:	12,045	Study Sponsor:	City of Eagle Pass
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight	City of Eagle Pass
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
-		Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

- ✓ Alternative Analysis □ Feasibility Assessments
- □ Flood preparedness studies



Frequency of flooding:		
# of structures inundated		
Miles inundated?		
Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No

FME ID: 151000095

FME Flood Mitigation Evaluations

Fact Sheet

Flood Mitigation Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB \vee No \square guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as Yes \checkmark No \Box a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:					

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$250,000	Study Sponsor:		
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight		
Time to complete?		Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗆	No √
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding		

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Maverick County Master Drainage Study

FME ID: 151000096



Fact Sheet

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Starr County Master Drainage Study

FME Description

Develop Flood risk maps for the county of Starr and develop CIP

Study Type

- ✓ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- $\checkmark \ {\sf Flood mitigation study}$

City/ Cities

Starr

County/ Counties

Study Area

HUC 8 12110207, 12110208 HUC 12 Study Area (sq. mi.) 1232.38

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No \square
Notes:					

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$250,000	Study Sponsor:		
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight		
Time to complete?		Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗆	No ✓
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding		

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

✓ Alternative Analysis

□ Feasibility Assessments

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME

FME ID: 151000097

□ Flood preparedness studies



Lower Rio Grands Regional Flood Planning Group

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Starr County Drainage District Master Drainage Study

FME Description

Develop Flood risk maps for the Starr County Drainage District and develop CIP

Study Type

- ✓ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities Insert snip of Location Map here County/ Counties Starr HUC 8 12110207, 12110208 **HUC 12** Study Area (sq. mi.) 1232.34

✓ Alternative Analysis

□ Feasibility Assessments

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🖌 No 🗆	Frequency:	
Population at Risk		# of structures inundated	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	Miles inundated?	
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆
Notes:			

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$250,000	Study Sponsor:		
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight		
Time to complete?		Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗆	No √
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding		

C 3)

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Study	identified	as a ga	p by Region	15 Regional	Flood Planr	ning Group	(RFPG
Vee (N a 🗆						



Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000098

□ Flood preparedness studies

Flood Management Evaluations

Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Yes \checkmark No \Box$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

La Grulla Master Drainage Study

FME Description

Develop Flood risk maps for the city of La Grulla and develop CIP

Study Type

- ✓ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study
- Study Area
 - City/ Cities La Grulla
 - County/ Counties Starr

Study Area (sq. mi.) 0.94

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:					

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$250,000	Study Sponsor:		
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight		
Time to complete?		Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding		

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

FME ID: 151000099

□ Flood preparedness studies





✓ Alternative Analysis

□ Feasibility Assessments

FME

Fact Sheet

Flood Management Evaluations

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Page 1 of 2

Flood Management Evaluations

□ Flood preparedness studies

FME

Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000100

FME Description

Develop Flood risk maps for the city of Roma and develop CIP

Study Type

- ✓ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

County/ Counties Starr HUC 8 12110207,

HUC 12

Study Area (sq. mi.) 5.98

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:					

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$250,000	Study Sponsor:		
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight		
Time to complete?		Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗆	No √
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding		

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🗸 No 🗆



Insert snip of Location Map here 12110208

✓ Alternative Analysis

□ Feasibility Assessments



Roma Master Drainage Study

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB Yes \checkmark No \Box guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Escobares Master Drainage Study

FME Description Develop Flood risk maps for the city of Escobares and develop CIP

Study Type

- ✓ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

- City/Cities Escobares County/ Counties Starr
 - HUC 8 12110207,

12110208

HUC 12

Study Area (sq. mi.) 2.73

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:					

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$250,000	Study Sponsor:		
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight		
Time to complete?		Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding		

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

✓ Alternative Analysis

□ Feasibility Assessments

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Insert snip of Location Map here

FME

□ Flood preparedness studies

Flood Management Evaluations

Fact Sheet

Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group

FME ID: 151000101
Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain





Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:					

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$250,000	Study Sponsor:		
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight		
Time to complete?		Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗆	No √
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding		

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000102

FME

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Rgc Public Works, Escobares City, And Starr Public Works Roadway Improvements

FME ID: 151000103

□ Flood preparedness studies

FME Description

Improve Roadways, By Widening And Raising, And Create Drainage Culverts Or Bridges. (Morenos Creek And Garceno Creek) (Kelsey Creek, Rio Grande City)

✓ Alternative Analysis

Study Type

- ✓ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- $\checkmark\,$ Flood mitigation study
- Feasibility Assessments

Study Area

Study Area (sq. mi.)

City/ Cities		
County/ Counties	STARR	
HUC 8	12110207,	
	13090001	
HUC 12	121102070100,	
	130900011301,	
	130900011302,	
	130900011304,	
	130900011202,	
	130900011203, 13	0900011204, 130900011401,
	130900011402, 13	0800031007, 130800031011,
	130900011102, 13	0900011103, 130900011110,
	130900011403, 13	0900011501, 130900011502,
	130900011601, 13	0900011603, 130900011604,
	130900011605, 13	0900011606, 130900011607,
	130900011701, 13	0900011702, 130900011703,
	130900011704, 13	0900011705, 130900011706,
	130900011107, 13	0900011109, 130900011112



Fact Sheet



Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:					

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$528,000	Study Sponsor:	Starr County
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight	Starr County
Time to complete?		Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗆 No 🗆
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	TDA/Local

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes D No ✓

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB \vee No \square guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as Yes \checkmark No \Box a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings

Flood Management Evaluations

Fact Sheet

- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



History of Flooding?	Yes 🖌 No 🗆	Frequency:	
Population at Risk		# of structures inundated	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	Miles inundated?	
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 No
Notes:		. .	

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$500,000	Study Sponsor:		
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight		
Time to complete?		Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗆	No √
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding		

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

FME Flood Management Evaluations

Fact Sheet

FME ID: 151000124

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Webb County Drainage District #1 **Master Drainage Study**

FME ID: 151000125

□ Flood preparedness studies

FME Description

Develop Flood risk maps for the Webb County Drainage District #1 and develop CIP

Study Type

- ✓ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study
- **Study Area**
 - City/ Cities County/ Counties Webb HUC 8 13080002 **HUC 12**

✓ Alternative Analysis

□ Feasibility Assessments

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:					

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$1,000,000	Study Sponsor:		
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight		
Time to complete?		Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding		

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Study Area (sq. mi.) 9.12



Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group

FME Flood Management Evaluations

Fact Sheet

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- □ Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Rio Bravo Master Drainage Study FME Description

Develop Flood risk maps for the city of Rio Bravo and develop CIP

Study Type

- ✓ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study
- Study Area
 - County/ Counties Webb 13080002 HUC 8

Study Area (sq. mi.) 0.66

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency:	
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?	
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆
Notes:				

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$250,000	Study Sponsor:	
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight	
Time to complete?		Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

□ Flood preparedness studies

FME

FME ID: 151000127



✓ Alternative Analysis

□ Feasibility Assessments

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- □ Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

Yes v No

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

El Cenizo Master Drainage Study

FME Description

Develop Flood risk maps for the city of El Cenizo and develop CIP

Study Type

✓ Flood risk modeling/mapping
 ✓ Flood mitigation study

- ✓ Alternative Analysis
 □ Feasibility Assessments
- $\hfill\square$ Flood preparedness studies



Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🖌 No 🗆	Frequency:	
Population at Risk		# of structures inundated	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	Miles inundated?	
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆
Notes:			

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$250,000	Study Sponsor:		
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight		
Time to complete?		Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗆	No √
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding		

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME

FME ID: 151000128

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group

FME

Fact Sheet

Flood Management Evaluations

City of Laredo Project 6

FME ID: 151000130

FME Description

Vidaurri Avenue Roadway Drainage Improvements to prevent future drainage in the area. Street improvements from Scott Street to Jefferson Street.

✓ Alternative Analysis

Study Type

- □ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities	Laredo
County/ Counties	Webb
HUC 8	13080002
HUC 12	130800022405,
	130800022610,
	130800022611,
	130800022612,
	130800022801,
	130800022802,
	130800022804, 130800
	130800022809, 130800
	130800022806

Study Area (sq. mi.) 0.70

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Population at Risk		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:		

Study Costs

Total Cost:

\$330,000

Agricultural Land impacted $Yes \square No \square$

Frequency:

Study Sponsor: Laredo

of structures inundated Miles inundated?







Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Estimated year to start: Time to complete? Funding Dedicated?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Entity with Oversight Included in a CIP or other plan? (Potential) Source of Funding Laredo Yes ✓ No □ N/A

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG) Yes D No ✓

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB guidelines? Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as a benefit $Yes \checkmark No \square$ cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIP-minimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

FME Description Develop Flood risk maps for the county of Webb and develop CIP Study Type ✓ Alternative Analysis ✓ Flood risk modeling/mapping □ Flood preparedness studies □ Feasibility Assessments

- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ Cities Insert snip of Location Map here County/ Counties Webb 13080002 HUC 8 **HUC 12** Study Area (sq. mi.) 1654.59

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🖌 No 🗆	Frequency:	
Population at Risk		# of structures inundated	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	Miles inundated?	
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆
Notes:			

Study Costs

Total Cost:	\$1,000,000	Study Sponsor:		
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight		
Time to complete?		Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding		

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Webb County Master Drainage Study

Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

FME

FME ID: 151000131

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB Yes \checkmark No \Box guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Zapata County Master Drainage StudyFFME Description

Develop Flood risk maps for the county of Zapata and develop CIP

Study Type

- ✓ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- $\checkmark\,$ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

City/ CitiesInsert snip of Location Map hereCounty/ CountiesZapataHUC 8HUC 12Study Area (sq. mi.)150.03

✓ Alternative Analysis

□ Feasibility Assessments

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🖌 No 🗆	Frequency:	
Population at Risk		# of structures inundated	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	Miles inundated?	
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆
Notes:			

Study Costs

\$250,000	Study Sponsor:	
	Entity with Oversight	
	Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸
Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	
	\$250,000 Yes □ No ✓	 \$250,000 Study Sponsor: Entity with Oversight Included in a CIP or other plan? Yes □ No ✓ (Potential) Source of Funding

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🖌 No 🗆



□ Flood preparedness studies

FME

FME ID: 151000132



Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- □ Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

San Ygnacio MUD Master Drainage Study

FME Description

Develop Flood risk maps for San Ygnacio MUD and develop CIP

Study Type

- ✓ Flood risk modeling/mapping
- ✓ Flood mitigation study

Study Area

County/ Counties Zapata HUC 8 **HUC 12** Study Area (sq. mi.)

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🖌 No 🗆	Frequency:	
Population at Risk		# of structures inundated	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	Miles inundated?	
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🛛
Notes:		-	

Study Costs

\$250,000	Study Sponsor:		
	Entity with Oversight		
	Included in a CIP or other plan?	Yes \square	No 🗸
Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding		
	\$250,000 Yes □ No ✓	 \$250,000 Study Sponsor: Entity with Oversight Included in a CIP or other plan? Yes □ No ✓ (Potential) Source of Funding 	\$250,000Study Sponsor: Entity with Oversight Included in a CIP or other plan?Yes □Yes □ No ✓(Potential) Source of Funding

Study identified as a gap by Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG)

Yes 🖌 No 🗆





✓ Alternative Analysis

□ Feasibility Assessments

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

□ Flood preparedness studies

FME ID: 151000133

Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group

FME

Flood Management Evaluations Fact Sheet

Study identified because project could not be included as an Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan because it did meet the minimum requirements, per TWDB guidance for Regional Flood Planning or the provisions of Title 31 of TAQC Chapters 361 and 362.

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Was the project missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed project has a negative effect, per TWDB $Y_{es} \checkmark N_0 \square$ guidelines?

Was the project recommended by the RFPG to be studied in order for it to provide more project details, such as $Yes \checkmark No \square$ a benefit cost ratio or the number of structures the project removes from the 100-year floodplain?

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

FLOOD MITIGATION PROJECTS (FMPS) FACT SHEETS

Alton MDP - West Mile 5 Road and Louisiana **Street Alternative 2**

FMP Description

Alternative 2 is designed to remove structures from the 10-year floodplain. Approximately 35 acre-feet of volume is proposed to be excavated. construction consists of 1,940 LF of 36-inch diameter pipe sloped at 0.2% along Louisiana, Kentucky, and Trosper Road out falling directly into the retention pond, 3 headwalls and approximately 9 inlets. Additional inlets and smaller pipe may be needed to catch low lying areas that pond between the houses or regrading with swales to take runoff to the street.

Project Type

- Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)
- **Project Area**

City/ Cities	
County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110208
HUC 12	121102080200
	121102080300
Study Area (sq. mi.)	N/A

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	
Population at Risk			ŧ
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Ag
Notes:			

Ye

Project Costs

Total Cost:	
Non-reoccurring Non-capital	
Cost (include in Total above):	
Estimated year to start:	
Time to complete?	

Funding Dedicated?

No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions, elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)

Infrastructure



Frequency of flooding:		
# of structures inundated		
Miles inundated?		
Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

\$2,152,656	Study Sponsor:	City of Alton
	These are one-time costs for program o	levelopment, education campaign, and non-
	engineering study costs.	
	Entity with Oversight	City of Alton
	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
	Action Plan or other plan?	
s 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local



Fact Sheet

FMP ID: 15300001

Flood Mitigation Project Fact Sheet

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes 🗆	No ✓	
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸	
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- □ Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIP-minimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Flood Mitigation Project Fact Sheet

FMP

FMP ID: 15300002

Alton MDP - FM 676 South Glasscock Road Alternative 3

No Structural Projects (Property easement

acquisitions, elevation of structures, flood-proofing,

FMP Description

Widening of FM 676 with a proposed storm drain system containing 54" reinforced concrete pipe.

Project Type

- Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, \checkmark channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)

Project Area

City/ Cities	
County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110209
HUC 12	121102080200,
	121102080300
Study Area (sg. mi.)	N/A

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?
Population at Risk
Roadways flooded
Critical Facilities Impacted
Notes:

Project Costs

Total Cost: Non-reoccurring Noncapital Cost (include in Total above): Estimated year to start: Time to complete?

SED 5 RAIN, SIZE MAY HANGE EPENDENT ON NTICI PROPOSED GRAT XISTING 24" RCP

early warn systems)

Infrastructure

Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
		# of structures inundated		
Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No \Box

\$387,288

Study Sponsor: City of Alton These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and non-engineering study costs.

Entity with Oversight City of Alton Included in a Hazard Mitigation Yes 🗸 No 🗆



FMP Flood Mitigation Project Fact Sheet

Action Plan or other plan? Yes □ No ✓ (Potential) Source of Funding FIF, local Funding Dedicated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes 🗆	No ✓	
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Ur
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Ur
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Ur
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No ✓	
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

	NO V	
Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Yes 🗆	No \square	Unknown 🗸
Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Yes 🗆	No ✓	
Yes 🗆	No 🗆	

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage **CIP** list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Page 1 of 2

Alton MDP - North Inspiration Road and West St. Jude Avenue Alternative 2

FMP Description

Alternative 2, is designed to remove structures from the 25-year floodplain and more frequent storms. This alternative consists of upsizing the storm drain under West St Jude Avenue. The trunk line will consist of 1,900 LF of a single 7' X 5' reinforced concrete box sloped at 0.5% from the area just west of the neighborhood on W. St. Jude Avenue to the West Main Drain Channel, downstream (north) of the existing 10' X 7' box culvert.

Project Type

Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)

Yes

\$2,817,936

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)

Project Area

City/ Cities	
County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110210
HUC 12	121102080200
	121102080300
Study Area (sq. mi.)	N/A

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Population at Risk Roadways flooded **Critical Facilities Impacted** Notes:

Project Costs

Total Cost: Non-reoccurring Non-capital Cost (include in Total above): Estimated year to start: Time to complete?

Funding Dedicated?



Study Sponsor:

Entity with Oversight

Included in a Hazard Mitigation

Action Plan or other plan?

(Potential) Source of Funding

engineering study costs.

City of Alton

City of Alton

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

FIF, local

These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and non-

Infrastructure

No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions,

elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)

FMP ID: 15300003

FMP Flood Mitigation Project Fact Sheet

Flood Mitigation Project Fact Sheet

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆 Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆 Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆 Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIP-minimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Fact Sheet

FMP ID: 15300004

Alton MDP - North Stewart Boulevard Alternative 2

Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group

FMP Description

Alternative 2 is designed to remove structures from the 10-year floodplain and more frequent storms. This alternative consists of the construction of 6,600 LF of a single 8' X 4' reinforced concrete box sloped at 0.02% from the Val Verde Acres Subdivision to Josefa Garcia Park.

Project Type

Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)

Yes ✓

Yes 🗸

No 🗆 Yes 🗆 No 🗆

Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)

Project Area

City/ Cities	
County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110211
HUC 12	121102080200,
	121102080300
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.38

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?
Population at Risk
Roadways flooded
Critical Facilities Impacted
Notes:

Project Costs

Total Cost:	\$8,338,572	Study Sponsor:	City of Alton
Non-reoccurring Non-capital		These are one-time costs for program d	levelopment, education campaign, and non-
Cost (include in Total above):		engineering study costs.	
Estimated year to start:	2023	Entity with Oversight	City of Alton
Time to complete?	2025	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
		Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

Agricultural Land impacted

- No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions, elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)
- \checkmark Infrastructure



Yes 🗆 No 🗆

FIND Flood Mitigation Project Fact Sheet

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes \square	No ✓	
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸	
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

- □ Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIP-minimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Flood Mitigation Project Fact Sheet

FMP

FMP ID: 15300005

Alton MDP - South Stewart Boulevard Alternative 2A

FMP Description

740 LF 6' X 4' Reinforced Concrete Box Culvert starting just south of Orange Dr. and Stewart Rd. 70 acres of land acquisition for regional retention. 3.1 Acres of land for channel conveyance.

Project Type

- ✓ Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)

Project Area

City/ Cities	
County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110212
HUC 12	121102080200,
	121102080300
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.81

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?
Population at Risk
Roadways flooded
Critical Facilities Impacted
Notes:

Project Costs

Total Cost:
Non-reoccurring Non-
capital Cost (include in Total
above):
Estimated year to start:
Time to complete?

- No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions, elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)
- \checkmark Infrastructure



Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
		# of structures inundated		
Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Yes \square	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

t: curring Non- ist (include in Total	\$6,296,400	Study Sponsor: These are one-time costs for progra non-engineering study costs.	City of Alton am development, education campaign, and	
year to start:	2023	Entity with Oversight	City of Alton	
omplete?	2025	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆	

FIND Flood Mitigation Project Fact Sheet

			Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆	No ✓	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸	
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸	
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Alton MDP - West Mile 5 and South Glasscock Road Alternative 3

FMP Description

Alternative 3 is simply the buyout and removal of 23 properties on the north side of Buchanan from the 10-year floodplain. Once structures are removed, the vacant land can be excavated and used as a park/regional retention pond.

Project Type

- Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)

No 🗆

Yes ✓

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Yes 🗆 No 🗆

Project Area

City/ Cities	
County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110213
HUC 12	121102080200,
	121102080300
Study Area (sq. mi.)	N/A

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

Project Costs

Total Cost:
Non-reoccurring Non-
capital Cost (include in Total
above):
Estimated year to start:
Time to complete?

- No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions, elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)
- ✓ Infrastructure

\$1,663,200 Study Sponsor: City of Alton These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and

Yes 🗆 No 🗆

non-engineering study costs.

Entity with Oversight City of Alton Included in a Hazard Mitigation Yes ✓ No □

Frequency of flooding:

Miles inundated?

of structures inundated

Agricultural Land impacted



Iton MDP - West Mile 5 and South Glassco

FMP ID: 15300006

FMP

Fact Sheet

Flood Mitigation Project

FINP Flood Mitigation Project Fact Sheet

		Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes \square	No ✓	
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸	
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Page 1 of 2

Flood Mitigation Project Fact Sheet

FMP

FMP ID: 15300007

Weslaco Stormwater Improvement Plan -South **Texas Boulevard and East 18th Street**

FMP Description

Construction of a 5 acre detention pond along Texas Boulevard, with approximately 1,400 LF of channel widening along the back of the neighborhood, the replacement of a 30 - inch culvert crossing the irrigation canal with an 8' x 4' RCB, and replacement of a 24 - inch culvert crossing FM 88 with an 8' x 4' RCB.

Project Type

- ~ Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)

Project Area

City/ Cities	
County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110214
HUC 12	130800020703
	130800020702
Study Area (sq. mi.)	N/A

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸
Population at Risk	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆
Notes:	

Project Costs

Total Cost: Non-reoccurring Non-capital Cost (include in Total above): Estimated year to start: Time to complete?

Funding Dedicated?



No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
	# of structures inundated		
No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

\$1,585,584 Study Sponsor: Weslaco These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and nonengineering study costs. Entity with Oversight Weslaco Included in a Hazard Mitigation Yes 🗸 No 🗆 Action Plan or other plan? (Potential) Source of Funding Yes □ No ✓ FIF, local

√ Infrastructure

No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions,

elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)
Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes \square	No ✓	
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸	
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- □ Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- ✓ Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- □ Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIP-minimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

FMP

FMP ID: 15300008

Downtown Pharr Mitigation Project

Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group

FMP Description

Construct 5500-linear feet of channel improvements on the Pharr South Drain downstream of Sam Houston Street to just north of Inspiration Street. Install 7280-linear feet of reinforced concrete box culvert improvements toward the Pharr South Drain from Egly and North Hibiscus Street. Install curb inlet capture systems approximately every 500-feet to capture local drainage across subdivisions and repave roadways. Construct two (2) Regional Detention Facilities. Facility 1 at North Camelia Street (Max Depth = 5.5-feet) will require 5.5 acre-feet of excavation and is owned by the City of Pharr. Facility 2 at Audrey Street (max Depth = 9.5-feet) will require 42 acre-feet

of excavation and will require acquisition.

Project Type

- Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)
- **Project Area**

City/ Cities	
County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110217
HUC 12	121102080100,
	121102080300,
	130900020311

Study Area (sq. mi.) N/A

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Population at Risk		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:		

Project Costs

Total Cost:	\$45,241,092
Non-reoccurring Non-capital	
Cost (include in Total above):	
Estimated year to start:	2022
Time to complete?	2024

- No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions, elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)
- ✓ Infrastructure, Regional Detention



of structures inundated Miles inundated? Agricultural Land impacted Yes Do

\$45,241,092	Study Sponsor:	City of Pharr
	These are one-time costs for program of	levelopment, education campaign, and non-
	engineering study costs.	
2022	Entity with Oversight	City of Pharr
2024	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
	Action Plan or other plan?	



Funding Dedicated?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

(Potential) Source of Funding FIF, local

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆 Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆 Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆 Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No ✓
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- □ Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIP-minimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- □ Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

North Pharr Backwater Relief Project

FMP Description

Construct 3400-linear feet of channel improvements on the ditch running from south to north along North Fir Street and 2800-linear feet of channel improvements on the Pharr-McAllen Lateral Ditch up to North I road. Install culvert improvements, 2-8' X 4' RCB, alongside the ditch running parallel to Fir Street at crossings of W. Sioux Road and at connection to outfall of maintained ditch to the Pharr-McAllen Lateral System. Extend existing culverts at crossings. Repave W. Sioux Road.

Project Type

- Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)

Project Area

City/ Cities

County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110220
HUC 12	121102080100,
	121102080300,
	130900020311
Study Area (sq. mi.)	N/A

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No
Population at Risk		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No
Notes:		

Project Costs

Total Cost: \$	51,628,000	Study Sponsor:	City of Pharr
Non-reoccurring Non-capital	Т	hese are one-time costs for program d	levelopment, education campaign, and non-
Cost (include in Total above):	е	engineering study costs.	
Estimated year to start:	2022	Entity with Oversight	City of Pharr
Time to complete?	2024	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
		Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated? Yes	S□ No ✓	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

- No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions, elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)
- ✓ Infrastructure



FMP ID: 153000009

FMP

Fact Sheet

Flood Mitigation Project

LOWET RÍO GTANDE Regional Flood Planning Group

FIOOD Mitigation Project Fact Sheet

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes \square	No ✓	
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸	
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- □ Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- □ Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIP-minimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

North Pharr Culvert Improvements

FMP Description

Install culvert improvements, 2-10X10 RCB, alongside the ditch running parallel to N. Erika Street at crossings of W. Sioux Road and at connection to outfall of maintained ditch to the Pharr-McAllen Lateral System. Repave W. Sioux Road.

✓

Project Type

- ✓ Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)

Project Area

City/ Cities	
County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110221
HUC 12	121102080100,
	121102080300,
	130900020311
Study Area (sq. mi.)	N/A

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

Project Costs

Notes:

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

SH 295

Total Cost:	\$869,000	Study Sponsor:	City of Pharr
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for progra	am development, education campaign, and
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.	
above):			
Estimated year to start:	2022	Entity with Oversight	City of Pharr
Time to complete?	2024	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆

No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions, elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)

FMP ID: 153000010

FMP

Fact Sheet

Flood Mitigation Project

SIOUX Rt.2 - 10KNO RCB 1000

Infrastructure

			Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes \square	No 🗸	
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸	
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

North Pharr Mitigation Project

FMP Description

Construct 3400-linear feet of channel improvements on the ditch running from south to north along North Fir Street and 2800-linear feet of channel improvements on the Pharr-McAllen Lateral Ditch up to North I road. Install culvert improvements, 2 - 8' X 4' RCB, alongside the ditch running parallel to Fir Street at crossings of W. Sioux Road and at connection to outfall of maintained ditch to the Pharr-McAllen Lateral System. Construct an inline Regional Detention Facility (RDF) along the Pharr-McAllen drain within the City Limits of San Juan. The pond will require a footprint of 35-acres.

Project Type

Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)

Yes 🗆 No 🗆

Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)

Project Area

City/ Cities	
County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110222
HUC 12	121102080100,
	121102080300,
	130900020311
Study Area (sq. mi.)	N/A

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?
Population at Risk
Roadways flooded
Critical Facilities Impacted
Notes:

Project Costs

10/00100313			
Total Cost:	\$8,195,000	Study Sponsor: City of Pharr	
Non-reoccurring Non-capital		These are one-time costs for program development, edu	ication campaign, and non
Cost (include in Total above):		engineering study costs.	
Estimated year to start:	2022	Entity with Oversight City of Pharr	
Time to complete?	2024	Included in a Hazard Mitigation Yes 🗸 No 🗆	
		Action Plan or other plan?	

- No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions, elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)
- ~ Infrastructure



Agricultural Land impacted

Yes 🗆 No 🗆



Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group



Funding Dedicated?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

(Potential) Source of Funding FIF, local

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆 Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆 Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆 Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- □ Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIP-minimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- □ Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Southwest Pharr Drainage Mitigation Project

FMP Description

Construct four regional detention facilities (RDF). RDF 1 has a footprint of 19.75-acres and is a lateral detention facility located between Dicker and Thomas Road west of Highway 281 and near Carmen Anaya Elementary. RDF 2 has a footprint of 7.4-acres and located in the western section of Jones Box Park. RDF 3 has a footprint of 5.5-acres and located in the central section of Jones Box Park. Redirect flow from the Los Ranchitos Subdivisions via a reconfigured 36" RCP into a pilot channel located in the deepest section of the pond. Install 36" RCP and flap gate at the outfall to prevent backflow from the South Floodwater Channel into the subdivisions north of Jones Box Park. RDF 4 is located between Dicker and Las Milpas Road east of Highway 281, south of the South Floodwater Channel, and will require a footprint of 13.8-acres.

Project Type

- Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)
- No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions, elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)
- Infrastructure, Regional Detention ~

Project Area

City/ Cities	
County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110227
HUC 12	121102080100
	121102080300
	130900020311
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.07

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🖌 No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:	
Population at Risk		# of structures inundated	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🖌 No 🗆	Miles inundated?	
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆
NL I			

Project Costs Tota

Notes:

Total Cost:	\$5,587,275	Study Sponsor: City of Pharr
Non-reoccurring Non-capital		These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and no
Cost (include in Total above):		engineering study costs.
Estimated year to start:	2022	Entity with Oversight City of Pharr
Time to complete?	2024	Included in a Hazard Mitigation Yes 🗸 No 🗆
		Action Plan or other plan?





Flood Mitigation Project Fact Sheet

FMP

FMP ID: 153000012



Funding Dedicated?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

(Potential) Source of Funding FIF, local

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes 🗆	No √	
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸	
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- □ Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- ✓ Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIP-minimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Pharr - San Juan Regional Detention Facility

FMP Description

Construct an inline Regional Detention Facility (RDF) along the Pharr-McAllen drain within the City Limits of San Juan. The pond will require a footprint of 35 acres, 300 acre-feet of storage volume, have a maximum depth of approximately of 14 feet, and require some property acquisition.

Project Type

- Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)

Project Area

City/ Cities	
County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110224
HUC 12	121102080100
	121102080300
	130900020311
Study Area (sq. mi.)	N/A

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes ✓	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:	
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?	
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆
••• ·				

Project Costs Total Cost

Notes:

Total Cost: Non-reoccurring Non-capital Cost (include in Total above):	\$5,148,000	Study Sponsor: These are one-time costs for program c engineering study costs.	City of Pharr levelopment, education campaign, and non-
Estimated year to start:	2022	Entity with Oversight	City of Pharr
Time to complete?	2024	Included in a Hazard Mitigation Action Plan or other plan?	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

- No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions, elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)

Regional Detention

FMP ID: 153000013



FMP

Fact Sheet

Flood Mitigation Project

34	l awaz Dia Czazda
ă 🛌	LOWEL KIU GLEINUS
2 I J	Regional Flood Planning Group

FIOOD Mitigation Project Fact Sheet

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes \square	No ✓	
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸	
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- □ Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- ✓ Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIP-minimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Weslaco Stormwater Improvement Plan -**Pleasantview Drive and 11th Street**

FMP Description

Installation of 3,220 LF of new storm drain system consisting of two – 8' x 4' RCBs along Mile 3 ½.

Project Type

- Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, \checkmark channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)

Project Area

City/ Cities

County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110228
HUC 12	121102080100,
	121102080300
Study Area (sq. mi.)	N/A

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Project Costs

Notes:

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes ✓ Yes □	No ⊔ No □	Miles inundated? Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	ļ

\$4,77

Total Cost: Non-reoccurring Noncapital Cost (include in Total above): Estimated year to start: Time to complete?

No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions, elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)

Infrastructure, Regional Detention \checkmark



5,000	Study Sponsor:	City of Weslaco
	These are one-time costs for progra	m development, education campaign, and
	non-engineering study costs.	

Entity with Oversight City of Weslaco Included in a Hazard Mitigation Yes 🗆 No 🗆

Flood Mitigation Project Fact Sheet

FMP

FMP ID: 153000014

FIOOD Mitigation Project Flood Mitigation Project

Action Plan or other plan?Funding Dedicated?YesNo(Potential) Source of FundingFIF, local

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes 🗆	No √	
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸	
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Page 1 of 2

Weslaco Stormwater Improvement Plan - Mile 10 N and Mile 5 ½ W

FMP ID: 153000015

FMP Description

Construction of an 8 acre detention pond, with approximately 4,000 LF of channel widening along the back of the neighborhoods and between the Justice Raul A. Gonzalez Elementary School and Joe Calvillo Jr Career & Technology Education Complex; replacement of existing undersized channel culvert with two - 8' x 5' reinforced concrete boxes (RCBs), and adding two - 8' x 5' RCBs to connect the existing drainage ditches to the drain channel system on the east.

Project Type

- Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)

Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group

Project Area

City/ Cities	
County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110230
HUC 12	121102080100
	121102080300
Study Area (sg. mi.)	N/A

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?
Population at Risk
Roadways flooded
Critical Facilities Impacted
Notes:

Project Costs

Total Cost: Non-reoccurring Non-capital Cost (include in Total above): Estimated year to start: Time to complete?

Funding Dedicated?

Yes 🗸 🛚	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
		# of structures inundated		
Yes 🗸 🛽	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Yes 🗆 🛚	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

\$4,441,008	Study Sponsor:	City of Weslaco
	These are one-time costs for program of	levelopment, education campaign, and non-
	engineering study costs.	
	Entity with Oversight	City of Weslaco
	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
	Action Plan or other plan?	
Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)

Infrastructure

No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions,

FIOOD Mitigation Project Fact Sheet

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes \square	No ✓	
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸	
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	

Related Goals

- □ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- □ Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- ✓ Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIP-minimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Weslaco Stormwater Improvement Plan - South International Boulevard and Business 83

FMP Description

Replacement of 48 – inch culverts at two roadway crossings with 6' x 4' RCBs.

Project Type

- Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)

Project Area

City/ Cities

County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110231
HUC 12	121102080100,
	121102080300
Study Area (sq. mi.)	N/A

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Notes:

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

\$93,808

Total Cost: Non-reoccurring Noncapital Cost (include in Total above): Estimated year to start: Time to complete?

Project Costs

No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions, elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)

Infrastructure



Entity with Oversight City of Weslaco Included in a Hazard Mitigation Yes 🗸 No 🗆



FMP ID: 153000016

FMP

Fact Sheet

Flood Mitigation Project



Action Plan or other plan?Funding Dedicated?Yes □ No ✓(Potential) Source of Funding FIF, local

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes 🗆	No ✓	
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸	
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Weslaco Stormwater Improvement Plan - Texas Boulevard to Airport Drive, South of Business 83

FMP Description

Replacement of 48 – inch culverts at two roadway crossings with 6' x 4' RCBs.

Project Type

- □ Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)

Project Area

City/ Cities

County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110232
HUC 12	121102080100,
	121102080300
Study Area (sq. mi.)	N/A

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Population at Risk Roadways flooded Critical Facilities Impacted Notes:

Project Costs Total Cost:

Funding Dedicated?

Non-reoccurring Non-capital Cost (include in Total above): Estimated year to start: Time to complete?

\$43,984,512	Study Sponsor:	City of Weslaco
	These are one-time costs for program of	levelopment, education campaign, and non-
	engineering study costs.	
	Entity with Oversight	City of Weslaco
	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🖌 No 🗆
	Action Plan or other plan?	
Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

- No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions, elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)
- ✓ Infrastructure



Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group

Flood Mitigation Project Fact Sheet

FMP

FMP ID: 153000017

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes \square	No ✓	
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸	
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- ✓ Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- □ Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIP-minimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

FMP

FMP ID: 153000018

Weslaco Stormwater Improvement Plan - West Weslaco

FMP Description

The project is located just west of Border Avenue, between US 83 and Zelma Street. Construction of three detention ponds, 18 acres east of Vaughn Road and Midway Road, 26 acres near West 6th Street and Milano Road and 60 acres at Harlon Block Sports Complex, approximately 17,000 LF of channel widening connecting the ponds, and installation of approximately 4500 LF of large (8' x 4', 8' x 5', 8' x 6') RCB storm drain system to improve conveyance along the channels to the ponds.

Project Type

Project Area

- Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)
- No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions, elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)
- √ Infrastructure

Project4

City/ Cities Hidalgo HUC 8 12110207, 12110233

Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency or nooding:	1	
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:					

Project Costs

Total Cost:	\$37,305,840	Study Sponsor:	City of Weslaco
Non-reoccurring Non-capital		These are one-time costs for program d	evelopment, education campaign, and non-
Cost (include in Total above):		engineering study costs.	
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight	City of Weslaco
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🖌 No 🗆
		Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

County/ Counties HUC 12 121102080100, 121102080300 Study Area (sq. mi.) N/A

FIOOD Mitigation Project Fact Sheet

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes \square	No ✓	
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸	
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- □ Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIP-minimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

FMP

FMP ID: 153000019

Weslaco Stormwater Improvement Plan -Westgate Drive and Sugar Cane Drive

FMP Description

Construction of two detention ponds, 11 acres near Clecker-Heald Elementary School and 8 acres behind the commercial properties north of Interstate 2, approximately 4,500 LF of channel widening connecting the two ponds, addition of a new 42-inch reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) culvert east of Border Avenue, and installation of approximately 5,600 LF of an 8' x 4' RCB storm drain system along West Paisano Lane and East Ballard Street.

Project Type

- Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)
- No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions, elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)
- Infrastructure

Frequency of flooding: # of structures inundated Miles inundated? Agricultural Land impacted

Project Area

City/ Cities	
County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110234
HUC 12	121102080100,
	121102080300
Study Area (sq. mi.)	N/A

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Population at Risk		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:		

Project Costs

City of Weslaco Total Cost: \$11,099,088 Study Sponsor: Non-reoccurring Non-capital These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and non-Cost (include in Total above): engineering study costs. Estimated year to start: Entity with Oversight City of Weslaco Time to complete? Included in a Hazard Mitigation Yes 🗸 No 🗆 Action Plan or other plan? (Potential) Source of Funding FIF, local Yes 🗆 No 🗸





Yes 🗆 No 🗆

15 Lower Rio Grand Regional Flood Planning Gr	Boup
---	------

Funding Dedicated?

FIOOD Mitigation Project Fact Sheet

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes \square	No ✓	
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸	
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- □ Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- ✓ Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIP-minimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Precinct 4 MDP - Risk Area A at Mile 8.5 Rd. & Ware Rd.

FMP ID: 153000020

FMP Description

Approximately 1 mile of proposed channel improvements. Proposed culverts. Proposed Detention Ponds with pond north of Mile 8.5 Rd. to collect runoff from the west and has an approximate footprint of 12 acres and storage capacity of 60 acre-ft and will outfall south towards the pond south of Mile 8.5 Rd.

Project Type

Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, ~ low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)

No 🗆

Yes ✓

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Yes 🗆 No 🗆

- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)
- No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions, elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)
- Infrastructure

√

Project Area City/Citios

City/ Cities	
County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110279
HUC 12	121102080400,
	121102070100,
	121102080200
Study Area (sq. mi.)	N/A

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?
Population at Risk
Roadways flooded
Critical Facilities Impacted
Notes:

Project Costs

Total Cost:	\$19,899,000	Study Sponsor:	Hidalgo County Precinct 4
Non-reoccurring Non-capital		These are one-time costs for program d	evelopment, education campaign, and non-
Cost (include in Total above):		engineering study costs.	
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight	Hidalgo County Precinct 4
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation Action Plan or other plan?	Yes 🖌 No 🗆
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

Frequency of flooding:

Miles inundated?

Agricultural Land impacted Yes □ No □

of structures inundated



FIOOD Mitigation Project Fact Sheet

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes \square	No ✓	
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸	
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- □ Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- ✓ Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIP-minimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

FMP

Precinct 4 MDP - Risk Area B at Mile 6 & North Ware Rd.

FMP ID: 153000021

FMP Description

Regional Detention Facilities with a pond footprint of 25 acres along the Existing HCDD1 West Main Drain. Storm Drain and Local Drainage Improvements. Channel maintenance.

Project Type

- Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)
- No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions, elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)
- Image: state stat

Infrastructure

	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
			# of structures inundated		
	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
d	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

\$27,175,500

Study Sponsor: Hidalgo County Precinct 4 These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and nonengineering study costs.

Entity with Oversight Included in a Hazard Mitigation Action Plan or other plan? Hidalgo County Precinct 4 Yes \checkmark No \Box

Project Area

City/ Cities	
County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110280
HUC 12	121102080400,
	121102070100,
	121102080200,
	121102080200
Study Area (sq. mi.)	N/A

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Population at Risk Roadways flooded Critical Facilities Impacted Notes:

Project Costs

Total Cost: Non-reoccurring Non-capital Cost (include in Total above): Estimated year to start: Time to complete?



Funding Dedicated?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

(Potential) Source of Funding FIF, local

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆 Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆 Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆 Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No ✓
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- □ Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIP-minimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- □ Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Precinct 4 MDP - Risk Area C at FM 2812 & FM 493

FMP Description

Channel Improvements (Widening & Regrading) to Existing J-01 Drain with approximately 1.5 miles of proposed improvements. Channel Improvements (Channel Maintenance & Flowline Regrading) to Existing DA-1 Ext. Drain with approximately 0.4 miles of proposed improvements. Proposed detention pond will have an approximate footprint of 9 acres and storage capacity of 90 acre-ft. Grate inlets & proposed storm drain channel maintenance & debris removal.

Project Type

- Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)

No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions,

Infrastructure

Project Area

City/ Cities	
County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110281
HUC 12	121102080400,
	121102070100,
	121102080200,
	121102080200
Study Area (sq. mi.)	N/A

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?
Population at Risk
Roadways flooded
Critical Facilities Impacted
Notes:

Project Costs

Total Cost: Non-reoccurring Non-capital Cost (include in Total above): Estimated year to start:

Yes ✓ No 🗆 Frequency of flooding: # of structures inundated Yes 🖌 No 🗆 Miles inundated? Yes 🗆 No 🗆 Agricultural Land impacted Yes 🗆 No 🗆

\$7,887,000

Hidalgo County Precinct 4 Study Sponsor: These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and nonengineering study costs.

Entity with Oversight Hidalgo County Precinct 4

elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)

Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group

FMP ID: 15300022





Fact Sheet



FIOOD Mitigation Project Fact Sheet

Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🖌 No 🗆
		Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes 🗆	No ✓	
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸	
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- ✓ Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIP-minimum	
standards	

- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- □ Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Precinct 4 MDP - Risk Area D at S. McColl & Canton Rd.

FMP ID: 15300023

FMP Description

Channel Improvements (Widening & Regrading) to Existing McAllen Lateral & North Main Drain with approximately 2.25 miles of proposed improvements from S McColl St. to State Highway 107. Crossings at W Canton Rd., W Freddy Gonzalez Dr., and W Sprague St. were all evaluated up to the 25-year design storm criteria for upsizing evaluation.

Project Type

- ~ Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)

County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110282
HUC 12	121102080400,
	121102070100,
	121102080200,
	121102080200
Study Area (sq. mi.)	N/A

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Population at Risk		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:		

Project Costs

Total Cost: Non-reoccurring Non-capital Cost (include in Total above): Estimated year to start: Time to complete?

100-YR ox. Extent of Prop 122/2.228 n and Ditch Reg R: Channel Existing No d South Main Dr **Willes inundated** Agricultural Land impacted Yes 🗆 No 🗆

\$6,358,000

Hidalgo County Precinct 4 Study Sponsor: These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and nonengineering study costs.

Entity with Oversight Included in a Hazard Mitigation Hidalgo County Precinct 4 Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group

Flood Mitigation Project Fact Sheet

FMP





Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	Action Plan or other pla (Potential) Source of Fund	an? ling FIF, local
Have the flood risk and Have the flood risk and flood redu	flood reduction in action impacts been evaluat	mpacts been evaluat	ed? ✓
Does the project have any negativ	e effects, per TWDB guideli	ines? Yes □ No	🗆 Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Co	ost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆 No	🗆 Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk	for the 100-Yr flood event?	? Yes 🗆 No	🗆 Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water	Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆 No	\checkmark
Has all the ROW been acquired?		Yes 🗆 No	
Will permits or interlocal agreeme	ents be needed for this proj	ect? Yes 🗆 No	

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIP-minimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Precinct 4 MDP - Risk Area E at Hwy 107 & Val Verde Rd.

FMP ID: 153000024

No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions,

elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)

FMP

Fact Sheet

Flood Mitigation Project

FMP Description

Channel Improvements with approximately 0.3 miles of proposed improvements. Proposed detention pond north of Tex-Mex Rd. and east of S 87th St. has an approximate footprint of 4.25 acres and capacity of 20 acre-ft. Grate Inlets and Proposed Storm Drain 5'x5' grate inlets spaced along every 500' of storm drain with a 4'x2' RCB along S 85th St.

Project Type

- Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)

Project Area

011. / 0111. -

City/ Cities	
County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110283
HUC 12	121102080400,
	121102070100,
	121102080200,
	121102080200
Study Area (sq. mi.)	N/A

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Population at Risk Roadways flooded Critical Facilities Impacted Notes:

Project Costs

Total Cost: Non-reoccurring Non-capital Cost (include in Total above): Estimated year to start: Time to complete?

Study Sponsor: Hidalgo County Precinct 4 These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and nonengineering study costs.

Entity with Oversight Included in a Hazard Mitigation

of structures inundated

Agricultural Land impacted

Miles inundated?

Hidalgo County Precinct 4 Yes ✓ No □

Yes 🗆 No 🗆



Yes 🗸

Yes 🗆 No 🗆

No 🗆

\$4,983,000





Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	Action Plan or other pl (Potential) Source of Fund	lan? ding FIF, local
Have the flood risk and Have the flood risk and flood reduc	flood reduction in ction impacts been evaluat	mpacts been evaluation	ted? ∞ ✓
Does the project have any negative	e effects, per TWDB guideli	ines? Yes 🗆 No	o 🗆 Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Co	st Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆 No	o 🗆 Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk	for the 100-Yr flood event?	? Yes 🗆 No	o 🗆 Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water S	Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆 No	0 ✓
Has all the ROW been acquired?		Yes 🗆 No	C 🗆
Will permits or interlocal agreeme	nts be needed for this proj	ect? Yes 🗆 No	0

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- ✓ Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIP-minimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Page 1 of 2

Flood Mitigation Project Fact Sheet

FMP

FMP ID: 153000025

Precinct 4 MDP - Risk Area F at Texas Rd. & Cesar Chavez Rd.

FMP Description

Channel Improvements with approximately 0.6 miles of proposed improvements. Grate Inlets and Proposed Storm Drain with grate inlets in sag spaced along every 500' tying into a 42'' RCP along Cesar Chavez Road starting at just south of Texas Rd to the Curry Drain. Culvert Improvements with connections between the proposed open channels and existing HCDD1 Edinburg Stub will require the installation of 4'x3' RCBs.

Project Type

- Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)
- No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions, elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)
- ✓ Infrastructure

Project Area

City/ Cities	
County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110284
HUC 12	121102080400,
	121102070100,
	121102080200,
	121102080200
Study Area (sq. mi.)	N/A

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?
Population at Risk
Roadways flooded
Critical Facilities Impacted
Notes:

Project Costs

Total Cost: Non-reoccurring Non-capital Cost (include in Total above): Estimated year to start:

Yes ✓ No □ Frequency of flooding: # of structures inundated Yes ✓ No □ Miles inundated? Yes □ No □ Agricultural Land impacted Yes □ No □

\$7,920,000

Study Sponsor: Hidalgo County Precinct 4 These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and nonengineering study costs.

Entity with Oversight Hidalgo County Precinct 4






FIOOD Mitigation Project Fact Sheet

Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🖌 No 🗆
		Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes 🗆	No ✓	
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸	
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIP-minimum
standards

- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- □ Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

FMP

FMP ID: 153000026

Precinct 4 MDP - Risk Area G at Hoehn Rd. & Mile 11 Rd.

FMP Description

Channel Improvements with approximately 0.75 miles of proposed improvements. Proposed Pond north of County Road 3424 and west of County Road 3421 has an approximate footprint of 5 acres and capacity of 35 acre-ft. Grate Inlets and Proposed Storm Drain 5'x5' grate inlets will be located at the southwest corner of Eubanks and County Road 3424 with a connection to a 42" DIA RCP storm drain. Proposed culverts

Project Type

- Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)

No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions, elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)

Project Area City/Citios

City/ Citics	
County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110285
HUC 12	121102080400,
	121102070100,
	121102080200,
	121102080200
Study Area (sq. mi.)	N/A

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Population at Risk Roadways flooded **Critical Facilities Impacted** Notes:

Project Costs

Total Cost: Non-reoccurring Non-capital Cost (include in Total above): Estimated year to start: Time to complete?

R: 48" DIA RCP with Connections Proposed Open Channel and Existing CDD1 J-09 Drain Detention Pond (Approx, 10 Acre/ 75 A PR: 36" DIA RCP Along Co vith Connections to Proposi Detention Pond and Chann

Infrastructure

Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
		# of structures inundated		
Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

\$6,061,000

Hidalgo County Precinct 4 Study Sponsor: These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and nonengineering study costs.

Entity with Oversight Included in a Hazard Mitigation

Hidalgo County Precinct 4 Yes 🗸 No 🗆



Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	Action Plan or other plan? (Potential) Source of Funding FIF, loca	I
Have the flood risk and Have the flood risk and flood redu	flood reduction in ction impacts been evaluat	impacts been evaluated? Ited? Yes □ No ✓	
Does the project have any negative	e effects, per TWDB guideli	lines? Yes 🗆 No 🗆 Unknown	✓
Does the project have a Benefit Co	ost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆 No 🗆 Unknown	✓
Does the project reduce flood risk	for the 100-Yr flood event?	t? Yes 🗆 No 🗆 Unknown	✓
Does the Project provide a Water S	Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	
Has all the ROW been acquired?		Yes 🗆 No 🗆	
Will permits or interlocal agreeme	nts be needed for this proje	nject? Yes □ No □	

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- □ Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- □ Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIP-minimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

FMP

FMP ID: 153000027

Precinct 4 MDP - Risk Area I at Sharp Rd. & E Monte Cristo Rd

FMP Description

Inlets and proposed storm drain with Approximately 1,100' of 4'x4' RCB storm drain with curb inlets to be installed along Hendrix Dr. and Gaston Cr. with approximately 1,200' of 6'x4' RCB storm with grate and sag inlets along Uresti Rd. with connection to the HCDD1 J-02 Drain. Proposed installation of grate and sag inlets along Mile 19 Rd. (Phase Two) and proposed installation of grate and sag inlets along Sharp Rd. (Phase Two). Proposed Culverts Improvements (Phase One). Proposed detention pond with 9 acre footprint. Channel maintenance.

Project Type

- Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)
- No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions, elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)
- Infrastructure



City/ Cities	
County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110286
HUC 12	121102080400,
	121102070100,
	121102080200,
	121102080200
Study Area (sq. mi.)	N/A

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Population at Risk Roadways flooded **Critical Facilities Impacted** Notes:

Project Costs

Total Cost: Non-reoccurring Non-capital Cost (include in Total above): Estimated year to start:



Yes 🗸	No 🗆	#
Yes 🗸	No 🗆	"
Yes \square	No 🗆	Ag

Frequency of flooding: of structures inundated Miles inundated? ricultural Land impacted

Yes 🗆 No 🗆

\$5,995,000

Hidalgo County Precinct 4 Study Sponsor: These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and nonengineering study costs.

Entity with Oversight Hidalgo County Precinct 4



FIOOD Mitigation Project Fact Sheet

Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🖌 No 🗆
		Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes 🗆	No ✓	
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸	
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIP-minimum
standards

- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- □ Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Precinct 4 MDP - Risk Area J at SH 107 & FM

FMP ID: 15300028

907

FMP Description

Channel Improvements (Widening & Regrading) to Existing HCDD1 "Y" drain with approximately 0.75 miles of proposed channel improvements beginning at Fresno Dr. and ending at E Curry Rd. Proposed Drainage Grate Inlets approximately 3,800' of storm drain to provide local drainage improvements north and west of existing HCDD1 "Y" Drain in two separate systems. Proposed culverts improvements. Proposed detention pond with a 2.7 acre footprint.

Project Type

- Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)
- No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions, elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)
- ✓ Infrastructure

Project Area

City/ Cities		Insert snip of Location Map here
County/ Counties	Hidalgo	
HUC 8	12110207,	
	12110287	
HUC 12	121102080400,	
	121102070100,	
	121102080200,	
	121102080200	
Study Area (sq. mi.)	N/A	

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🖌 No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:	
Population at Risk		# of structures inundated	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🖌 No 🗆	Miles inundated?	
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆
Notes:			

Project Costs

\$3,608,000

Study Sponsor: Hidalgo County Precinct 4 These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and nonengineering study costs. Entity with Oversight Hidalgo County Precinct 4

FMP

Fact Sheet

Flood Mitigation Project



FIOOD Mitigation Project Fact Sheet

Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🖌 No 🗆
		Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes 🗆	No ✓	
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸	
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIP-minimum
standards

- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- □ Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Risk Area 11 Rancho Escondido

FMP ID: 153000029

No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions,

elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn

FMP

Fact Sheet

Flood Mitigation Project

FMP Description

Project includes constructing 10'x2' U-shaped channel from Flores Drive to just south of Microtel Inn Suites, replacing existing culvert under Maza Drive with 1-8'x4 RCB, and installing curb inlet at cul-de-sac on Nancy Drive.

Project Type

- Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)
- Project Area

City/ Cities

County/ Counties	Maverick
HUC 8	13080001,
	13080002
HUC 12	130800020703
	130800020702
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.03

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸
Population at Risk	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆
Notes:	

Project Costs

Total Cost:
Non-reoccurring Non-
capital Cost (include in Total
above):
Estimated year to start:
Time to complete?

1800020703, 1800020702 3



systems)

Infrastructure

	Frequency of flooding:
	# of structures inundated
	Miles inundated?
Yes 🗆 No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted

\$911,900

No 🗆

No □ No □

> Study Sponsor: City of Eagle Pass These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and non-engineering study costs.

Action Plan or other plan?Funding Dedicated?Yes □ No ✓(Potential) Source of Funding FIF, local

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes 🗆	No √	
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No \square	Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No \square	Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸	
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes 🗆	No \square	
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

FMP

FMP ID: 153000030

Risk Area 12 Fox Borough Drive

FMP Description

Project includes bypassing flow from inlet at PointLoma Drive and North Point Drive to the detention pond with 1 - 8'x4' RCB and Installing additional curb inlets on N. Point Drive and Silver Oak Circle.

Project Type

- Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)

Project Area

City/ Cities

County/ Counties	Maverick
HUC 8	13080001,
	13080002
HUC 12	130800020703
	130800020702
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.05

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

Project Costs

Total Cost: Non-reoccurring Noncapital Cost (include in Total above): Estimated year to start: Time to complete?

- No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions, elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)
- Infrastructure



Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:	
		<pre># of structures inundated</pre>	
Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?	
Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆

\$1,185,800

Study Sponsor: City of Eagle Pass These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and non-engineering study costs.

Entity with Oversight City of Eagle Pass Included in a Hazard Mitigation Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Action Plan or other plan?Funding Dedicated?Yes □ No ✓(Potential) Source of Funding FIF, local

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes 🗆	No ✓	
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes \square	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes \square	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸	
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes \square	No 🗆	
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Risk Area 13 Celle De Los Santos neighborhood. Additional culvert under irrigation canal.

FMP ID: 153000031

FMP Description Project includes upgrading existing culvert crossing irrigation canal from 2-6'x4' RCB to 4-6'x4' RCB.

Project Type

- Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Yes 🗆 No 🗆

Project Area

City/ Cities County/ Counties Maverick HUC 8 13080001, 13080002 HUC 12 130800020703, 130800020702 Study Area (sq. mi.) 0.03

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?
Population at Risk
Roadways flooded
Critical Facilities Impacted
Notes:

Project Costs

Total Cost: Non-reoccurring Noncapital Cost (include in Total above): Estimated year to start: Time to complete?

No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions, elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)

Add 2-6'x4' RCB

to Existing Culver

√ Infrastructure



These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and non-engineering study costs.

Yes 🗆 No 🗆

Entity with Oversight City of Eagle Pass Included in a Hazard Mitigation Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Frequency of flooding:

Miles inundated?

of structures inundated

Agricultural Land impacted









FMP Flood Mitigation Project

Fact Sheet

Action Plan or other plan?Funding Dedicated?Yes □ No ✓(Potential) Source of Funding FIF, local

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes 🗆	No √	
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸	
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes \square	No 🗆	
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Risk Area 15 Trib 3 Detention at Main Street

FMP Description

Project includes constructing 10 acre detention pond (29 ac-ft volume) along East Channel north of Highway 277 and installing flap-gates at flume outfalls on Omar Drive and Jana Drive, to prevent more frequent stormwater from backing up into the neighborhood on the west side of the channel.

Project Type

- ✓ Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)

Project Area

City/ Cities

County/ Counties	Maverick
HUC 8	13080001,
	13080002
HUC 12	130800020703
	130800020702

Study Area (sq. mi.) 0.05

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Population at Risk		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No 🗆
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:		

\$828,300

Project Costs

Total Cost: Non-reoccurring Noncapital Cost (include in Total above): Estimated year to start: Time to complete?

✓ Infrastructure

Study Sponsor: City of Eagle Pass These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and non-engineering study costs.

Yes 🗆 No 🗆

Entity with Oversight City Included in a Hazard Mitigation Yes Action Plan or other plan?

Agricultural Land impacted

City of Eagle Pass Yes ✓ No □

 No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions, elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)



FIOOD Mitigation Project Fact Sheet

FMP ID: 153000032

Funding Dedicated?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

(Potential) Source of Funding FIF, local

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆 Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆 Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆 Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

FMP

FMP ID: 153000033

Risk Area 2 Treasure Hills

FMP Description

Project includes constructing a 4' deep trapezoidal concrete channel with 8' bottom width and 2:1 side slopes, from detention pond outfall to existing culverts.

Project Type

- ✓ Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)
- No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions, elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)
- Infrastructure

Project Area

City/ Cities County/ Counties Maverick HUC 8 13080001, 13080002 HUC 12 130800020703, 130800020702 Study Area (sq. mi.) 0.06

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Population at Risk Roadways flooded **Critical Facilities Impacted** Notes:

Project Costs

Total Cost: Non-reoccurring Noncapital Cost (include in Total above): Estimated year to start: Time to complete?



Yes 🖌 No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
	# of structures inundated		
Yes 🖌 No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Yes 🗆 No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

¢E07	200
2021	,300

City of Eagle Pass Study Sponsor: These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and non-engineering study costs.

Entity with Oversight City of Eagle Pass Included in a Hazard Mitigation Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Action Plan or other plan?Funding Dedicated?Yes □ No ✓(Potential) Source of Funding FIF, local

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes 🗆	No √	
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No \square	Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No \square	Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸	
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes 🗆	No \square	
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Risk Area 3 Arrow Point Boulevard

FMP Description

Project includes constructing small retaining wall at downstream of flume outfall to force flow towards Stone Way and constructing a 2' wide and 6" deep concrete flume from existing flume outfall to Stone Way.

Project Type

- Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)

Project Are

City/ Cities

County/ Counties	Maverick
HUC 8	13080001,
	13080002
HUC 12	130800020703,
	130800020702
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.02

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?
Population at Risk
Roadways flooded
Critical Facilities Impacted
Notes:

Project Costs

Total Cost:
Non-reoccurring Non-
capital Cost (include in Total
above):
Estimated year to start:
Time to complete?

No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions, elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)

Infrastructure



✓	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
		# of structures inundated		
✓	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

Study Sponsor: City of Eagle Pass These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and non-engineering study costs.

Entity with Oversight City of Eagle Pass Included in a Hazard Mitigation Yes 🗸 No 🗆

\$52,800

Yes

Yes Yes



FMP Flood Mitigation Project Fact Sheet

FMP ID: 153000034

Action Plan or other plan?Funding Dedicated?Yes □ No ✓(Potential) Source of Funding FIF, local

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes 🗆	No √	
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸	
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes \square	No 🗆	
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Risk Area 4 Bibb & Misty Willow storm drain

FMP Description

Project includes installing 6'x4' RCB along Misty Willow Drive from N Bibb Avenue to existing channel between N Bibb Avenue and Timber Valley and installing curb inlets on N Bibb Avenue and Misty Willow Drive.

Project Type

- ✓ Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)

Project Area

City/ Cities

County/ Counties Maverick HUC 8 13080001, 13080002 HUC 12 130800020703, 130800020702 Study Area (sq. mi.) 0.02

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?
Population at Risk
Roadways flooded
Critical Facilities Impacted
Notes:

Project Costs

Total Cost:
Non-reoccurring Non-
capital Cost (include in Total
above):
Estimated year to start:
Time to complete?

No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions, elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)

Proposed 6'x4' RCB

FMP ID: 153000035

 \checkmark Infrastructure



\$316,80	00
----------	----

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Yes 🗆 No 🗆

Study Sponsor: City of Eagle Pass These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and non-engineering study costs.

Entity with Oversight City of Eagle Pass Included in a Hazard Mitigation Yes 🗸 No 🗆





Fact Sheet

Action Plan or other plan?Funding Dedicated?Yes □ No ✓(Potential) Source of Funding FIF, local

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes 🗆	No √	
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸	
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes \square	No 🗆	
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

FINP Flood Mitigation Project

FMP ID: 153000036

No Structural Projects (Property easement

acquisitions, elevation of structures, flood-proofing,

Risk Area 5 Debona Drive

FMP Description

Project includes constructing a 5' deep trapezoidal channel approximately 30 feet wide with 3:1 side slopes and a 5' concrete pilot channel, replacing Juarez Street culvert with 8'x4' box culvert, and realigning existing channel to provide additional distance from homes.

Project Type

- ✓ Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)

Project Area

City/ Cities

County/ Counties	Maverick
HUC 8	13080001,
	13080002
HUC 12	130800020703,
	130800020702
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.02

Emergency Need

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸
Population at Risk	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆
Notes:	

Project Costs

Total Cost: Non-reoccurring Noncapital Cost (include in Total above): Estimated year to start: Time to complete?

early warn systems) ✓ Infrastructure



No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
	# of structures inundated		
No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	

\$359,700

Study Sponsor: City of Eagle Pass These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and non-engineering study costs.

Entity with Oversight C Included in a Hazard Mitigation Ye Action Plan or other plan?

City of Eagle Pass Yes ✓ No □

Funding Dedicated?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

(Potential) Source of Funding FIF, local

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆 Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆 Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆 Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Risk Area 6 Trib 2 bypass & detention at Eagle Pass High School fields

FMP Description

Project includes bypassing flow from Golfcrest Drive to the detention pond with 1-6'x4', RCB Modifying outfall structure from 2-5'x3' RCB to 1-5'x3' RCB, and Lowering existing baseball field by 3 ft to provide an additional 30 ac-ft of storage.

Project Type

- Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)

Project Area

City/	Cities	

County/ Counties	Maverick
HUC 8	13080001,
	13080002
HUC 12	130800020703
	130800020702
Study Area (sg. mi.)	0.10

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?
Population at Risk
Roadways flooded
Critical Facilities Impacted
Notes:

Project Costs

Total Cost:
Non-reoccurring Non-
capital Cost (include in Total
above):
Estimated year to start:
Time to complete?

- No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions, elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)
- ✓ Infrastructure



Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
		# of structures inundated		
Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No

\$957,000

Study Sponsor: City of Eagle Pass These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and non-engineering study costs.

Entity with Oversight City of Eagle Pass Included in a Hazard Mitigation Yes ✓ No □

5 Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group

FMP ID: 153000037



Fact Sheet

Flood Mitigation Project

			Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 I	No ✓	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes \square	No ✓	
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸	
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Page 1 of 2

Flood Mitigation Project Fact Sheet

FMP

Risk Area 8 Tributary 2 channel widening near Alexander Drive

FMP ID: 153000038

FMP Description

Project includes constructing a 3' deep trapezoidal channel with a 76' bottom width with 4:1 side slopes from Graves Elementary School to the confluence of existing channels and constructing a 4' deep trapezoidal channel with a 11' bottom width with 4:1 side slopes from confluence of existing channels to existing culvert at Kelso Drive.

Project Type

- Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)
- Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)

Project Area

City/ Cities	
County/ Counties	Maverick
HUC 8	13080001,
	13080002
HUC 12	130800020703
	130800020702
Study Area (sq. mi.)	0.04

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No
Population at Risk		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗸	No
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No
Notes:		

Project Costs

Total Cost: Non-reoccurring Non-capital Cost (include in Total above): Estimated year to start: Time to complete?

Funding Dedicated?

- No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions, elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)
- ✓ Infrastructure



of structures inundated Miles inundated? Agricultural Land impacted Yes D No D

 \$80,300 Study Sponsor: City of Eagle Pass These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and non- engineering study costs. Entity with Oversight City of Eagle Pass Included in a Hazard Mitigation Yes ✓ No □ Action Plan or other plan?
 Yes □ No ✓ (Potential) Source of Funding FIF, local



Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸	
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown 🗸
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸	
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- □ Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIP-minimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- □ Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

Page 1 of 2

Alton MDP - North Inspiration Road and West St. Jude Avenue

FMP Description

Upsize The Storm Drain Under West St. Jude Avenue. Trunk Line Will Consist Of 1900 Lf Of A Single 7'X5' Rcb Sloped At 0.5% From The Area Just West Of The Neighborhood On W. St. Jude Avenue To The West Main Drain Channel, Downstream (North) Of The Existing 10'X7' Box Culvert. Discharging At An Angle On The Northside Of St. Jude Avenue Will Improve Efficiency Where The Tailwater Of West Main Drain Is Much Lower. Small Detention Pond Will Be Required On The Westside Of The Houses On Rhode Island St To Capture Runoff From The 700 Acres Mentioned Earlier. Berm Improvements Are Recommended Along The West Main Drain Bank. Overall, 72 Existing Structures Will Be Removed From The 25 Yr. Floodplain.

Project Type

Structural Project (retention/ detention, levees, channelization, dams, low water crossing, flow structures, reservoirs, storm drainage improvements, etc.)

\$2,609,200

Nature Based (Structural) Projects (wetlands, bioswales, river restorations, etc.)

Project Area City/Cition

City/ Cities	
County/ Counties	Hidalgo
HUC 8	12110207,
	12110258
HUC 12	121102080100
	121102080300
	130900020311
Study Area (sq. mi.)	N/A

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding? Population at Risk Roadways flooded **Critical Facilities Impacted** Notes:

Project Costs

Total Cost: Non-reoccurring Non-capital Cost (include in Total above): Estimated year to start:

No Structural Projects (Property easement acquisitions, elevation of structures, flood-proofing, early warn systems)

Infrastructure



Study Sponsor:

Entity with Oversight

engineering study costs.

City of Alton

City of Alton

These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and non-



FMP Flood Mitigation Project

Fact Sheet

FMP ID: 153000039



FIOOD Mitigation Project Fact Sheet

Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🖌 No 🗆
		Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FIF, local

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?	Yes 🗆	No ✓	
Does the project have any negative effects, per TWDB guidelines?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown
Does the project have a Benefit Cost Ratio greater than 1?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown
Does the project reduce flood risk for the 100-Yr flood event?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Unknown
Does the Project provide a Water Supply Benefit?	Yes 🗆	No 🗸	
Has all the ROW been acquired?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	
Will permits or interlocal agreements be needed for this project?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIP-minimum
standards

- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- □ Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

FLOOD MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES (FMSs) FACT SHEETS



Flood Management Strategies Fact Sheet

FMS ID: 15200001

Insert snip of Location Map here

Bayview Action #19

FMS Description

Upgrade the Town's website to include local information on hazards, risks, mitigation, protective actions, and applicable ordinances

Strategy Type

- Education and Outreach Activities
- Protected Areas

- Regulatory and GuidanceDevelopment Standards
- ✓ Flood Preparedness Programs
 □ Other:

Strategy Area

City/ Cities Bayview County/ Counties Cameron HUC 8 12110208

HUC 12

Study Area (sq. mi.)

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🖌 No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk		# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:				

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$10,000	Study Sponsor:	Bayview	
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for progra	am development, education campaign, and	
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.		
above):				
Estimated year to start:	2018	Entity with Oversight	Bayview	
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆	
	2020	Action Plan or other plan?		
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	HMGP: Local Funding	

Flood Management Strategies Fact Sheet

FMS

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Ves \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FMS

Flood Management Strategies Fact Sheet

Bayview Action #7

FMS ID: 152000002

FMS Description

Approve and Adopt FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps

Strategy Type

□ Education and Outreach Activities

□ Protected Areas

✓ Regulatory and Guidance □ Development Standards

- □ Flood Preparedness Programs
- □ Other:

Strategy Area City/ Cities	Bayview	Insert snip of Location Map here
County/ Counties	Cameron	
HUC 8	12110208	
HUC 12		
Study Area (sq. mi.)		
Emergency New Yes ✓ No □	ed	

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:					

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$1,000	Study Sponsor:	Bayview	
Non-reoccurring Non- capital Cost (include in Total above):		These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and non-engineering study costs.		
Estimated year to start:	2019	Entity with Oversight	Bayview	
Time to complete?	2021	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆	
	2021	Action Plan or other plan?		
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	Local Funding	

Flood Management Strategies Fact Sheet

FMS

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Yes \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FIOOD Management Strategies Fact Sheet

FMS ID: 15200003

✓ Other:

Insert snip of Location Map here

□ Flood Preparedness Programs

Bayview Action #8

FMS Description

Develop cooperative agreement with state and county to address flood risk to roadways leading in and out of town – outside of jurisdictional boundaries

□ Regulatory and Guidance

□ Development Standards

Strategy Type

- Education and Outreach Activities
- Protected Areas

Strategy Area

- City/ Cities Bayview County/ Counties Cameron
 - HUC 8 12110208
 - HUC 12

Study Area (sq. mi.)

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:					

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$1,000	Study Sponsor:	Bayview	
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for progra	am development, education campaign, and	
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.		
above):				
Estimated year to start:	2018	Entity with Oversight	Bayview	
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆	
	2020	Action Plan or other plan?		
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	Local Funding	

Flood Management Strategies Fact Sheet

FMS

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Yes \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain


FMS ID: 15200004 **Bayview Action #9 FMS** Description Participate in the National Flood Insurance Program Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- Protected Areas

- ✓ Regulatory and Guidance
- □ Development Standards
- □ Flood Preparedness Programs
- □ Other:

Strategy Area

City/ Cities Bayview Insert snip of Location Map here County/ Counties Cameron 12110208 HUC 8 **HUC 12** Study Area (sq. mi.) **Emergency Need** Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 🛚	lo 🗆
Notes:					

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$1,000	Study Sponsor:	Bayview
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for progra	am development, education campaign, and
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.	
above):			
Estimated year to start:	2018	Entity with Oversight	Bayview
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
	2020	Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	Local Funding
Funding Dedicated?		(Fotential) Source of Funding	



FIOOd Management Strategies

Fact Sheet

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Ves \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FIOOD Management Strategies Fact Sheet

FMS ID: 15200005

Indian Lake Action #2

FMS Description

Educate property owners about residential mitigation measures for all natural hazards such as the need to elevate structures, implementing residential mitigation measures, install retaining walls, and avoid building in high hazard areas

Strategy Type

- ✓ Education and Outreach Activities
- □ Protected Areas

- Regulatory and GuidanceDevelopment Standards
- Flood Preparedness Programs
- □ Other:

Strategy Area	Indian Lake	Insert spin of Location Man here
ony ones		insert sing of Eocation Map here
County/ Counties	Cameron	
HUC 8	12110208	
HUC 12		
Study Area (sq. mi.)		
Emergency New Yes ✓ No □	ed	

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸 I	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:	
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆 I	No 🗆	Miles inundated?	
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆 I	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆
Notes:				

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$500	Study Sponsor:	Indian Lake	
Non-reoccurring Non- capital Cost (include in Total		These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and non-engineering study costs.		
above):				
Estimated year to start:	2020	Entity with Oversight	Indian Lake	
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆	
	2022	Action Plan or other plan?		
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	General Fund; HMGP	

FMS

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Yes \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- ✓ Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

FMS

Brownsville Public Utilities Board Action #8

FMS ID: 15200006

FMS Description

EGIO

Develop program to annually remove buildup of silt in area Resacas that become cutoff from the river and contribute to flooding during severe flood or hurricane event

Strategy Type

- Education and Outreach Activities
- □ Protected Areas

- ✓ Regulatory and Guidance□ Development Standards
- □ Flood Preparedness Programs
- □ Other:

Strategy Area City/ Cities	Brownsville	Insert snip of Location Map here
County/ Counties	Cameron	
HUC 8	12110208	
HUC 12		
Study Area (sq. mi.)		
Emergency Ner Yes ✓ No □	ed	

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:	
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?	
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆
Notes:				

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$20,000	Study Sponsor:	Brownsville	
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and		
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.		
above):				
Estimated year to start:	2016	Entity with Oversight	Brownsville	
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆	
	2018	Action Plan or other plan?		
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	Grants	

FMS

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Yes \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



City Of Brownsville Action #2

FMS ID: 15200007

FMS Description

Join the Community Rating System program to reduce risk and flood insurance premiums to residents

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- Protected Areas

- $\checkmark\,$ Regulatory and Guidance
- $\hfill\square$ Development Standards
- □ Flood Preparedness Programs
- □ Other:

Strategy Area

City/ Cities	Brownsville	Insert snip of Location Map here
County/ Counties	Cameron	
HUC 8	12110208	
HUC 12		
Study Area (sq. mi.)		
Emergency Ne Yes ✓ No □	ed	

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:					

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$100,000	Study Sponsor:	Brownsville	
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and		
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.		
above):				
Estimated year to start:	2015	Entity with Oversight	Brownsville	
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆	
	2017	Action Plan or other plan?		
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	Local Revenue, Storm Water Fee	



Flood Management Strategies Fact Sheet

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Ves \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- □ Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- ✓ Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



Indian Lake Action #11

FMS ID: 15200008

FMS Description

Adopt revised floodplain ordinance to include model ordinance language and higher NFIP standards such as freeboard

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- Protected Areas

- $\checkmark\,$ Regulatory and Guidance
- Development Standards
- □ Flood Preparedness Programs
- \Box Other:

Strategy Area

City/ Cities	Indian Lake	Insert snip of Location Map here
County/ Counties	Cameron	
HUC 8	12110208	
HUC 12		
Study Area (sq. mi.)		
Emergency Neo Yes ✓ No □	ed	

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:					

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$500	Study Sponsor:	Indian Lake
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for progra	am development, education campaign, and
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.	
above):			
Estimated year to start:	2018	Entity with Oversight	Indian Lake
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
	2020	Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	General Fund; HMGP



Flood Management Strategies Fact Sheet

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Ves \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- ✓ Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



Indian Lake Action #9 FMS ID: 152000009 **FMS** Description Prepare and advertise local evacuation plan and procedures Strategy Type ✓ Education and Outreach Activities ✓ Flood Preparedness Programs □ Regulatory and Guidance Protected Areas □ Development Standards □ Other: **Strategy Area** City/ Cities Indian Lake Insert snip of Location Map here County/ Counties Cameron 12110208 HUC 8 **HUC 12** Study Area (sq. mi.) **Emergency Need**

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes [.]			. .		

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$500	Study Sponsor:	Indian Lake
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for progra	am development, education campaign, and
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.	
above):			
Estimated year to start:	2019	Entity with Oversight	Indian Lake
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
	2021	Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	General Fund; HMGP; FEMA AFG



FIOOD Management Strategies

Fact Sheet

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Ves \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- □ Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FMS ID: 152000010 Port Isabel Action #10 **FMS** Description Prepare and advertise local evacuation plan Strategy Type ✓ Education and Outreach Activities ✓ Flood Preparedness Programs □ Regulatory and Guidance Protected Areas □ Development Standards □ Other: **Strategy Area** City/ Cities Port Isabel Insert snip of Location Map here County/ Counties Cameron HUC 8 12110208 **HUC 12** Study Area (sq. mi.)

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:					

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$500	Study Sponsor:	Port Isabel
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for progra	am development, education campaign, and
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.	
above):			
Estimated year to start:	2019	Entity with Oversight	Port Isabel
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
	2021	Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	HMGP; General Funds; AFG



Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Ves \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- □ Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



Flood Management Strategies Fact Sheet

Port Isabel Action #11

FMS ID: 152000011

FMS Description

Update floodplain management ordinances to include higher standards required to join the CRS program; Join the CRS program upon adoption of ordinance

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- □ Protected Areas

- ✓ Regulatory and Guidance□ Development Standards
- Flood Preparedness Programs
- □ Other:

Strategy Area		
City/ Cities	Port Isabel	Insert snip of Location Map here
County/ Counties	Cameron	
HUC 8	12110208	
HUC 12		
Study Area (sq. mi.)		
Emergency Nev Yes ✓ No □	ed	

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:	
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?	
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆
Notes:				

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$500	Study Sponsor:	Port Isabel
Non-reoccurring Non- capital Cost (include in Total		These are one-time costs for progra non-engineering study costs.	am development, education campaign, and
above):			
Estimated year to start:	2018	Entity with Oversight	Port Isabel
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
	2020	Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	HMGP; General Funds

FMS

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Ves \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- ✓ Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- ✓ Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



Port Isabel Action #12

FMS ID: 152000012

FMS Description

Adopt NFIP model ordinance with higher floodplain standards

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- Protected Areas

- ✓ Regulatory and Guidance
- Development Standards
- □ Flood Preparedness Programs
- □ Other:

Strategy Area

 City/ Cities
 Port Isabel
 Insert snip of Location Map here

 County/ Counties
 Cameron
 Insert snip of Location Map here

 HUC 8
 12110208
 Insert snip of Location Map here

 HUC 12
 Study Area (sq. mi.)
 Insert snip of Location Map here

 Emergency Need
 Yes ✓ No □
 Insert snip of Location Map here

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 N	lo 🗆
Notes:					

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$500	Study Sponsor:	Port Isabel
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for progra	am development, education campaign, and
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.	
above):			
Estimated year to start:	2018	Entity with Oversight	Port Isabel
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
	2020	Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	HMGP; General Funds



Flood Management Strategies Fact Sheet

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Ves \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- ✓ Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FMS Ianagement Strategies

Flood Management Strategies Fact Sheet

Port Isabel Action #21

FMS ID: 152000013

FMS Description

Use the internet and social media to warn citizens of disasters and extreme weather on a regular basis as well as how to prepare for such events and mitigate damages

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- □ Protected Areas

- Regulatory and GuidanceDevelopment Standards
- ✓ Flood Preparedness Programs
- □ Other:

Strategy Area City/ Cities	Port Isabel	Insert snip of Location Map here
County/ Counties	Cameron	
HUC 8	12110208	
HUC 12		
Study Area (sq. mi.)		
Emergency Ne Yes ✓ No □	ed	

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸 I	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:	
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆 I	No 🗆	Miles inundated?	
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆 I	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆
Notes:				

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$500	Study Sponsor:	Port Isabel
Non-reoccurring Non- capital Cost (include in Total		These are one-time costs for progra non-engineering study costs.	am development, education campaign, and
above):			
Estimated year to start:	2018	Entity with Oversight	Port Isabel
Time to complete?	2020	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
		Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	HMGP; General Funds

FMS

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Yes \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FIOOD Management Strategies Fact Sheet

Port Isabel Action #25

FMS ID: 152000014

FMS Description

Implement early warning system for residents to notify of natural disasters; three warning sirens would be installed

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- Protected Areas

- $\hfill\square$ Regulatory and Guidance
- $\hfill\square$ Development Standards
- ✓ Flood Preparedness Programs
- □ Other:

Strategy Area

City/ Cities	Port Isabel	Insert snip of Location Map here
County/ Counties	Cameron	
HUC 8	12110208	
HUC 12		
Study Area (sq. mi.)		
Emergency Neo Yes ✓ No □	ed	

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:			-		

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$100,000	Study Sponsor:	Port Isabel
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for progra	am development, education campaign, and
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.	
above):			
Estimated year to start:	2019	Entity with Oversight	Port Isabel
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
	2021	Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	HMGP; General Funds



Flood Management Strategies Fact Sheet

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Ves \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- □ Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FMS ID: 152000015

Primera Action #1

FMS Description

Amend subdivision ordinances to require retention or detention ponds in any new subdivision

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- Protected Areas

- $\checkmark\,$ Regulatory and Guidance
- $\hfill\square$ Development Standards
- □ Flood Preparedness Programs
- □ Other:

Strategy Area

City/ Cities	Primera	Insert snip of Location Map here
County/ Counties	Cameron	
HUC 8	12110208	
HUC 12		
Study Area (sq. mi.)		
Emergency Ne Yes ✓ No □	ed	

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:					

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$5,000	Study Sponsor:	Primera
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for progra	m development, education campaign, and
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.	
above):			
Estimated year to start:	2018	Entity with Oversight	Primera
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
	2020	Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	Local Funds



Flood Management Strategies Fact Sheet

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Ves \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- ✓ Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



Primera Action #10

FMS ID: 152000016

FMS Description

Adopt higher floodplain standards such as freeboard and cumulative substantial damage

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- Protected Areas

- ✓ Regulatory and Guidance
- Development Standards
- □ Flood Preparedness Programs
- □ Other:

Strategy Area

City/ Cities	Primera	Insert snip of Location Map here
County/ Counties	Cameron	
HUC 8	12110208	
HUC 12		
Study Area (sq. mi.)		
Emergency Ne Yes ✓ No □	ed	

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:			. .		

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$5,000	Study Sponsor:	Primera
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for progra	am development, education campaign, and
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.	
above):			
Estimated year to start:	2019	Entity with Oversight	Primera
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
	2021	Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	Local Funds; HMGP



Flood Management Strategies Fact Sheet

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Ves \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- ✓ Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FIOOD Management Strategies Fact Sheet

FMS ID: 152000017

Primera Action #8

FMS Description

Implement early warning system to new areas of the jurisdiction to alert residents of impending severe weather

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- Protected Areas

- □ Regulatory and Guidance
- Development Standards
- ✓ Flood Preparedness Programs
- □ Other:

Strategy Area

City/ Cities	Primera	Insert snip of Location Map here
County/ Counties	Cameron	
HUC 8	12110208	
HUC 12		
Study Area (sq. mi.)		
Emergency Neo Yes ✓ No □	ed	

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:					

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$75,000	Study Sponsor:	Primera	
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and		
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.		
above):				
Estimated year to start:	2018	Entity with Oversight	Primera	
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆	
	2020	Action Plan or other plan?		
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	Local Funds; HMGP	



Flood Management Strategies

Fact Sheet

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Yes ✓ No □ TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- □ Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FMS ID: 152000018

□ Other:

□ Flood Preparedness Programs

Rancho Viejo Action #3

FMS Description

Adopt the International Building Code (IBC) and International Residential Code (IRC); revise and update regulatory floodplain maps; adopt higher standards in floodplain ordinances including freeboard, no-rise in the floodplain, cumulative substantial damage, etc.

✓ Regulatory and Guidance

□ Development Standards

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- Protected Areas

Strategy Area

 City/ Cities
 Rancho Viejo
 Insert snip of Location Map here

 County/ Counties
 Cameron

 HUC 8
 12110208

 HUC 12
 Study Area (sq. mi.)

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No \Box
Notes:					

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$5,000	Study Sponsor:	Rancho Viejo	
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and		
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.		
above):				
Estimated year to start:	2018	Entity with Oversight	Rancho Viejo	
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆	
	2020	Action Plan or other plan?		
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	Local Funds; HMGP	

FMS

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Ves \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- ✓ Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FIOOD Management Strategies Fact Sheet

FMS ID: 152000019

Rancho Viejo Action #11

FMS Description

Update website with maps and information including StormReady data and links; Mail educational brochures to residents in hazard-prone areas on mitigation measures to reduce damages

Strategy Type

- ✓ Education and Outreach Activities
- Protected Areas

- Regulatory and GuidanceDevelopment Standards
- Flood Preparedness Programs
- □ Other:

Strategy Area		
City/ Cities	Rancho Viejo	Insert snip of Location Map here
County/ Counties	Cameron	
HUC 8	12110208	
HUC 12		
Study Area (sq. mi.)		
Emergency Ne Yes ✓ No □	ed	

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:	
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?	
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆
Notes:				

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$5,000	Study Sponsor:	Rancho Viejo
Non-reoccurring Non- capital Cost (include in Total		These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, a non-engineering study costs.	
above):			
Estimated year to start:	2018	Entity with Oversight	Rancho Viejo
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
	2020	Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	Local Funds; HMGP

FMS

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Ves \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



Rio Hondo Action #4

FMS ID: 152000020

FMS Description

Adopt ASCE24-05 Flood Resistant Design and Construction to reduce flooding caused by Storm Surge

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- Protected Areas

- $\checkmark\,$ Regulatory and Guidance
- $\hfill\square$ Development Standards
- □ Flood Preparedness Programs
- □ Other:

Strategy Area

 City/ Cities
 Rio Hondo
 Insert snip of Location Map here

 County/ Counties
 Cameron
 HUC 8
 12110208

 HUC 12
 Study Area (sq. mi.)
 Study Area (sq. mi.)

 Emergency Need
 Yes ✓ No □
 Ves ✓ No □

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸 🛚 N	lo 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆 🛛	lo 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆 🛚	lo 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:					

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$2,000,000	Study Sponsor:	Rio Hondo	
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and		
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.		
above):				
Estimated year to start:	2021	Entity with Oversight	Rio Hondo	
Time to complete?	2023	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆	
		Action Plan or other plan?		
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	USDA; City Funds; HMGP	



Flood Management Strategies Fact Sheet

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Ves \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- ✓ Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FIOOD Management Strategies Fact Sheet

San Benito Action #13

FMS ID: 152000021

FMS Description

Adopt higher standards into the flood damage prevention ordinance to limit floodplain development and provide higher protection to structures in the floodplain

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- □ Protected Areas

- □ Regulatory and Guidance✓ Development Standards
- □ Flood Preparedness Programs
- □ Other:

Strategy Area		
City/ Cities	San Benito	Insert snip of Location Map here
County/ Counties	Cameron	
HUC 8	12110208	
HUC 12		
Study Area (sq. mi.)		
Emergency New Yes ✓ No □	ed	

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🖌 No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:	
Population at Risk		# of structures inundated	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	Miles inundated?	
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆
Notes:			

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$10,000	Study Sponsor:	San Benito	
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and		
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.		
above):				
Estimated year to start:	2020	Entity with Oversight	San Benito	
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆	
	2022	Action Plan or other plan?		
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	CDBG; EDC; Pre-Disaster Mitigation Grant	
			Program	

FMS

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Ves \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain


FIOOD Management Strategies Fact Sheet

South Padre Island Action #3

FMS ID: 152000023

FMS Description

Adoption erosion control ordinance and prohibit development in high-hazard areas

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- Protected Areas

- ✓ Regulatory and Guidance
- $\hfill\square$ Development Standards
- □ Flood Preparedness Programs
- □ Other:

Strategy Area

 City/ Cities
 South Padre Island
 Insert snip of Location Map here

 County/ Counties
 Cameron
 HUC 8
 12110208

 HUC 12
 HUC 12
 Study Area (sq. mi.)
 HUC 12

 Study Area (sq. mi.)
 Femergency Need
 HUC 12

 Yes ✓ No □
 Yes ✓ No □
 Yes ✓ No □

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸 N	lo 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆 N	lo 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆 N	lo 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:					

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$5,000	Study Sponsor:	South Padre Island		
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and			
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.			
above):					
Estimated year to start:	2018	Entity with Oversight	South Padre Island		
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆		
	2020	Action Plan or other plan?			
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	HMGP; Local Funds		



FMS

Flood Management Strategies Fact Sheet

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Ves \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- ✓ Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:	
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?	
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆
Notes:				

Strategy Costs

\$5,000	Study Sponsor:	South Padre Island		
	These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and			
	non-engineering study costs.			
2021	Entity with Oversight	South Padre Island		
2023	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆		
	Action Plan or other plan?			
Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	HMGP; Local Funds		
	\$5,000 2021 2023 Yes □ No ✓	\$5,000 Study Sponsor: These are one-time costs for progration non-engineering study costs. 2021 Entity with Oversight 2023 Included in a Hazard Mitigation Action Plan or other plan? Yes □ No ✓ Yes □ No ✓ (Potential) Source of Funding		

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

FMS

Flood Management Strategies



FMS

Flood Management Strategies Fact Sheet

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Ves \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- ✓ Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FIOOD Management Strategies Fact Sheet

FMS ID: 152000024

Alamo #4-1.1

FMS Description

Alamo Pd Will Create A Working Evacuation List For Emergency Situations. Prioritize Flood Prone Areas

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- Protected Areas

- ✓ Regulatory and Guidance□ Development Standards
- □ Flood Preparedness Programs
- Other:

Strategy Area

City/ Cities	Alamo	Insert snip of Location Map here
County/ Counties	Hidalgo	
HUC 8	12110208	
HUC 12		
Study Area (sq. mi.)		
Emergency Nee Yes ✓ No □	ed	

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:					

Total Cost:	\$1,000	Study Sponsor:	Alamo		
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and			
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.			
above):					
Estimated year to start:	2024	Entity with Oversight	Alamo		
Time to complete?	2026	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆		
		Action Plan or other plan?			
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	Identify Grants; Police Department		
-			Budget		

FMS

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Yes \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FMS ID: 152000025

Alamo #5-1.1

FMS Description

Implement Program To Provide Links To Weather Alerts And Departmental Phone Listings With Contact Personnel For Residents.

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- Protected Areas

- Regulatory and GuidanceDevelopment Standards
- ✓ Flood Preparedness Programs
- Other:

Strategy Area

City/ Cities	Alamo	Insert snip of Location Map here
County/ Counties	Hidalgo	
HUC 8	12110208	
HUC 12		
Study Area (sq. mi.)		
Emergency Neo Yes ✓ No □	ed	

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:					

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$2,000	Study Sponsor:	Alamo		
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and			
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.			
above):					
Estimated year to start:	2023	Entity with Oversight	Alamo		
Time to complete?	2025	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆		
		Action Plan or other plan?			
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗌 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	Jurisdiction Budget		
		and the second sec			



Fact Sheet

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Ves \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- □ Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



County/ Counties Hidalgo HUC 8 12110208 HUC 12 Study Area (sq. mi.) Emergency Need Yes ✓ No □

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes [.]					

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$5,000	Study Sponsor:	Edcouch	
Non-reoccurring Non- capital Cost (include in Total		These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and non-engineering study costs.		
above):				
Estimated year to start:	2021	Entity with Oversight	Edcouch	
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆	
	2022	Action Plan or other plan?		
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FEMA	



Fact Sheet

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Ves \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- □ Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FIOOD Management Strategies Fact Sheet

FMS ID: 152000027

Edcouch #5-1.1

FMS Description

Implement Program To Provide Links To Weather Alerts And Departmental Phone Listings With Contact Personnel For Residents.

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- Protected Areas

- □ Regulatory and Guidance
- Development Standards
- ✓ Flood Preparedness Programs
- □ Other:

Strategy Area

City/ Cities	Edcouch	Insert snip of Location Map here
County/ Counties	Hidalgo	
HUC 8	12110208	
HUC 12		
Study Area (sq. mi.)		
Emergency Neo Yes ✓ No □	ed	

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:			. .		

Strategy Costs

\$2,000	Study Sponsor:	Edcouch
	These are one-time costs for progra	am development, education campaign, and
	non-engineering study costs.	
2021	Entity with Oversight	Edcouch
2021	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
	Action Plan or other plan?	
Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	Jurisdiction Budget
	\$2,000 2021 2021 Yes □ No ✓	\$2,000Study Sponsor:These are one-time costs for progra non-engineering study costs.20212021Entity with Oversight2021Included in a Hazard Mitigation Action Plan or other plan?Yes □ No ✓Yes □ No ✓



Fact Sheet

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Ves \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- □ Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FIOOD Management Strategies Fact Sheet

FMS ID: 15200028

Edcouch #7-1.1

FMS Description

Develop Procedures For Mass Notifications To Citizens And Merchants During Natural Hazard Incident. Solicit Bids For System. Purchase Emergency Notification System And Install Distribute Information On New System And Conduct Training

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- Protected Areas

- Regulatory and GuidanceDevelopment Standards
- ✓ Flood Preparedness Programs□ Other:

Strategy Area City/ Cities	Edcouch	Insert snip of Location Map here
County/ Counties	Hidalgo	
HUC 8	12110208	
HUC 12		
Study Area (sq. mi.)		
Emergency Ne Yes ✓ No □	ed	

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:					

Total Cost:	\$25,000	Study Sponsor:	Edcouch
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for progra	am development, education campaign, and
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.	
above):			
Estimated year to start:	2021	Entity with Oversight	Edcouch
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
	2023	Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	Jurisdiction Budget

FMS

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Ves \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



Edinburg #1-1.2 FMS ID: 152000029 FMS Description Implement Reverse 9-1-1 System Strategy Type Regulatory and Guidance ✓ Flood Preparedness Programs Protected Areas Development Standards Other:

 City/ Cities Edinburg
 Insert snip of Location Map here

 County/ Counties Hidalgo
 HUC 8 12110208

 HUC 12
 HUC 12

 Study Area (sq. mi.)
 Emergency Need

 Yes ✓ No □
 Image: Note that the second se

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:					

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$250,000	Study Sponsor:	Edinburg
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for progra	am development, education campaign, and
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.	
above):			
Estimated year to start:	2021	Entity with Oversight	Edinburg
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
	2022	Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	Federal, State, & Local
		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	



Fact Sheet

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Ves \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- □ Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FMS ID: 152000030

Edinburg #7-1.1

FMS Description

Implement Program To Provide Links To Weather Alerts And Departmental Phone Listings With Contact Personnel For Residents.

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- Protected Areas

- □ Regulatory and Guidance
- $\hfill\square$ Development Standards
- ✓ Flood Preparedness Programs
- □ Other:

Strategy Area

City/ Cities	Edinburg	Insert snip of Location Map here
County/ Counties	Hidalgo	
HUC 8	12110208	
HUC 12		
Study Area (sq. mi.)		
Emergency Neo Yes 🗸 No 🗆	ed	

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸 🛛	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆 🛛	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆 🛛	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:			-		

Strategy Costs

on campaign, and
-



Fact Sheet

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Ves \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- □ Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



Fact Sheet

FMS ID: 152000031

Edinburg #9-1.2

FMS Description

Develop Procedures For Mass Notifications To Citizens And Merchants During Natural Hazard Incident. Solicit Bids For System. Purchase Emergency Notification System And Install Distribute Information On New System And Conduct Training

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- □ Protected Areas

- Regulatory and GuidanceDevelopment Standards
- ✓ Flood Preparedness Programs□ Other:

Strategy Area City/ Cities	Edinburg	Insert snip of Location Map here
County/ Counties	Hidalgo	
HUC 8	12110208	
HUC 12		
Study Area (sq. mi.)		
Emergency Ner Yes ✓ No □	ed	

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆]
Notes:					

Total Cost:	\$31,000	Study Sponsor:	Edinburg	
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and		
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.		
above):				
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight	Edinburg	
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆	
	Completed	Action Plan or other plan?		
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	Jurisdiction Budget	

FMS

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Yes \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FMS ID: 152000032

Hidalgo #5-1.1

FMS Description

Implement Program To Provide Links To Weather Alerts And Departmental Phone Listings With Contact Personnel For Residents.

Strategy Type

- ✓ Education and Outreach Activities
- Protected Areas

- $\hfill\square$ Regulatory and Guidance
- $\hfill\square$ Development Standards
- □ Flood Preparedness Programs
- □ Other:

Strategy Area

 City/ Cities
 Hidalgo

 County/ Counties
 Hidalgo

 HUC 8
 12110207

 12110213
 HUC 12

 Study Area (sq. mi.)
 Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:			-		

Total Cost:	\$5,000	Study Sponsor: Hidalgo			
Non-reoccurring Non- capital Cost (include in Total		These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and non-engineering study costs.			
abuve).					
Estimated year to start:	2022	Entity with Oversight	Hidalgo		
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆		
	2023	Action Plan or other plan?			
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	N/A		

FMS

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Yes \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FMS ID: 152000033

Hidalgo County #11-1.2

FMS Description

Implement An Inspection, Maintenance, And Enforcement Program To Ensure Continued Structural Integrity of Dams And Levees.

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- Protected Areas

- □ Regulatory and Guidance
- Development Standards
- □ Flood Preparedness Programs
- ✓ Other:

Insert snip of Location Map here

Strategy Area

City/ Cities

County/ Counties Hidalgo

HUC 8 12110207

12110231

HUC 12

Study Area (sq. mi.)

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:					

Total Cost:	\$10,000	Study Sponsor:	Hidalgo County	
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and		
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.		
above):				
Estimated year to start:	2023	Entity with Oversight	Hidalgo County	
Time to complete?	2025	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆	
		Action Plan or other plan?		
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	Jurisdiction Budget, Grants	

FMS

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Yes \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- ✓ Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FIOOD Management Strategies Fact Sheet

FMS ID: 152000034

FMS Description

Hidalgo County #12-1.1

Implement Program To Provide Links To Weather Alerts And Departmental Phone Listings With Contact Personnel For Residents.

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- Protected Areas

- Regulatory and GuidanceDevelopment Standards
- ✓ Flood Preparedness Programs
- □ Other:

Insert snip of Location Map here

Strategy Area

City/ Cities

County/ Counties Hidalgo

HUC 8 12110207

12110233

HUC 12

Study Area (sq. mi.)

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:					

Total Cost:	\$100,000	Study Sponsor: Hidalgo County			
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and			
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.			
above):					
Estimated year to start:	2023	Entity with Oversight	Hidalgo County		
Time to complete?	2025	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🖌 No 🗆		
		Action Plan or other plan?			
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	FEMA, Department Budget		

FMS

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Yes \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FMS ID: 152000035

Hidalgo County #14-1.1

FMS Description

Develop Procedures For Mass Notifications To Citizens And Merchants During Natural Hazard Incident. Solicit Bids For System. Purchase Emergency Notification System And Install Distribute Information On New System And Conduct Training

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- Protected Areas

□ Regulatory and Guidance □ Development Standards

Г

- ✓ Flood Preparedness Programs □ Other:

Strategy Area City/ Cities		Insert snip of Location Map here
County/ Counties	Hidalgo	
HUC 8	12110207	
	12110236	
HUC 12		
Study Area (sq. mi.)		
Emergency Ne	ed	
Yes 🗸 No 🗆		

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:			-		

Total Cost:	\$100,000	Study Sponsor: Hidalgo County		
Non-reoccurring Non- capital Cost (include in Total above):		These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and non-engineering study costs.		
Estimated year to start:	2023	Entity with Oversight	Hidalgo County	
Time to complete?	2025	Included in a Hazard Mitigation Action Plan or other plan?	Yes ✔ No 🗆	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	Department Budget	

FMS

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Yes \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FMS ID: 152000036

Hidalgo County #2-2.1

FMS Description

Incorporate Assessments of Hazards, Including Hurricane, Flood, Wild Land Fires, And Severe Storms, Into Site Selection And Design For New Buildings And When Siting Or Leasing County Facilities

Strategy Type

- Education and Outreach Activities
- □ Protected Areas

- ✓ Regulatory and Guidance□ Development Standards
- □ Flood Preparedness Programs
- □ Other:



Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:	
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?	
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆
Notes:				

Total Cost:	\$25,000	Study Sponsor:	Hidalgo County	
Non-reoccurring Non- capital Cost (include in Total		These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and non-engineering study costs.		
above).				
Estimated year to start:	2023	Entity with Oversight	Hidalgo County	
Time to complete?	2025	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆	
		Action Plan or other plan?		
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	Annual Department Budget	

FMS

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Yes \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FMS ID: 152000037

FMS Description

Hidalgo County #3-1.2

Enhance The Appropriate Websites To Provide Convenient Access To Most Current Hazard Maps.

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- Protected Areas

- $\hfill\square$ Regulatory and Guidance
- Development Standards
- ✓ Flood Preparedness Programs
- □ Other:

Insert snip of Location Map here

Strategy Area

City/ Cities

County/ Counties Hidalgo

HUC 8 12110207

12110217

HUC 12

Study Area (sq. mi.)

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:			. .		

Total Cost:	\$50,000	Study Sponsor:	Hidalgo County	
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and		
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.		
above):				
Estimated year to start:	2023	Entity with Oversight	Hidalgo County	
Time to complete?	2025	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆	
		Action Plan or other plan?		
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	Annual Department Budget and External	
_			Funding	

FMS

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Yes \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FMS ID: 15200038

La Villa #6-1.1

FMS Description

Implement Program To Provide Links To Weather Alerts And Departmental Phone Listings With Contact Personnel For Residents.

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- Protected Areas

- Regulatory and GuidanceDevelopment Standards
- ✓ Flood Preparedness Programs
- Other:

Strategy Area

City/ Cities	La Villa	Insert snip of Location Map here	
County/ Counties	Hidalgo		
HUC 8	12110208		
HUC 12			
Study Area (sq. mi.)			
Emergency Nee	ed		
Yes 🖌 No 🗆			
Known Flood R	isk		
History of Flooding? Population at Risk	Yes 🗸	No D Frequency of flooding: # of structures inundated	

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 No	
Notes:					

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$1,000	Study Sponsor:	La Villa	
Non-reoccurring Non- capital Cost (include in Total		These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and non-engineering study costs.		
above):		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight	La Villa	
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆	
	Completed	Action Plan or other plan?		
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	(Potential) Source of Funding	N/A	



Fact Sheet

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Yes \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- ✓ Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FIOOD Management Strategies Fact Sheet

FMS ID: 152000039

La Villa #8-1.1

FMS Description

Develop Procedures For Mass Notifications To Citizens And Merchants During Natural Hazard Incident. Solicit Bids For System. Purchase Emergency Notification System And Install Distribute Information On New System And Conduct Training

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- □ Protected Areas

- Regulatory and GuidanceDevelopment Standards
- ✓ Flood Preparedness Programs□ Other:

Strategy Area City/ Cities	La Villa	Insert snip of Location Map here
County/ Counties	Hidalgo	
HUC 8	12110208	
HUC 12		
Study Area (sq. mi.)		
Emergency Ne	ed	
Yes 🖌 No 🗆		
Known Flood R	Risk	

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:					

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$31,000	Study Sponsor:	La Villa	
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and		
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.		
above):				
Estimated year to start:	2021	Entity with Oversight	La Villa	
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆	
	2023	Action Plan or other plan?		
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	Jurisdiction Budget	



Fact Sheet

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Ves \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- □ Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain


FMS ID: 152000040

McAllen #11-1.1

FMS Description

Implement Program To Provide Links To Weather Alerts And Departmental Phone Listings With Contact Personnel For Residents.

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- Protected Areas

- □ Regulatory and Guidance
- Development Standards
- ✓ Flood Preparedness Programs
- □ Other:

Strategy Area

 City/ Cities
 McAllen
 Insert snip of Location Map here

 County/ Counties
 Hidalgo
 HUC 8
 12110208

 HUC 12
 HUC 12

riistory of rioodirig.		riequency of noounig.	
Population at Risk		# of structures inundated	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	Miles inundated?	
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆
Notes:			

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$1,000	Study Sponsor:	McAllen	
Non-reoccurring Non- capital Cost (include in Total		These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and non-engineering study costs.		
above):				
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight	McAllen	
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆	
	Completed	Action Plan or other plan?		
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	Jurisdiction Budget	



Flood Management Strategies

Fact Sheet

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Yes \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- ✓ Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FMS ID: 152000041

McAllen #1-2.1

FMS Description

Develop Emergency Notification Awareness System For Traveling Public Via Transportation System In The Event of Severe Weather In McAllen

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- □ Protected Areas

- Regulatory and GuidanceDevelopment Standards
- ✓ Flood Preparedness Programs
 □ Other:

Strategy Area City/ Cities	McAllen	Insert snip of Location Map here
Country/ Countries		
County/ Counties	Hidaigo	
HUC 8	12110208	
HUC 12		
Study Area (sq. mi.)		
Emergency Ne	ed	
Yes 🗸 No 🗆		
Known Flood R	lisk	

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:	
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?	
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆
Notes:				

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$500,000	Study Sponsor:	McAllen	
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and		
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.		
above):				
Estimated year to start:	2021	Entity with Oversight	McAllen	
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆	
	2024	Action Plan or other plan?		
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	Grants, Matching City Funds	



Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per $Yes \square$ No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- □ Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



McAllen #1-2.1

FMS ID: 152000042

FMS Description

Provide A Means of Disseminating Emergency Information To The Citizens of McAllen

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- Protected Areas

- □ Regulatory and Guidance
 - Development Standards
- ✓ Flood Preparedness Programs
- □ Other:

Strategy Area

City/ Cities N	√IcAllen		Insert snip of Location Map here	
County/ Counties	Hidalgo			
HUC 8 1	12110208			
HUC 12				
Study Area (sq. mi.)				
Emergency Nee	d			
Yes 🖌 No 🗆				
Known Flood Ris	sk			
History of Flooding? Population at Risk	Yes 🗸	No D Freque	ency of flooding:	

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes \square	No 🗆
Notes:					

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$500,000	Study Sponsor:	McAllen	
Non-reoccurring Non- capital Cost (include in Total above):		These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and non-engineering study costs.		
Estimated year to start:	2021	Entity with Oversight	McAllen	
Time to complete?	2022	Included in a Hazard Mitigation Action Plan or other plan?	Yes ✔ No 🗆	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes □ No ✓	(Potential) Source of Funding	Grants, Matching City Funds	



Flood Management Strategies

Fact Sheet

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Yes \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- ✓ Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FMS ID: 152000043

Mercedes #11-1.1

FMS Description

Develop Procedures For Mass Notifications To Citizens And Merchants During Natural Hazard Incident. Solicit Bids For System. Purchase Emergency Notification System And Install Distribute Information On New System And Conduct Training

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- □ Protected Areas

- Regulatory and GuidanceDevelopment Standards
- ✓ Flood Preparedness Programs
 □ Other:

Strategy Area City/ Cities Mercedes City/ Cities Mercedes Insert snip of Location Map here County/ Counties Hidalgo HUC 8 12110208 HUC 12 HUC 12 Study Area (sq. mi.) Emergency Need Yes ✓ No □ Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 Ne	0 🗆
Notes:					

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$25,000	Study Sponsor:	Mercedes	
Non-reoccurring Non- capital Cost (include in Total		These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and non-engineering study costs.		
above):				
Estimated year to start:	2021	Entity with Oversight	Mercedes	
Time to complete?	2023	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆	
		Action Plan or other plan?		
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	Jurisdiction Budget	

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸



FIOOD Management Strategies

Fact Sheet

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Ves \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- □ Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FMS ID: 152000044

Mercedes #9-1.1

FMS Description

Implement Program To Provide Links To Weather Alerts And Departmental Phone Listings With Contact Personnel For Residents.

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- Protected Areas

- □ Regulatory and Guidance
- Development Standards
- □ Flood Preparedness Programs
- ✓ Other:

Strategy Area

 City/ Cities
 Mercedes
 Insert snip of Location Map here

 County/ Counties
 Hidalgo
 HUC 8
 12110208

 HUC 12
 HUC 12
 HUC 12
 HUC 12

 Study Area (sq. mi.)
 Emergency Need
 Yes ✓ No □

 Yes ✓ No □
 Known Flood Risk
 Frequency of flooding: # of structures inundated

history of Flooding?		riequency of hoouling.	
Population at Risk		<pre># of structures inundated</pre>	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	Miles inundated?	
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆
Notes:			

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$1,000	Study Sponsor:	Mercedes	
Non-reoccurring Non- capital Cost (include in Total above):		These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, an non-engineering study costs.		
Estimated year to start:	2022	Entity with Oversight	Mercedes	
Time to complete?	0004	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🖌 No 🗆	
	2024	Action Plan or other plan?		
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	Jurisdiction Budget	

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸



Flood Management Strategies

Fact Sheet

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Yes \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- ✓ Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FMS ID: 152000045

Mission #1-1.1

FMS Description

Develop Procedures For Mass Notifications To Citizens And Merchants During Natural Hazard Incident. Solicit Bids For System. Purchase Emergency Notification System And Install Distribute Information On New System And Conduct Training

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- □ Protected Areas

- Regulatory and GuidanceDevelopment Standards
- ✓ Flood Preparedness Programs□ Other:

Strategy Area City/ Cities	Mission	Insert snip of Location Map here
County/ Counties	Hidalgo	
HUC 8	12110208	
HUC 12		
Study Area (sq. mi.)		
Emergency Ne	ed	
Yes 🗸 No 🗆		
Known Flood R	lisk	

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:					

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$31,000	Study Sponsor:	Mission
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for progra	am development, education campaign, and
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.	
above):			
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight	Mission
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
	Completed	Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	City Of Mission



FIOOD Management Strategies

Fact Sheet

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Ves \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- □ Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FIOOD Management Strategies Fact Sheet

FMS ID: 152000046

Mission #7-1.1

FMS Description

Implement Program To Provide Links To Weather Alerts And Departmental Phone Listings With Contact Personnel For Residents.

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- Protected Areas

- Regulatory and GuidanceDevelopment Standards
- ✓ Flood Preparedness Programs
- □ Other:

Strategy Area

City/ Cities	Mission	Insert snip of Location Map here	
County/ Counties	Hidalgo		
HUC 8	12110208		
HUC 12			
Study Area (sq. mi.)			
Emergency Nee	ed		
Yes 🖌 No 🗆			
Known Flood Ri	isk		
History of Flooding? Population at Risk	Yes 🗸	No E Frequency of flooding: # of structures inundated	

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:					

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$8,500	Study Sponsor:	Mission
Non-reoccurring Non- capital Cost (include in Total above):		These are one-time costs for progra non-engineering study costs.	am development, education campaign, and
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight	Mission
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
	Completed	Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	City Of Mission



Flood Management Strategies

Fact Sheet

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Yes No TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FMS ID: 152000047

FMS Description

Palmview #5-1.1

Implement Program To Provide Links To Weather Alerts And Departmental Phone Listings With Contact Personnel For Residents.

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- □ Protected Areas

- Regulatory and GuidanceDevelopment Standards
- ✓ Flood Preparedness Programs
- □ Other:

Strategy Area		
City/ Cities	Palmview	Insert snip of Location Map here
County/ Counties	Hidalgo	
HUC 8	12110208	
HUC 12		
Study Area (sq. mi.)		
Emergency Ne	ed	
Yes 🖌 No 🗆		
Known Flood R	Risk	

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No
Notes:					

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$1,000	Study Sponsor:	Palmview
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for progra	am development, education campaign, and
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.	
above):			
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight	Palmview
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
	Completed	Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗌 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	N/A



Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per $Yes \square$ No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- □ Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FMS ID: 152000048

Insert snip of Location Map here

□ Flood Preparedness Programs

✓ Flood Measurement and Warning

Palmview #7-1.1

FMS Description

Develop Procedures For Mass Notifications To Citizens And Merchants During Natural Hazard Incident. Solicit Bids For System. Purchase Emergency Notification System And Install Distribute Information On New System And Conduct Training.

□ Regulatory and Guidance

□ Development Standards

Strategy Type

- Education and Outreach Activities
- Protected Areas

Strategy Area

City/ Cities

County/ Counties Hidalgo

HUC 8 12110208

HUC 12

Study Area (sq. mi.)

Emergency Need

Yes 🖌 No 🗆

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:					

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$31,000	Study Sponsor:	Palmview	
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and		
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.		
above):				
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight	Palmview	
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆	
	Completed	Action Plan or other plan?		
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	Jurisdiction Budget	

FMS

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Yes \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FIOOD Management Strategies Fact Sheet

FMS ID: 152000049

Pharr #10-1.1

FMS Description

Develop Procedures For Mass Notifications To Citizens And Merchants During Natural Hazard Incident. Solicit Bids For System. Purchase Emergency Notification System And Install Distribute Information On New System And Conduct Training.

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- □ Protected Areas

- Regulatory and GuidanceDevelopment Standards
- □ Flood Preparedness Programs
- ✓ Flood Measurement and Warning

Strategy Area City/ Cities		Insert snip of Location Map here
County/ Counties	Hidalgo	
HUC 8	12110208	
HUC 12		
Study Area (sq. mi.)		
Emergency Ner Yes ✓ No □	ed	

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 N	lo 🗆
Notes:					

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$5,000	Study Sponsor:	Pharr
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, an	
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.	
above):			
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight	Pharr
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
	Completed	Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	Jurisdiction Budget

FMS

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Yes \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FIOOD Management Strategies Fact Sheet

FMS ID: 152000050

Pharr #8-1.1

FMS Description

Implement Program To Provide Links To Weather Alerts And Departmental Phone Listings With Contact Personnel For Residents.

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- Protected Areas

- Regulatory and GuidanceDevelopment Standards
- □ Flood Preparedness Programs
- \checkmark Flood Measurement and Warning

Strategy Area City/ Cities		Insert snip of Location Map here
County/ Counties	Hidalgo	
HUC 8	12110208	
HUC 12		
Study Area (sq. mi.)		
Emergency New Yes ✓ No D	ed	

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:		
Population at Risk			# of structures inundated		
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Miles inundated?		
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Notes:					

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$1,000	Study Sponsor:	Pharr
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for program development, education campaign, and	
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.	
above):			
Estimated year to start:		Entity with Oversight	Pharr
Time to complete?		Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
	Completed	Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	Jurisdiction Budget



FIOOD Management Strategies

Fact Sheet

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Ves \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- □ Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

- □ Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain



FIOOD Management Strategies Fact Sheet

FMS ID: 152000051

Alamo #4-1.2

FMS Description

Provide Traffic Control And Evacuation Assistance During Emergency Situations

Strategy Type

- □ Education and Outreach Activities
- Protected Areas

- ✓ Regulatory and Guidance
- Development Standards
- □ Flood Preparedness Programs
- □ Other:

Strategy Area

City/ Cities	Alamo	Insert snip of Location Map here
County/ Counties	Hidalgo	
HUC 8	12110208	
HUC 12		
Study Area (sq. mi.)		
Emergency Neo Yes ✓ No □	ed	

Known Flood Risk

History of Flooding?	Yes 🖌 No 🗆	Frequency of flooding:	
Population at Risk		# of structures inundated	
Roadways flooded	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	Miles inundated?	
Critical Facilities Impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	Agricultural Land impacted	Yes 🗆 No 🗆
Notes:			

Strategy Costs

Total Cost:	\$10,000	Study Sponsor:	Alamo
Non-reoccurring Non-		These are one-time costs for progra	am development, education campaign, and
capital Cost (include in Total		non-engineering study costs.	
above):			
Estimated year to start:	2024	Entity with Oversight	Alamo
Time to complete?	2026	Included in a Hazard Mitigation	Yes 🗸 No 🗆
		Action Plan or other plan?	
Funding Dedicated?	Yes 🗆 No 🗸	(Potential) Source of Funding	Identify Grants; Police Department
_			Budget

FMS

Have the flood risk and flood reduction impacts been evaluated?

Yes 🗆 No 🗸

Was the strategy missing sufficient data to assess whether the proposed strategy has a negative effect, per Yes \Box No \checkmark TWDB guidelines?

Related Goals

- ✓ Increase community access routes to critical facilities, evacuation routes, during and after a flooding event
- Reduce the # of newly constructed vulnerable critical facilities within the existing and future 100-YR floodplain
- Increase the # of communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHAs
- Increase the coverage of available flood hazard data by completing studies with identified construction projects to address flooding hazards
- □ Increase participation in the regional flood planning process
- Provide regional detention that could be used for water reuse applications or as part of a floodplain management program
- Increase acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that is reused for a beneficial public use
- Increase outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website
- Increase the use reverse 911, TV, radio, social media, and billboards to communicate flood warnings, evacuation routes, and shelter locations
- Reduce the # of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts

RFPG Recommended

Yes 🗸 No 🗆

- Increase the # of entities that adopt higher than NFIPminimum standards
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan
- □ Increase the # of flood gauges (rainfall/stream) in the region
- □ Increase the # of entities that have multi-year drainage CIP list
- Increase the # of entities that integrate National Weather Service and USGS Texas Water Science Center (TXWSC) flood warning system information into their local capabilities to disseminate warnings
- Increase use of nature-based flood risk reduction projects
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program that can detect the flood threat and provide timely warning of impending flood danger
- Increase the amount of publicly owned land in the region that can be utilized for future regional stormwater infrastructure
- Increase the proficiency of floodplain managers by increasing the # of them that are certified as Certified Floodplain Managers (CFM) with the Texas Floodplain Management Association
- Increase participation in the Community Rating System by encouraging Region 15 floodplain management programs to incorporate dedicated drainage fees to implement future FMEs and FMPs; incorporate noncompliance penalties; and who regulate development in the future conditions floodplain

APPENDIX D -PUBLIC HEARING MATERIAL & SIGN IN

LOWER RIO GRANDE REGIONAL FLOOD PLANNING GROUP

Public Meeting – Review of Draft Region 15 Regional Flood Plan

October 19, 2022





AGENDA

□ Define Region 15 **Regional Flood Planning Group Members** and Planning Team Overview of Regional Flood Planning Process **Overview of Draft Regional Flood Plan for the** Lower Rio Grande, Region 15 **Comments**

REGION 15 – LOWER RIO GRANDE FLOOD PLANNING REGION





Counties Represented:

Brooks*	Kinney*
Cameron	Maverick*
Dimmit*	Starr
Edwards*	Val Verde
Hidalgo	Webb*
Jim Hogg*	Willacy
Kenedy*	Zapata

* denotes partially included





 Population Estimate (2020):

 2,040,371

 Approx. Area:

 43,204 Sq. Miles

 Approx. Stream Miles:

 29,878,170





REGIONAL FLOOD PLANNING GROUP (RFPG) MEMBERS & PLANNING TEAM





REGIONAL FLOOD PLANNING GROUP MEMBERS (Voting)

Name

Interest Category

Agricultural

Jose Hinojosa David A. Garza Raul Pena Jr. Eduardo Gonzalez Daniel Lucio Hudson DeYoe Alan Moore David L. Fuentes Joey Trevino Rene Estrada Joe Califa Jose Caso Sonia Lambert **Riazul Mia**

Counties Counties Counties **Electric Generating Utilities** Environmental **Flood Districts Flood Districts** Industries **Municipalities** Public **Small Business** Water Districts Water Utilities

Entity Santa Cruz Irrigation District No. 15 **Cameron County** Starr County Willacy County **AEP** Texas University of Texas Rio Grande Valley Cameron County Drainage District No. 5 Hidalgo County Drainage District No. 1 Rio Grande Valley Chapter of Associated General Contractors of America City of Combes Self Caso Law Firm, PLLC Cameron County Irrigation District #2 City of Laredo

REGIONAL FLOOD PLANNING GROUP MEMBERS (Non-voting)

Name

Megan Ingram Ramon Macias III Shonda Mace Willy Cupit Lupita Trinidad- Ramos Brian Hurtuk Nelda Barrera Adrian Perez Manny Cruz David Ramirez

Nick Gallegos

Title

Regional Flood Planner Principal Engineer Planner Natural Resources Specialist Homeland Security Planner III Hazard Mitigation Planner Field Representative Field Representative Executive Director Area Director – Border & Permian Basin Executive Director

Entity

Texas Water Development Board IBWC, US Section General Land Office Texas Parks and Wildlife Department South Texas Development Council Texas Department of Emergency Management Texas Department of Agriculture Texas State Soil and Water Conservation Board Lower Rio Grande Development Council Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Middle Rio Grande Development Council



REGIONAL FLOOD PLANNING GROUP SPONSORS



Hidalgo County Drainage District No. 1





















Counties

- **Cities**
- **Flood Control Districts**
- **Drainage Districts**
- □ Irrigation Districts

Anyone with flood mitigation authority and responsibilities


OVERVIEW OF REGIONAL FLOOD PLANNING PROCESS





- 2019: 86th Texas Legislature passed Senate Bill 8, providing a new process for statewide flood planning
- Texas Water Development Board (TWDB) charged with implementation
- 15 regional flood planning groups (RFPGs) created by TWDB, based on drainage basins
- □ First planning cycle started late 2020
- Regional Plans to become part of State Flood Plan in Sept. 2024
- □ Updated every 5 years







The goal of this effort is to better manage future flood risk to reduce loss of life and property from flooding.







- Regional Flood Plans will identify flood risk and recommend
 - □ Flood Management Evaluations (FMEs)
 - □ Flood Mitigation Projects (FMPs)
 - □ Flood Management Strategies (FMSs)
- State Flood Plan will rank the recommended FMEs, FMPs, and FMSs at a state level
- Inclusion in the State Flood Plan will be needed for future state funding for flood related activities











OVERVIEW OF DRAFT REGION 15 LOWER RIO GRANDE REGIONAL FLOOD PLAN





CH. 1 – PLANNING AREA DESCRIPTION Overview of Region 15

Descriptions of:

- □ location,
- □ economics,
- agricultural information,
- □ social vulnerability,
- □ flood-prone areas,
- historical floods and associated damages,

- jurisdictions with flood-related authorities or responsibilities,
- existing infrastructure, and
- ongoing flood mitigation projects







CH. 1 – PLANNING AREA DESCRIPTION *Overview of Region 15*







CH. 1 – PLANNING AREA DESCRIPTION

□ 15% of total area is in 1% ACE

□ 41 of 54 communities have 20%+ area in 1% ACE

Overview of Region 15

□ 86 entities with flood control authority

□ 91% of entities participate in NFIP

57% of counties have Hazard Mitigation Plans

□ 85 on-going flood mitigation projects







CH. 2 FLOOD RISK ANALYSES

1% & 0.2% Annual Chance Event – Existing & Future Conditions

□ Floodplain Quilt Sources

- Local Studies (from Cities, Counties, River Authorities, etc.)
- □ FEMA National Flood Hazard Layer
 - Effective Date for Detailed Study Areas (Zone AE, AO, AH and VE)
 - Pending & Preliminary Data
 - Effective Data for Approximate Study Areas (Zone A and V)
- □ Base Level Engineering

Fathom – approximate 10-meter resolution nationwide floodplains





CH. 2 FLOOD RISK ANALYSES *Existing Condition Flood Risk Analyses*

% of Area in Existing Floodplain Quilt by County

County	1% Flood Hazard	0.2% Flood Hazard*	Combined Flood Hazard
Brooks	34%	1%	35%
Cameron	46%	30%	76%
Dimmit	24%	2.5%	27%
Edwards	22%	2%	24%
Hidalgo	40%	15.4%	55%
Jim Hogg	16%	4%	20%
Kenedy	39%	16.5%	56%
Kinney	31%	4%	35%
Maverick	29%	3.7%	33%
Starr	27%	3%	30%
Val Verde	26%	3.2%	29%
Webb	28%	3%	31%
Willacy	46%	25.6%	72%
Zapata	30%	3%	33%







CH. 2 FLOOD RISK ANALYSES

Future Condition Flood Risk Analyses

Increase in Flood Hazard Area for Future Condition Compared to Existing Condition

Flood Frequency	Existing Conditions Area (2020) (Sq. Mi)	Future Conditions Area (2050) (sq. mi.)	Increase (sq. mi.)	% Increase
1% Annual Chance	4,078	5,287	1,209	29%
0.2% Annual Chance	5,287	6,556	1,269	24%





HALFF

CH. 2 FLOOD RISK ANALYSES Flood Risk Exposure Analysis

Summary of Increased Exposure in Flood Hazard Area, 1% ACE

Feature	Existing Conditions 2020	Future Conditions 2050	Increase
Population	965,787	1,365,701	399,914
Total Structures	288,366	394,669	106,303
Residential Structures	233,776	320,563	86,787
Non Residential Structures	54,590	74,106	19,516
Critical Facilities	566	865	299
Low Water Crossing	126	129	3
Roadway Segments (miles)	6,376	9,163	2,787
Agricultural Area (sq. mi)	1,793	2,258	465



CH. 3A – EVALUATION & RECOMMENDATION OF FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT PRACTICES Recommended Practices and Standards, Region-wide

- Entities should base their BFEs on FEMA Firm maps in the absence of detailed Hydrologic and Hydraulic (H&H) studies or Base Level Engineering (BLE) studies.
- Where injury, sickness, or loss of life has happened, or where structural flood mitigation alternatives are not practical or are otherwise infeasible, communities should have a Buyout program to buy out properties if funding is available. The program should assist owners in relocating to areas with reduced flood risk.
- Storm drainage systems should convey the 4 percent annual chance (25-Year) flood event underground (within a storm sewer/pipe system) and the 1 percent annual chance (100-Year) flood event within the right-of-way.



CH. 3A – EVALUATION & RECOMMENDATION OF FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT PRACTICES Recommended Practices and Standards, Region-wide

- New and significantly altered roadways with curb and gutter should have a 10 percent annual chance (10-year) flood event water surface elevation below the top of the curb and a 25-year design for culverts.
- New construction shall (and the retrofitting or pre-existing residential/ commercial buildings outside of coastal areas should) have a finished floor elevation of 1-foot above the 1 percent annual chance event BFE. New Construction shall (and retrofit pre-existing residential/commercial buildings in coastal areas) should have a finished floor elevation of 1-foot above the highest elevation of either the riverine or coastal BFE, including combined riverine and coastal effects.





CH. 3B – FLOOD MITIGATION AND FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT GOALS *Proposed Overarching Goal Categories*

- 1. Flood Infrastructure Projects
- 2. Education and Outreach
- 3. Flood Warning and Readiness
- 4. Flood Studies and Analysis
- 5. Guidance
- 6. Property Acquisition, Structure Elevation, and Floodproofing





CH. 4A – FLOOD MITIGATION NEEDS ANALYSIS Edwards Val Verde **Goal of Task** Kinney □ Identify areas in region with greatest: Maverick □ Flood risk knowledge gaps Dimmit □ FMEs

- Known flood risks and flood mitigation needs
 - G FMSs
 - G FMPs







CH. 4A – FLOOD MITIGATION NEEDS ANALYSIS







CH. 4B – POTENTIAL FMEs, FMSs & FMPs

Review of FMEs, FMPs, and FMSs (FMX)

FLOOD MANAGEMENT EVALUATIONS (FMEs) (proposed studies)			ONS (FMEs)	FLOOD MITIGATION PROJECTS (FMPs) (proposed projects)	
Stu	Studies		ion Analysis	Structural Infrastructure	Non-Structural
Flood Preparedness Study	Modeling and Mapping / Risk Identification	Alternatives Analysis / Feasibility Assessment	Preliminary Engineering (30% design)	Advanced Analysis / Design / Construction (30 - 100% design)	 Project Implementation Property/Easement Acquisition Elevation of Structures Floodproofing Flood Readiness and Resilience Flood Warning, Gauges Regulatory Requirements

FLOOD MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES (FMSs)

(proposed plans)

- Infrastructure Projects
- Property/Easement Acquisition
- Elevation of Structures

- Education and Outreach
- Flood Warning and Measurement
- Regulatory and Guidance





CH. 4B – FMX SELECTION PROCESS 6 General Steps

STEP 1	INITIAL SCREENING OF EVALUATIONS, PROJECTS & STRATEGIES RECEIVED Screen for minimum TWDB rules and guidance requirements
STEP 2	SCREENING OF PROJECTS (FMPs) Screen per TWDB flowchart and guidance
STEP 3	SCREENING OF EVALUATIONS (FMEs) Screen for minimum TWDB guidance requirements
STEP 4	SCREENING OF STRATEGIES (FMSs) Screen for minimum TWDB guidance requirements
STEP 5	DETAILED EVALUATIONS OF SELECTED EVALUATIONS , PROJECTS & STRATEGIES
STEP 6	FINAL RECOMMENDATIONS OF EVALUATIONS, PROJECTS & STRATEGIES





CH. 4B – FMX SELECTION PROCESS

STEP 1 INITIAL SCREENING OF *EVALUATIONS, PROJECTS & STRATEGIES* RECEIVED

Screen for minimum TWDB rules and guidance requirements Does it address the following?

- **1.1** Flood mitigation or floodplain management goal (Task 3B)
- 1.2 Meet an emergency need
- **1.3** Flood problem with drainage area of 1 square mile or greater*
- 1.4 Reduce flood risk for 100-year (1% annual chance) flood

*except in instances of flooding of critical facilities or transportation routes or for other reasons, including levels of risk or project size, determined by the RFPG





CH. 4B – FMP SELECTION PROCESS

STEP 2



SCREENING OF PROJECTS

"Sufficient data"

- H&H modeling, mapping, and basis for mitigation project analysis generally meets Section 3.5 of TWDB technical guidelines
 - Reliable
 - Minimal uncertainty

"Negative effect"

- For the 100-year (1% annual chance) flood event, no rise in flood elevation or discharge should be permissible. Projects should not:
 - Increase inundation on homes or commercial buildings
 - Increase inundation beyond ROW or easements
 - Increase inundation beyond existing drainage infrastructure capacity



CH. 4B – FME SELECTION PROCESS

STEP 3

SCREENING OF EVALUATIONS

Three General Categories of Evaluations:

- Projects (FMPs) that didn't make the cut in Step **2**FMX Selection Process
- 2. Planned flood studies or flood risk reduction alternatives analyses provided by communities
- 3. Flood study or flood risk reduction alternatives analysis needs identified in Task 4A

Screen for minimum TWDB rules and guidance requirements

- 3.1 If detailed H&H and mitigation alternatives analysis → *Project* or *Strategy*
- 3.2 Sensible
- 3.3 Reasonable planning-level cost estimate
- **3.4** Identified sponsor(s)
- 3.5 Structures, population and critical facilities at risk
- 3.6 Roadways at risk
- 3.7 Area of farm and ranch land at risk





CH. 4B – FMX SELECTION PROCESS

STEP 5

DETAILED EVALUATIONS OF SELECTED EVALUATIONS, PROJECTS & STRATEGIES

Does it have the following?

- **5.1** Project benefit-cost ratios > 1.0
- **5.2** A *willing* sponsor(s)
- 5.3 No known challenging implementation constraints or hurdles (ROW, utility conflicts, permitting, etc.)
- **5.4** Met RFPG specific requirements to incorporate a project or strategy into the RFP?





CH. 4B – IDENTIFICATION OF NEEDS

Potential FMEs Identified

FME Type	FME Description	# of Potential FMEs Identified
Watershed Planning	Flood Risk Modeling/ Mapping Promotes the development and/or refinement of detailed flood risk maps to address data gaps and inadequate mapping. Creates FEMA mapping in previously unmapped areas and updates existing FEMA maps as needed.	24
Project Planning	Flood Mitigation Alternative Analysis/ Feasibility Study Supports the development and analysis of H&H models to evaluate flood risk within specific problem area, evaluate potential alternatives to mitigate flood risk, and develop a project.	85
Other	Preliminary Engineering Evaluation of a proposed project to determine whether implementation would be feasible OR initial engineering assessment that includes conceptual design, alternative analysis, and up to 30 percent engineering design.	24
	Total	133





CH. 4B – IDENTIFICATION OF NEEDS

Potential FMPs Identified

Entity	FMP Des	# of Potential FMPs Identified	
City of Alton	 West Mile 5 Road and Louisiana Street Alt. 2 FM 676 South Glasscock Road Alternative 3 North Inspiration Rd and W St. Jude Ave Alt 2 	 North Stewart Boulevard Alternative 2 South Stewart Boulevard Alternative 2A West Mile 5 and South Glasscock Road Alt 3 	6
City of Eagle Pass	 Risk Area 11 Rancho Escondido Risk Area 12 Fox Borough Drive Risk Area 13 Celle De Los Santos neighborhood Risk Area 15 Trib 3 Detention at Main Street Risk Area 2 Treasure Hills 	 Risk Area 3 Arrow Point Boulevard Risk Area 4 Bibb & Misty Willow storm drain Risk Area 5 Debona Drive Risk Area 6 Trib 2 bypass & detention at Eagle Pass High School fields Risk Area 8 Tributary 2 channel widening near Alexander Drive 	10
City of Pharr	 Downtown Pharr Mitigation Project North Pharr Backwater Relief Project North Pharr Culvert Improvements 	 North Pharr Mitigation Project Pharr - San Juan Regional Detention Facility 	5
City of Weslaco	 South Texas Boulevard and East 18th Street Pleasantview Drive and 11th Street Los Torritos Str and N Kansas Avenue, Ph 2 Mile 10 N and Mile 5 1/2 W 	 South International Boulevard and Bus 83 Texas Blvd to Airport Dr South of Bus 83 West Weslaco Westgate Drive and Sugar Cane Drive 	8
Hidalgo County Precinct 4	 Risk Area A at Mile 8.5 Rd. & Ware Rd. Risk Area B at Mile 6 & North Ware Rd. Risk Area C at FM 2812 & FM 493 Risk Area D at S. McColl & Canton Rd. 	 Risk Area E at Hwy 107 & Val Verde Rd. Risk Area F at Texas Rd. & Cesar Chavez Rd. Risk Area G at Hoehn Rd. & Mile 11 Rd. Risk Area I at Sharp Rd. & E Monte Cristo Rd Risk Area J at SH107 & FM 907 	9
	Tota	al	38



CH. 4B – IDENTIFICATION OF NEEDS Potential FMSs Identified

FMS Type	FMS Description	# of Potential FMSs Identified
Education and Outreach	NFIP Education; Flood Education; Floodplain Regulatory Awareness; Emergency Contact Awareness	8
Flood Measurement and Warning	Flood Warning Systems; Mass Notifications during Natural Hazard Incident; Dam Inundation Studies	25
Regulatory and Guidance	City Floodplain Ordinance Creation/Updates; Zoning Regulations; Land Use Programs;	18
	Total	51





TASK 5 - RECOMMENDED FMEs

FME Type	FME Description	# of Potential FMEs Identified	# of FMEs Recommended	Total Cost of Recommended FMEs
Watershed Planning	Flood Risk Modeling/ Mapping	24	22	\$7,500,000
Preparedness	Flood Mitigation Alternative Analysis/ Feasibility Study	85	51	\$22,195,000
Other	Preliminary Engineering	24	22	\$27,330,000
	Total	133	95	\$57,025,000





TASK 5 - RECOMMENDED FMEs

EME

US Highway

- FME's provide watershed planning, a detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies and will highlight flood risk within the region.
- Preparedness and flood mitigation alternatives that serve as feasibility studies.
- Preliminary Engineering designs to address specific flood needs.





TASK 5 - RECOMMENDED FMPs

FMP Name	FMP Description	Cost
North Pharr Mitigation Project	Construct 3400 linear feet of channel, culvert improvements, a connection to the outfall, and an inline Regional Detention Facility (RDF) along the Pharr- McAllen drain	\$8,195,000
Southwest Pharr Drainage Mitigation Project	Construct four regional detention facilities (RDF) in South Pharr.	\$5,587,000
	Total	\$13,782,000





TASK 5 - RECOMMENDED FMPs

- Designed to demonstrate a no negative impact on a neighboring area as a result of implementation.
- If negative impact are identified, mitigation measures may be utilized to alleviate impact.
- Uses engineers professional judgment to alleviate if negative impact is observed from implementation.





TASK 5 - RECOMMENDED FMSs

FMS Type	FMS Description	# of Potential FMSs Identified	# of FMSs Recommended	Total Cost of Recommende d FMSs
Education and Outreach	NFIP Education; Flood Education; Floodplain Regulatory Awareness; Emergency Contact Awareness	8	8	\$66,000
Flood Measurement and Warning	Flood Warning Systems; Mass Notifications during Natural Hazard Incident; Dam Inundation Studies	25	25	\$1,867,000
Regulatory and Guidance	City Floodplain Ordinance Creation/Updates; Zoning Regulations; Land Use Programs;	18	18	\$2,177,000
	Total	51	51	\$4,109,000
HALFF				



TASK 5 - RECOMMENDED FMSs

Similar to FMP requirements and must be able to demonstrate

- Support one regional floodplain mitigation goal
- No negative impact to an entity's water supply
- No overallocation of a water source based on availability.
- No negative impacts on downstream properties.



CH. 6 – IMPACTS & CONTRIBUTIONS OF THE REGIONAL FLOOD PLAN

Population Removed from the Floodplain

Annual Chance Event Flood Event	Existing At-Risk Population	Reduction of At-Risk Population after Implementation	Decrease in Population Impacted
1% (100-Year Event)	276,662	7,217	2.6%
0.2% (500-Year Event)	689,125	42,064	6.1%
Total	965,787	49,281	5.1%

Structures Removed from the Floodplain

Annual Chance Event Flood Event	Existing At-Risk Structures	Reduction of At-Risk Structures after Implementation	Decrease in Structures Impacted
1% (100-Year Event)	114,282	4,530	4%
0.2% (500-Year Event)	174,084	7,204	4.1%
Total	288,366	11,734	4%





TASK 7 – PREPAREDNESS ACTIVITIES Activities before a flood event

Preparedness Activities

- Early Warning Systems
- □ Education on Suggested Response Activities
- Procurement of Emergency Response Equipment
- Hazard Mitigation Planning



WARNING

warning is issued when a hazardous weather or hydrologic event is **occurring, imminent or likely**. A ming means weather conditions pose a threat to life or property. People in the path of the storm nee to take protective action:

WATCH

watch is used when the **risk of a hazardous weather or hydrologic event has increased significantly**, but its occurrence, location or timing is **still uncertain**. A watch means that hazardous weather is possible, leople should **have a plan of action** in case a storm threatens and they should listen for later information and possible warnings especially when planning travel or outdoor activities.

ADVISORY

An advisory is issued when a hazardous weather or hydrologic event is **occurring, imminent or likely**, dvisories are for **less serious conditions than warnings**, that cause significant inconvenience and if cautio is not exercised, could lead to situations that may threaten life or property.

OUTLOOK

An outlook is issued when a hazardous weather or hydrologic event is **possible** in the next week. Outlooks are intended to **raise awareness** of the potential for significant weather that could lead to situations that may threaten life or property.



TASK 7 – RESPONSE ACTIVITIES Efforts during and immediately after a flood

Response Activities

=×

- Distribution of Emergency Supplies
 - □ Sandbags
- Deployment of Emergency Response Equipment and Activities
 - □ Rescue
 - Debris Removal
 - Mobile Pumps
 - Notification System for Closures




Recovery Activities

- Restoration of Utilities
- Removal of Excess Debris
- □ Continued use of Response Equipment
- Documentation of activities for future mitigation efforts
- Damage Assessments and Reparations





TASK 8 - ADMINISTRATIVE, REGULATORY,AND LEGISLATIVE RECOMMENDATIONS

ID	Regulatory & Administrative Recommendation Statements
8.2.1	Flooding does not recognize jurisdictional boundaries. Remove barriers that prevent jurisdictions from working together to provide regional flood mitigation solutions and regional detention across jurisdictional boundaries.
8.2.2	Funding for projects that benefit agricultural activities should not be scored or awarded based on a traditional benefit-cost ratio.
8.2.3	Funding for projects in Historically Disadvantaged Communities or Areas of Persistent Poverty should be allocated a minimum amount of future funding, so they are not competing against more fortunate communities.
8.2.4	Separate funding should be made available for each of the different aspects of floodplain management, such as developing floodplain maps, flood planning studies, advance project planning and development for floodplain management projects, and implementation of floodplain management projects.
 8.2.5	Require that future regional flood planning studies develop and maintain a 100-year timeline.
LFF	

Solution TASK 8 – ADMINISTRATIVE, REGULATORY, AND LEGISLATIVE RECOMMENDATIONS

ID	Legislative Recommendation Statements
8.1.1	Add legislative ability to allow counties the opportunity to establish and assess drainage (stormwater) utility fees. Legislation is needed to allow counties and others with flood control responsibilities to establish drainage (stormwater) utilities and collect fees for these services. Extend Local Government Code, Title 13, Subtitle A, Chapter 552 to allow counties the opportunity to establish and collect drainage utilities/fees.
8.1.2	Provide alternative revenue-generating sources of funding. Expand eligibility for and use of funding for stormwater and flood mitigation solutions (Local, State, Federal, Public/Private Partnerships, etc.)
8.1.3	Requirements for future planning studies



Solution TASK 8 – ADMINISTRATIVE, REGULATORY, AND LEGISLATIVE RECOMMENDATIONS

ID	Other Recommendation Statements		
8.3.1	Flood planning alternatives should include options that do not cause irreparable damage to coastal habitats.		
8.3.2	The Regional Flood Plan should include tools and resources to continuously include all significant impacts on the watersheds and floodplain management.		



5 TASK 9 – FLOOD INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCING ANALYSIS

What role should the RFPG recommend that the State of Texas take when financing recommended FMSs, FMPs, and FMEs?

□ The State of Texas should:

- □ Take additional steps to inform communities of funding opportunities
- □ Expand the eligibility of project and entity types under existing programs
- Expand funding opportunities or create new programs for communities and special districts unable to meeting local cost sharing requirements.
- □ Provide resources for communities unable to apply for funding due to lack of expertise
- Provide technical resources (or funding to acquire technical resources) to provide technical and professional services needed for funding opportunities applications
- □ Prioritize vulnerable communities when considering financing recommendations
- □ Require that all projects consider impacts on downtown areas.





<u>3 WAYS TO COMMENT</u>

- 1. Comment here or at any RFPG meeting
- **2. Provide written comments to:**

Kleal@halff.com

Jaime.Salazar@hcdd1.org

Include Region 15 in the subject line.

3. <u>www.region15lrg.org</u> – Public Comments Page





COMMENTS





YOUR INPUT IS IMPORTANT.



GRUPO REGIONAL DEL PLANIFICACIÓN DE INUNDACIONES DEL BAJO RIO GRANDE

Asamblea Publica – Bosquejo revision de el plan de inundaciónes de la Región 15

19 de octubre 2022





AGENDA

- Definir Región 15
- Grupo regional de planificación de inundaciones y el grupo de planificación
 Descripción del proceso regional de
 - planificación de inundaciones
- Resumen del bosquejo del Plan Regional de Inundaciones para el Bajo Río Grande, Región 15

REGIÓN 15-REGIÓN DE PLANIFICACIÓN DE **INUNDACIONES DEL BAJO RÍO GRANDE**





Condados Representados:

Brooks*	Kinney*
Cameron	Maverick*
Dimmit*	Starr
Edwards*	Val Verde
Hidalgo	Webb*
Jim Hogg*	Willacy
Kenedy*	Zapata

* denota parcialmente incluido





Estimada población(2020): 2,040,371 Área aproximada: 43,204 millas cuadradas Approx. millas de corriente: 29,878,170





GRUPO REGIONAL DE PLANIFICACIÓN **DE INUNDACIONES MIEMBROS Y** EQUIPO DE PLANIFICACIÓN



MIEMBROS DEL GRUPO REGIONAL DE PLANIFICACIÓN DE INUNDACIONES(Votando)

Nombre

Categoría de Interés

Jose Hinojosa David A. Garza Raul Pena Jr. Eduardo Gonzalez

Daniel Lucio Hudson DeYoe Alan Moore David L. Fuentes

Joey Trevino

Rene Estrada Joe Califa Jose Caso Sonia Lambert Riazul Mia

Agricultura Condados Condados Condados Utilidades generadoras de electricidad **Medioambiental** Distritos de inundación Distritos de inundación Industrias **Municipios** Publico Pequeñas empresas

Distritos de agua

Utilitidades de auga

Entidad

Santa Cruz Distrito de Irrigación No. 15 Condado de Cameron Condado de Starr Condado de Willacy

AEP Texas

University of Texas Rio Grande Valley Condado de Cameron Distrito de drenaje No. 5 Condado de Hidalgo Distrito de drenaje No. 1 Capítulo del Valle del Río Grande de Contratistas Generales Asociados de América Ciudad de Combes Mismo Caso Law Firm, PLLC Condado de Cameron Distrito de Irrigación #2 Ciudad de Laredo

MIEMBROS DEL GRUPO REGIONAL DE PLANIFICACIÓN DE INUNDACIONES(sin-votar)

Nombre

Titulo

Megan Ingram Ramon Macias III Shonda Mace Willy Cupit Lupita Trinidad- Ramos **Brian Hurtuk** Nelda Barrera Adrian Perez Manny Cruz David Ramirez

Nick Gallegos

Planificadora regional de inundaciones Ingeniero principal Planificadora Especialista de recursos naturales Planificadora III de la Seguridad Nacional Planificador de mitigación de riesgo Representante Representante

Director ejecutivo

Director de area – Frontera y Cuenca Permica Director ejecutivo

Entidad

Junta de desarrollo de agua de Texas

IBWC, sección EE.UU Oficina general de tierras

Departamento de Parques y vida salvaje de Texas

Consejo de Desarrollo del sur de Texas

Departamento de manejo de emergencias de Texas

Departamento de agricultura de Texas Junta de conservación de suelo y agua del estado de Texas

Consejo de desarrollo del bajo Rio Grande

Comisión de Texas sobre calidad ambiental

Consejo de Desarrollo del Medio Río Grande

PATROCINADORES DEL GRUPO REGIONAL DE PLANIFICACIÓN DE INUNDACIONES



Hidalgo County Drainage District No. 1





















Condados

- **Ciudades**
- Distritos de Control de Inundaciones
- **Distritos de drenaje**
- **Distritos de Riego**

Cualquier persona con autoridad y responsabilidades de mitigación de inundaciones.



DESCRIPCIÓN DEL PROCESO REGIONAL DE PLANIFICACIÓN DE INUNDACIONES



PROCESO DE PLANIFICACIÓN REGIONAL DE INUNDACIONES

- 2019: 86th Texas Legislature passed Senate Bill 8, La Legislatura 86 de Texas aprobó el Proyecto de Ley 8 del Senado, que proporciona un nuevo proceso para la planificación de inundaciones en todo el estado
- Junta de desarrollo de agua de Texas (TWDB) encargado de la implementación
- 15 grupos regionales de planificación de inundaciones (RFPG) creados por TWDB, basados encuencas de drenajeFirst planning cycle started late 2020
- Planes Regionales para convertirse en parte del Plan Estatal de Inundaciones en septiembre de 2024
- Actualizado cada 5 años







PROCESO DE PLANIFICACIÓN REGIONAL DE INUNDACIONES

- Los planes regionales de inundación identificarán el riesgo de inundación y recomendarán
- Evaluaciones de Gestión de Inundaciones (FME)
 - □ Proyectos de mitigación de inundaciones (FMP)
 - Estrategias de gestión de inundaciones (FMS)
- El Plan Estatal de Inundaciones clasificará los FME, FMP y FMS recomendados a nivel estatal.
- Se necesitará la inclusión en el Plan Estatal de Inundaciones para futuros fondos estatales para actividades relacionadas con inundaciones.











DESCRIPCIÓN DEL BOSQUEJO **REGIÓN 15 BAJO RÍO GRANDE PLAN REGIONAL DE** INUNDACIONES





CH. 1 – PLANNING AREA DESCRIPTION

Descripciòn de Region 15

Descripciones de:

- ubicación,
- ciencias económicas,
- □ informacion agricola,
- □ vulnerabilidad social,
- áreas propensas a inundaciones,
- inundaciones históricas y daños asociados,

- jurisdicciones con autoridades o responsabilidades relacionadas con inundaciones,
- infraestructura existente, y
- proyectos de mitigación de inundaciones en curso





CH. 1 – DESCRIPCIÓN DEL ÁREA DE PLANIFICACIÓN Descripciòn de Region 15







CH. 1 – DESCRIPCIÓN DEL ÁREA Descripción de Region 15

□ 15% de la area total esta en 1% ACE

- 41 of 54 communidades tienen 20%+ area en 1% ACE
- 86 entidades con autoridad de control de inundaciones
- □ 91% of entidades participan in NFIP
- 57% de los condados tienen planes de mitigación de riesgos
- 85 proyectos de mitigación de inundaciones en curso





CH. 2 ANÁLISIS DE RIESGO DE INUNDACIÓN

1% & 0.2% Evento de oportunidad anual: condiciones existentes y futuras

Fuentes de datos para la red/capas de la llanura de inundacion

- Estudios locales (de ciudades, condados, autoridades ribereñas, etc.)
- □ FEMA Capa Nacional de Peligro de Inundación
- Fecha de vigencia para las áreas de estudio detalladas (Zona AE, AO, AH y VE)
 - Datos pendientes y preliminaries
 - Datos efectivos para áreas de estudio aproximadas (Zona A y V)
- Ingeniería de nivel básico
- Profundo Llanuras de inundación a nivel nacional con una resolución aproximada de 10 metros





HALFF

CH. 2 ANÁLISIS DE RIESGO DE INUNDACIÓN

Análisis de riesgo de inundación de condiciones existentes

% del área en el edredón existente de la planicie de inundación por condado

Condado	1% peligro de inundación	0.2% peligro de inundación*	Combinado peligro
Brooks	34%	1%	35%
Cameron	46%	30%	76%
Dimmit	24%	2.5%	27%
Edwards	22%	2%	24%
Hidalgo	40%	15.4%	55%
Jim Hogg	16%	4%	20%
Kenedy	39%	16.5%	56%
Kinney	31%	4%	35%
Maverick	29%	3.7%	33%
Starr	27%	3%	30%
Val Verde	26%	3.2%	29%
Webb	28%	3%	31%
Willacy	46%	25.6%	72%
Zapata	30%	3%	33%



21



HALFF

CH. 2 ANÁLISIS DE RIESGO DE INUNDACIÓN

Análisis de riesgo de inundación de condición futura

Incrementos en el área de peligro de inundación para condiciones futuras en comparación con las condiciones existentes

Frecuencia de inundaciones	Área de Condiciones Existentes (sq.mi)	Área de Condiciones Futuras (sq. mi.)	Incremento (sq. mi.)	% Incremento
1% oportunidad anual	4,078	5,287	1,209	29%
0.2% oportunidad anual	5,287	6,556	1,269	24%





CH. 2 ANÁLISIS DE RIESGO DE INUNDACIÓN Análisis de exposición al riesgo de inundación

Resumen del aumento de la exposición en el área de riesgo de inundación, 1% ACE

Característica	Condiciones existentes	Condiciones futuras	Aumento
Poblacion	965,787	1,365,701	399,914
Total de Estructuras	288,366	394,669	106,303
Estructuras Residenciales	233,776	320,563	86,787
Estructuras no residencial	54,590	74,106	19,516
Comodidades crítica	566	865	299
Crucadero de aguas bajas	126	129	3
Segmentos de caminos (millas)	6,376	9,163	2,787
Área Agrículra (sq. mi)	1,793	2,258	465



CH. 3A – EVALUACIÓN Y RECOMENDACIÓN DE PRÁCTICAS DE GESTIÓN DE LLANURAS ALUVIALES Prácticas y estándares recomendados, en toda la región

- Las entidades deben basar sus BFE en los mapas de empresa de FEMA en ausencia de estudios hidrológicos e hidráulicos (H&H) detallados o estudios de ingeniería de nivel básico (BLE).
- Cuando se hayan producido lesiones, enfermedades o pérdidas de vida, o cuando las alternativas de mitigación de inundaciones estructurales no sean prácticas o no sean factibles, las comunidades deben tener un programa de compra total para comprar propiedades si hay fondos disponibles. El programa debería ayudar a los propietarios a reubicarse en áreas con riesgo de inundación reducido.
- Los sistemas de drenaje pluvial deben transportar el evento de inundación con una probabilidad anual del 4 % (25 años) bajo tierra (dentro de un sistema de tubería/alcantarillado pluvial) y el evento de inundación con una probabilidad anual del 1 % (100 años) dentro del derecho de paso.



CH. 3A – EVALUACIÓN Y RECOMENDACIÓN DE PRÁCTICAS DE GESTIÓN DE LLANURAS ALUVIALES Prácticas y estándares recomendados, en toda la región

- Las carreteras nuevas y significativamente alteradas con bordillo y cuneta deben tener una probabilidad anual del 10 % (10 años) de elevación de la superficie del agua por evento de inundación por debajo de la parte superior del bordillo y un diseño de 25 años para las alcantarillas.
- Las construcciones nuevas deberán (y los edificios residenciales/comerciales preexistentes o reacondicionados fuera de las áreas costeras deberán) tener una elevación del piso terminado de 1 pie por encima del 1 por ciento anual de probabilidad de evento BFE. La nueva construcción (y la modernización de edificios residenciales/comerciales preexistentes en áreas costeras) debe tener una elevación del piso terminado de 1 pie por encima de la elevación más alta del BFE ribereño o costero, incluidos los efectos combinados ribereños y costeros.





CH. 3B – OBJETIVOS DE MITIGACIÓN DE INUNDACIONES Y GESTIÓN DE LLANURAS ALUVIALES Categorías de metas integrales propuestas

- 1. Proyectos de Infraestructura de Inundaciones
- 2. Educación y divulgación
- 3. Advertencia y preparación para inundaciones
- 4. Estudios y Análisis de Inundaciones
- 5. Dgirección
- 6. Adquisición de Propiedades, Elevación de Estructuras e Impermeabilización





CH. 4A -ANÁLISIS DE LAS NECESIDADES DE **MITIGACIÓN DE INUNDACIONES**

El Quehacer

Identificar áreas en la región con mayor:

- Conocimiento sobre el riesgo de inundación □ FMEs
- Riesgos de inundaciones conocidos y necesidades de mitigación de inundaciones
 - □ FMSs
 - □ FMPs

HALFF



CH. 4A – ANÁLISIS DE LAS NECESIDADES DE MITIGACIÓN DE INUNDACIONES






CH. 4B – Potencial FMEs, FMSs & FMPs

Revisión de FMEs, FMPs, and FMSs (FMX)

ADMINISTRACIÓN DE INUNDACIÓN EVALUACIÓNES (FMEs)			PROYECTOS DE MITIGACIÓN DE INUNDACIONES (FMPs)		
Estudios		Análisis de reducción de riesgos		Infraestructura Estructural	No estructural
Estudio de preparación para inundaciones	Modelado y Mapeo / Identificación de riesgo	Análisis de alternativas / Evaluación de factibilidad	Ingeniería Preliminar (30% diseño)	Análisis avanzado / Diseño / Construcción (30 - 100% diseño)	Implementacion de proyecto • Adquisición de Propiedad/Servidumbre • Elevación de Estructuras • Impermeabilización • Preparación para inundaciones y resiliencia • Advertencia de inundación, medidores • Los requisitos reglamentarios

ESTRATEGIAS DE GESTIÓN DE INUNDACIONES
(FMSs)

- Proyectos de infraestructura
- Adquisición de Propiedad
- Elevación de Estructuras

- Educación y divulgación
- Alerta y Medición de Inundaciones
- Normativa y Orientación

29



CH. 4B – FMX PROCESO DE SELECCIÓN

6 pasos generales

MEDIDA 1	EVALUACIONES INICIALES, PROYECTOS Y ESTRATEGIAS RECIBIDAS Verifique las reglas mínimas de TWDB y los requisitos de orientación
MEDIDA 2	MUESTRA DE PROYECTOS (FMPs) Pantalla según diagrama de flujo TWDB y guía
MEDIDA 3	MUESTRA DE EVALUACIONES (FMEs) Mostrar para conocer los requisitos mínimos de orientación de TWDB
MEDIDA 4	MUESTRA DE ESTRATEGIAS (FMSs) Mostrar para conocer los requisitos mínimos de orientación de TWDB
MEDIDA 5	EVALUACIONES DETALLADAS DE SELECCIONADO EVALUACIONES, PROYECTOS Y ESTRATEGIAS
MEDIDA 6	RECOMENDACIONES FINALES DE EVALUACIONES, PROYECTOS Y ESTRATEGIAS





CH. 4B – FMX PROCESO DE SELECCIÓN

MEDIDA 1

EVALUACIONES INICIALES, PROYECTOS Y ESTRATEGIAS RECIBIDAS

Verifique las reglas mínimas de TWDB y los requisitos de orientación ¿Aborda lo siguiente??

- **1.1** Mitigación de inundaciones o objetivo de gestión de planicie aluvia
- **1.2** Satisfacer una necesidad de emergencia
- **1.3** Problema de inundación con área de drenaje de 1 milla cuadrada o más*

1.4 Reducir el riesgo de inundación para inundaciones de 100 años (1% de probabilidad anual)

*excepto en casos de inundación de instalaciones críticas o rutas de transporte o por otras razones, incluidos los niveles de riesgo o el tamaño del proyecto, determinados por la RFPG





CH. 4B – FMP PROCESO DE SELECCIÓN

MEDIDA 2

MUESTRA DE PROYECTOS (FMPs)



"Datos suficientes"

- El modelado, el mapeo y la base para el análisis de proyectos de mitigación de H&H generalmente cumplen con la Sección 3.5 de las pautas técnicas de TWDB
 - Confianza
 - Inseguridad minima

"Negative effect"

- Para el evento de inundación de 100 años (1% de probabilidad anual), no debe permitirse un aumento en la elevación o descarga de la inundación. Los proyectos no deben
 - Aumentar las inundaciones en casas o edificios comerciales.
 - Aumentar la inundación más allá del derecho de vía
 - Aumentar las inundaciones más allá de la capacidad de infraestructura de drenaje existente



CH. 4B – FME PROCESO DE SELECCIÓN

MEDIDA 3

MUESTRA DE EVALUACIONES (FMEs)

Tres categorías generales de Evaluaciones:

- 1. Proyectos (FMP) que no lograron el corte en el Paso 2
- Estudios de inundación planificada o análisis de alternativas de reducción de riesgo de inundación proporcionados por las comunidades
- Estudio de inundaciones o necesidades de análisis de alternativas de reducción del riesgo de inundaciones identificadas en la Medida 4A

Mostrar para conocer los requisitos mínimos de orientación de TWDB

- 3.1 Si se detallan H&H y alternativas de mitigación análisis→ *Proyecto o Estrategia*
- 3.2 Razonable
- **3.3** Estimación de costos razonable a nivel de planificación
- **3.4** patrocinador(es) identificado(s)
- **3.5** Estructuras, población e instalaciones críticas en riesgo
- 3.6 Carreteras en peligro
- **3.7** Área de terrenos agrículturales y ganaderos en riesgo

33



CH. 4B – FMX PROCESO DE SELECCIÓN

EVALUACIONES DETALLADAS DE SELECCIONADO EVALUACIONES, PROYECTOS Y ESTRATEGIAS

¿Tiene lo siguiente?

MEDIDA 5

- **5.1** Relaciones costo-beneficio del Proyecto > 1.0
- 5.2 Un patrocinador dispuesto
- 5.3 No se conocen restricciones u obstáculos de implementación desafiantes

5.4 Cumplió con los requisitos específicos de RFPG para incorporar un proyecto o estrategia en la RFP?





CH. 4B – IDENTIFICACION DE NECESIDADES

FME potenciales identificadas

Typo de FME	Descripcion de FME	# de FME potenciales identificadas
Planificación de cuencas hidrográficas	Modelado/mapeo de riesgo de inundación Promueve el desarrollo y/o el perfeccionamiento de mapas detallados de riesgo de inundación para abordar las lagunas de datos y el mapeo inadecuado. Crea mapas de FEMA en áreas previamente no mapeadas y actualiza los mapas de FEMA existentes según sea necesario.	24
Planificación de proyectos	Análisis de alternativa de mitigación de inundaciones/estudio de factibilidad Apoya el desarrollo y análisis de modelos de H&H para evaluar el riesgo de inundación dentro de un área problemática específica, evaluar posibles alternativas para mitigar el riesgo de inundación y desarrollar un proyecto.	85
Otro	Ingeniería Preliminar Evaluación de un proyecto propuesto para determinar si la implementación sería factible O una evaluación de ingeniería inicial que incluye diseño conceptual, análisis alternativo y hasta un 30 por ciento de diseño de ingeniería.	24
	Total	133





CH. 4B – IDENTIFICACION DE NECESIDADES

FMP potenciales identificadas

Entididad	Descripcio	# de FMP potenciales identificadas	
Ciudad de Alton	 West Mile 5 Road and Louisiana Street Alt. 2 FM 676 South Glasscock Road Alternative 3 North Inspiration Rd and W St. Jude Ave Alt 2 	 North Stewart Boulevard Alternative 2 South Stewart Boulevard Alternative 2A West Mile 5 and South Glasscock Road Alt 3 	6
Ciudad de Eagle Pass	 Risk Area 11 Rancho Escondido Risk Area 12 Fox Borough Drive Risk Area 13 Celle De Los Santos neighborhood Risk Area 15 Trib 3 Detention at Main Street Risk Area 2 Treasure Hills 	 Risk Area 3 Arrow Point Boulevard Risk Area 4 Bibb & Misty Willow storm drain Risk Area 5 Debona Drive Risk Area 6 Trib 2 bypass & detention at Eagle Pass High School fields Risk Area 8 Tributary 2 channel widening near Alexander Drive 	10
Ciudad de Pharr	 Downtown Pharr Mitigation Project North Pharr Backwater Relief Project North Pharr Culvert Improvements 	 North Pharr Mitigation Project Pharr - San Juan Regional Detention Facility 	5
Ciudad de Weslaco	 South Texas Boulevard and East 18th Street Pleasantview Drive and 11th Street Los Torritos Str and N Kansas Avenue, Ph 2 Mile 10 N and Mile 5 ½ W 	 South International Boulevard and Bus 83 Texas Blvd to Airport Dr South of Bus 83 West Weslaco Westgate Drive and Sugar Cane Drive 	8
Condado de Hidalgo Recinto 4	 Risk Area A at Mile 8.5 Rd. & Ware Rd. Risk Area B at Mile 6 & North Ware Rd. Risk Area C at FM 2812 & FM 493 Risk Area D at S. McColl & Canton Rd. 	 Risk Area E at Hwy 107 & Val Verde Rd. Risk Area F at Texas Rd. & Cesar Chavez Rd. Risk Area G at Hoehn Rd. & Mile 11 Rd. Risk Area I at Sharp Rd. & E Monte Cristo Rd Risk Area J at SH107 & FM 907 	9
	Tot	tal	38



CH. 4B – IDENTIFICACION DE NECESIDADES

FMS potenciales identificadas

Typo de FMS	Descripcion de FMS	# de FMS potenciales identificadas
Educación y divulgación	Educación NFIP; educación sobre inundaciones; conciencia reglamentaria de llanuras aluviales; Conciencia de contacto de emergencia	8
ledición y advertencia de inundaciones	Sistemas de Alerta de Inundaciones; Notificaciones Masivas durante Incidentes de Riesgos Naturales; Estudios de inundación de presas	25
Normativa y Orientación	Creación/actualizaciones de ordenanzas de llanuras aluviales de la ciudad; Reglamento de Zonificación; Programas de Uso de la Tierra;	18
	Total	51





MEDIDA 5 – FMEs RECOMENDADOS

FME Type	Descripción de FME	#de FME potenciales identificada S	# de FME recomendados	Costo total de FME recomendados
Planificación de cuencas hidrográficas	Modelado/mapeo de riesgo de inundación	24	22	\$7,500,000
Preparación	Análisis de alternativa de mitigación de inundaciones/estudio de factibilidad	85	51	\$22,195,000
Otro	Ingeniería Preliminar	24	22	\$27,330,000
	Total	133	95	\$57,025,000





MEDIDA 5 – FME'S RECOMENDADOS

EME

- □ FME's proporcionará planificación de cuencas hidrográficas, estudios hidrológicos e hidráulicos detallados y destacará el riesgo de inundación dentro de la región.
- Alternativas de preparación y mitigación de inundaciones que sirvan como estudios de factibilidad.
- Diseños preliminares de ingeniería para abordar necesidades específicas de inundación.







MEDIDA 5 – FMP RECOMENDADOS

Nombre de FMP	Descripción de FMP	Costo
Proyecto de mitigación de North Pharr	Construir 3400 pies lineales de canal, mejoras a la alcantarilla, una conexión al desagüe y una instalación de detención regional (RDF) en línea a lo largo del drenaje Pharr-McAllen	\$8,195,000
Proyecto de mitigación de drenaje de Southwest Pharr	Construir cuatro centros de detención regionales (RDF) en South Pharr.	\$5,587,000
	Total	\$13,782,000





MEDIDA 5 – FMP RECOMENDADOS

- Diseñado para demostrar un impacto no negativo en un área vecina como resultado de la implementación.
- Si se identifica un impacto negativo, se pueden utilizar medidas de mitigación para aliviar el impacto.
- Utiliza el juicio profesional de los ingenieros para aliviar si se observa un impacto negativo de la implementación.







MEDIDA 5 - FMS RECOMENDADOS

Typo de FMS	Descripción de FMS	# de FMS potenciales identificados	# de FMS recomendados	Costo total de los FMS recomendados
Educación y divulgación	Educación NFIP; educación sobre inundaciones; conciencia reglamentaria de Ilanuras aluviales; Conciencia de contacto de emergencia	8	8	\$66,000
Medición y advertencia de inundaciones	Sistemas de Alerta de Inundaciones; Notificaciones Masivas durante Incidentes de Riesgos Naturales; Estudios de inundación de presas	25	25	\$1,867,000
Normativa y Orientación	Creación/actualizaciones de ordenanzas de Ilanuras aluviales de la ciudad; Reglamento de Zonificación; Programas de Uso de la Tierra;	18	18	\$2,177,000
	Total	51	51	\$4,109,000
@				





HALFF

MEDIDA 5 - FMS RECOMENDADOS

Similar a los requisitos de FMP y debe poder demostrar

- Apoyar un objetivo regional de mitigación de llanuras aluviales
- Ningún impacto negativo en el suministro de agua de una entidad
- No hay sobreasignación de una fuente de agua basada en la disponibilidad.
- Sin impactos negativos en las propiedades aguas abajo.



CH. 6 – IMPACTOS Y CONTRIBUCIONES DEL PLAN REGIONAL DE INUNDACIONES

Población removida de la llanura aluvial

Evento anual Evento de inundación	Población en riesgo existente	Reducción de la población en riesgo después de la implementación	Disminución de la población afectada
1% (100-Year Event)	276,662	7,217	2.6%
0.2% (500-Year Event)	689,125	42,064	6.1%
Total	965,787	49,281	5.1%

Estructuras removidas de la planicie de inundación

Evento anual Evento de inundación	Población en riesgo existente	Reducción de la población en riesgo después de la implementación	Disminución de la población afectada
1% (100-Year Event)	114,282	4,530	4%
0.2% (500-Year Event)	174,084	7,204	4.1%
Total	288,366	11,734	4%



MEDIDA 7 – ACTIVIDADES DE Preparación

Actividades antes de un evento de inundación

□ Actividades de preparación

- Sistemas de Alerta Temprana
- Educación sobre las actividades de respuesta sugeridas
- Adquisición de equipos de respuesta a emergencias
- Planificación de Mitigación de Riesgos



WARNING

A warning is issued when a hazardous weather or hydrologic event is occurring, imminent or likely. A warning means weather conditions pose a threat to life or property. People in the path of the storm ner to take protective action.

WATCH

watch is used when the **risk of a hazardous weather or hydrologic event has increased significantly**, bu its occurrence, location or timing is **still uncertain**. A watch means that hazardous weather is possible. eeople should **have a plan of action** in case a storm threatens and they should listen for later information and possible warnings especially when planning travel or outdoor activities.

ADVISORY

An advisory is issued when a hazardous weather or hydrologic event is **occurring, imminent or likely**. dvisories are for **less serious conditions than warnings**, that cause significant inconvenience and if cautio is not exercised, could lead to situations that may threaten life or property.

OUTLOOK

An outlook is issued when a hazardous weather or hydrologic event is **possible** in the next week. Outlooks are intended to **raise awareness** of the potential for significant weather that could lead to situations that may threaten life or property.





MEDIDA 7 – ACTIVIDADES DE PREPARO Esfuerzos durante e inmediatamente después de una inundación

Actividades

Distribución de Suministros de Emergencia

- sacos de arena
- Despliegue de Equipos y Actividades de Respuesta a EmergenciasRescue
 - quitar escombros
 - bombas móviles
 - Sistema de Notificación de Cierres





MEDIDA 7 – PREPAREDNESS ACTIVITIES Restoration efforts after the flood

Recovery Activities

- Restoration of Utilities
- Removal of Excess Debris
- □ Continued use of Response Equipment
- Documentation of activities for future mitigation efforts
- Damage Assessments and Reparations





MEDIDA 8 – RECOMENDACIONES ADMINISTRATIVAS, REGLAMENTARIAS Y LEGISLATIVAS

	ID	Declaraciones de recomendación
	8.2.1	Las inundaciones no reconocen límites jurisdiccionales. Eliminar las barreras que impiden que las jurisdicciones trabajen juntas para brindar soluciones regionales de mitigación de inundaciones y detención regional a través de los límites jurisdiccionales.
	8.2.2	La financiación de proyectos que benefician a las actividades agrícolas no debe puntuarse ni otorgarse en función de una relación costo-beneficio tradicional.
	8.2.3	El financiamiento para proyectos en Comunidades Históricamente Desfavorecidas o Áreas de Pobreza Persistente debe recibir una cantidad mínima de financiamiento futuro, para que no compitan contra comunidades más afortunadas.
	8.2.4	Debe haber fondos separados disponibles para cada uno de los diferentes aspectos de la gestión de llanuras aluviales, como el desarrollo de mapas de llanuras aluviales, estudios de planificación de inundaciones, planificación y desarrollo de proyectos avanzados para proyectos de gestión de llanuras aluviales e implementación de proyectos de gestión de llanuras aluviales e implementación de proyectos de gestión de
	8.2.5	Requerir que los futuros estudios regionales de planificación de inundaciones desarrollen y mantengan un cronograma de 100 años.
HA	LFF	



Solution TASK 8 – ADMINISTRATIVE, REGULATORY, AND LEGISLATIVE RECOMMENDATIONS

ID	Declaraciones de recomendación
8.1.1	Add legislative ability to allow counties the opportunity to establish and assess drainage (stormwater) utility fees. Legislation is needed to allow counties and others with flood control responsibilities to establish drainage (stormwater) utilities and collect fees for these services. Extend Local Government Code, Title 13, Subtitle A, Chapter 552 to allow counties the opportunity to establish and collect drainage utilities/fees.
8.1.2	Provide alternative revenue-generating sources of funding. Expand eligibility for and use of funding for stormwater and flood mitigation solutions (Local, State, Federal, Public/Private Partnerships, etc.)
8.1.3	Requirements for future planning studies



MEDIDA 8 - RECOMENDACIONES ADMINISTRATIVAS, REGLAMENTARIAS Y LEGISLATIVAS

ID	Recommendation Statements
8.3.1	Las alternativas de planificación de inundaciones deben incluir opciones que no causen daños irreparables a los hábitats costeros.
8.3.2	El Plan Regional de Inundaciones debe incluir herramientas y recursos para incluir continuamente todos los impactos significativos en las cuencas hidrográficas y la gestión de llanuras aluviales.



S MEDIDA 9 – ANÁLISIS DE FINANCIAMIENTO DE INFRAESTRUCTURA DE INUNDACIONES

□ ¿Qué oficio debería recomendar la RFPG que asuma el estado de Texas al financiar los FMS, FMP y FME recomendados?

El estado de Texas debe de:

- □ Tomar medidas adicionales para informar a las comunidades sobre las oportunidades de financiación.
- Ampliar la elegibilidad de los tipos de proyectos y entidades en los programas existentes
- Ampliar las oportunidades de financiación o crear nuevos programas para comunidades y distritos especiales que no puedan cumplir con los requisitos locales de distribución de costos.
- Proporcionar recursos para las comunidades que no pueden solicitar financiación debido a la falta de experiencia.
- Proporcionar recursos técnicos (o financiación para adquirir recursos técnicos) para proporcionar los servicios técnicos y profesionales necesarios para las solicitudes de oportunidades de financiación
- Dar prioridad a las comunidades vulnerables al considerar las recomendaciones de financiamiento
- □ Requerir que todos los proyectos consideren los impactos en las áreas del centro.





COMENTARIO PÚBLICO Háganos saber si necesitamos cambiar algo.

3 FORMAS DE COMENTAR

- Comente aquí o en cualquier reunión de la RFPG 1.
- **Proporcionar comentarios por escrito a:** 2.

Kleal@halff.com

Jaime.Salazar@hcdd1.org

Incluya la Región 15 en la línea de asunto.

3. <u>www.region15lrg.org</u> – Página de comentarios públicos











SU ENTRADA ES IMPORTANTE.





Review of Draft Region 15 Regional Flood Plan Public Meeting

MEETING LOCATION:	MEETING DATE:
Joe A. Guerra Laredo Public Library (1120 E. Calton Road, Laredo, TX 78540)	October 13, 2022

ATTENDEES:

Name	Community/ Company	Phone Number	Email
Spistage AMILA	SE'B DWFRAMWCTURE	976.236.5792	bavilaesbinhe.com
DAVID A, GARZA	connon outy	958-399-14/	
Kristing Leal	Halfs Associates	956 167-3400	KIER 1@ WAR half. com
EDWARD GARZA	CRANE ENGINEERING /WCDD	956712-1996	EDDIE GARTA DERME ENG96. COM
Benjamin Vondrak	RATES	845-499-43	e bundrak Ooffice. Ny n.
JOSE LINIS FLORES	HALFF Associates	(956)391-5603)flues Braiff.com
JAIME J. CALMON	HCDDI	956 .292-7080	Hame sawn Shedd lon
Ramon E. Chavez.	City of Laredo	956-791-7344	Vchavezeci. laredo.tx.vs

Sign-In Sheet

Review of Draft Region 15 Regional Flood Plan Public Meeting

MEETING LOCATION:	MEETING DATE:
Joe A. Guerra Laredo Public Library (1120 E. Calton Road, Laredo, TX 78540)	October 13, 2022

ATTENDEES:

Name	Community/ Company	Phone Number	Email
Nora D Cavazos	HCDDI	954-292-708	nora. Quaros Chadulla
RIAZUL MIA	CITY OF LAREDO	996-791-7302	minecilmete. tx.03
MulisAGonzAtes	RATES	96-78605-0	650 Manzales @ Maystorm was
LUIS PEREZ GARCIA	WEBB COUNTY	956 - 523 - 4055	pergegarai en taits
Ivan Santoyo	City of hards E.S.O.	956-794-1650	isourto vo@cilaredo-tx.us
Federico Elizondo			Felizondo 1 @ ci. laredo. tx.us
Johathan Phikop	S=B Infizstructure		itpulas @ spinfra.com
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·



Comment Form

Draft Region 15 Regional Flood Plan

MEETING LOCATION:	MEETING DATE:
Joe A. Guerra Laredo Public Library (1120 E. Carlton Road, Laredo, TX 78540)	October 13, 2022

Name	
Community/ Company	
Phone Number	
Email	
Comment:	

Sign-In Sheet

Review of Draft Region 15 Regional Flood Plan Public Meeting

MEETING LOCATION:	MEETING DATE:
Lower Rio Grande Valley Development Council Conference Room (301 W Railroad, Weslaco, TX 78596)	October 19, 2022
	000000119,2022

ATTENDEES:

Name	Community/ Company	Phone Number	Email
Elijah Casus	Texas Grenard Land Office	512-657-9673	elinh- casas al Precovery texas
Melisa Ceonst	RATES - LREVIStormunder 4	2010 9570-605-0650	Magonzales @ office notes respect
Even E. Gonzalez	City of Missicu	956-580-0780	egon t= 107 Purission, terricas
Alan Moore	CCDDS	956-423-641	alan@hidec1.ong
Kan Gomer	Comeron County	345-0196	Raul. Gomer QCO. concourts.
Gune Horra	5+37	998-9398	y Savrugume @ smyil
GABNEL GUNTALEZ	PCT3	585-4509	agbriel. gunzalez @ co. Hughin, M
JUAN CECILLO	City OF LA VILLA		5. 5
Daylig Alastiz	City OF Lavilly	882-351-1247	
Kristina Leal	Haiff Associates	956 664-D202	kleade harf.com
Jonathan Prukep	S& B Infrastructure		it prukop @ sbindra. com
Jose L. Flores T	Hulft Associates	9.56-664-028e	iflores @ haiff com
			0
			-

Sign-In Sheet

Review of Draft Region 15 Regional Flood Plan Public Meeting

MEETING LOCATION:	MEETING DATE:
Lower Rio Grande Valley Development Council Conference Room (301 W Railroad, Weslaco, TX 78596)	October 19, 2022

ATTENDEES:

Name	Community/ Company	Phone Number	Email
CILBRID Lucio	PAlm Jalley City Council	120-980-1154	glucio @ almialler TX.
Edyar Gonzalez	City of Mission	956-580-8780	egenerlez@ Missiontaxns. MS
Commissioner David Garza	Cameron county	956-361-8205	dagarza Ccu. cameron. tx.u
Victor Gallando	Hideols o county Pct 3	956-585-4509	viction. gallando Q. co. hildale
TLICK CARKERA	LRGVDC	478-682-348	1/ TECAMERAQLAQUE ONE



Virtual Attendants on Zoom

Draft Region 15 Regional Flood Plan

MEETING LOCATION:	MEETING DATE:
Lower Rio Grande Valley Development Council Conference Room	October 19, 2022
(301 W Railroad, Weslaco, TX 78596)	

Mayor Rick Salinas, Donna	Luis Albert Perez
Daniel Gonzalez	Clongoria
Barry Goldsmith, Brownsville NWS	Gilbert Milan, Rio Grande City
Mark Milum, Los Fresnos	Jim Darling, Region M
Yvette Barrera, Hidalgo County Drainage District No. 1	Velinda Reyes, Hidalgo County Precinct 4
Troy Allen, Delta Lake Irrigation District	Abel Bocanegra, City of Mission
Maribel Guerrero. Brownsville	David A Garza
S&B Infrastructure	Rick Carrera, LRGVDC
Ester A. Valle	Alex Barrera
Tom Mclemore	Joaquin Hernandez, Jr.
Eduardo Mendoza, City of McAllen	
Dan Lucio, AEP Texas	
Craig Cook, City of Harlingen	
Alejandro Gutierrez	
Ramon Macias	
Harlingen Zoom	
Agusto Sanchez, Cameron County	
Esolis	
Michael Kent	
Yolanda De la Torre, City of Brownsville	
Carlos Lastra, City of Brownsville	
Shonda Mace, GLO	
Hector Garcia	
Chairman Garza, Region 15 RFPG	



Comment Form

Draft Region 15 Regional Flood Plan

MEETING LOCATION:	MEETING DATE:
Lower Rio Grande Valley Development Council Conference Room	October 19, 2022
(301 W Railroad, Weslaco, TX 78596)	

Name	
Community/ Company	
Phone Number	
Email	
Comment:	

APPENDIX E -DRAFT COMMENTS & RESPONSES

Comments on the Draft Regional Flood Plan

The following comments were received from on the Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Plan. Included in the Tables below are the comments received and the responses that were provided for the comments received. Copies of the original Letters are provided after these tables.

TWDB Comments

The following comments were received by the Regional Flood Planning Group via email on October 26, 2022. The comments received, as well as the provided responses are included in **Table E.1** below.

Table E.1 TWDB Comments on Region 15 Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group's Draft Regional Flood Plan

	Comment Received	RFPG Response	
Level 1: Comments and questions must be satisfactorily addressed to meet statutory, agency rule, and/or contract requirements. General Comments			
1.	Please ensure that all "Submittal requirements" identified in each of the Exhibit C Guidance document sections are submitted in the final flood plan.	A review of the "Submittal Requirements" identified in each of the Exhibit C Guidance document sections were checked for compliance prior to submittal of the Final Regional Flood Plan.	
2.	Please consider including bookmarks in the pdf of the reports to facilitate ease of navigation for readers.	Bookmarks were added to the pdf of the Final Regional Flood Plan prior to submittal.	

APPENDIX E: COMMENTS & RESPONSES TO THE DRAFT REGIONAL FLOOD PLAN

	Comment Received	RFPG Response
3.	Several maps appear to be missing depictions of major roadways, major streams and rivers, major reservoirs, and other required features (e.g., Exhibit C Map 3 appears to be missing major streams and rivers). Exhibit C Section 3.10 requires all maps to contain certain base map information depicting the RFPG boundary, counties, HUCs as applicable, major streams or rivers, major reservoirs as appliable, major watershed boundaries as applicable, major roadways, major cities or urban areas, and other features identified by the RFPG. Please reconcile.	A template was created to address this comment for all maps.
sow 1	ask 1	
4.	 Entities GIS Feature Class, Entities: a. It appears that some fields contain invalid entries such as "Y" instead of "Yes" for the 'POLSUB_FLG' field. Please complete all required fields with valid entries per Exhibit D Table 3. b. It appears that some fields are missing entries, including 'ACTIVE'. Please complete all required fields with valid entries per Exhibit D Table 3 [31 TAC §361.30(4) & (5)]. 	Fields were updated to contain valid entries/ formatting or missing information.
5.	Existing Flood Infrastructure Table (Exhibit C Table 1): Low water crossings (LWC) do not appear to be included in Table 1. A summary and location of all low water crossings in the region identified by local communities is required to be included in Table 1. At minimum, identified LWCs within the Low Water Crossing dataset provided in the TWDB Flood Planning Data Hub should be included. Please include all LWCs identified during the flood planning process in this table [Exhibit C Section 2.1].	TWDB-provided low water crossings were included in Table 1. Tables were updated to include missing information. Tables reconciled with GIS/Text.
6.	Existing Flood Infrastructure GIS Feature Class, ExFldInfraPol: It appears that some fields contain invalid entries, including 'NAME' and 'DESCR'. Please complete all required fields with valid entries	Fields were updated to contain valid entries/ formatting or missing information.
	Comment Received	RFPG Response
----	---	---
	per Exhibit D Table 5 [31 TAC §361.31 & Exhibit D 3.3].	
7.	Existing Flood Infrastructure GIS Feature Class, ExFldInfraLn: It appears that some fields contain invalid entries, including 'NATBUILT and 'NAME. Please complete all required fields with valid entries per Exhibit D Table 6 [31 TAC §361.31 & Exhibit D 3.3].	Fields were updated to contain valid entries/ formatting or missing information.
8.	 Existing Flood Infrastructure GIS Feature Class, ExFldInfraPt: Please include all low water crossings (LWCs) identified during the flood planning process in this feature layer. The ExFldExpAll feature class contains 240 LWCs, whereas the ExFldInfraPt feature class appears to contain no LWCs. Note: This is required in contrast to the optional LWC feature class [31 TAC §361.31 & Exhibit D 3.3]. All low water crossings (LWC) in the region identified by local communities are required to be included in the ExFldInfraPt feature class. At minimum, identified LWCs within the Low Water Crossing dataset provided in the TWDB Flood Planning Data Hub should be included. Please reconcile [31 TAC §361.31 & Exhibit D 3.3]. It appears that some fields contain invalid entries, including 'DESCR'. Please complete all required fields with valid entries as referenced in Exhibit D 3.3]. 	Fields were updated to contain valid entries/ formatting or missing information.
9.	Existing Flood Infrastructure Map (Exhibit C Map 1): Low water crossings (LWC) do not appear to be included in Map 1. All LWCs in the region identified by local communities are required to be included in the ExFldInfraPt feature class and this should be reflected in Map 1. At minimum, identified LWCs within the Low Water Crossing dataset provided in the TWDB Flood Planning Data Hub should be	LWCs provided by TWDB were included in EXFldInfraPt feature class and Maps 1 & 3.

Comment Received	RFPG Response
included. Please reconcile [31 TAC §361.31 & Exhibit C 2.1].	
10. Existing Flood Projects GIS Feature Class, ExFldProjs: The polygons representing proposed and ongoing flood mitigation projects appear to follow county boundaries in all instances. Please ensure polygons reflect actual project boundaries, service areas, and/or contributing drainage areas as applicable [31 TAC §361.32].	Fields were updated to contain valid entries/ formatting or missing information.
11. Existing Flood Projects Map (Exhibit C Map 2): The shaded areas representing proposed and ongoing flood mitigation projects appear to follow county boundaries in all instances. Please ensure these shaded areas align with the ExFldProjs feature class to reflect actual project boundaries, service areas, and/or contributing drainage areas as applicable [31 TAC §361.32].	Maps were updated to include the best project boundary we could find.
SOW Task 2A	
 12. Existing Condition Flood Hazard Analysis, Text: a. Please include total land areas (square miles) of each flood risk by flood risk type, county, region, and frequency as per guidance document (Exhibit C page 24): Submittal requirement number 2. b. Please include a reference to Exhibit C Table 3 in the text, as per the guidance document (Exhibit C page 27). Once Task 2A Existing Condition Flood Risk Analyses is complete, RFPGs must include a summary table with findings summarizing flood risk by county. c. The Existing Hazard section does not appear to explicitly identify flood hazards specific to different types of flooding including riverine, coastal, urban, or other flooding. Please 	The Existing Hazard Section of Chapter 2 was updated to include the total land areas, in square miles, of each flood risk by flood risk type, county, and frequency. A Reference to Table 3 in Appendix B is included in the text of Chapter 2.

Comment Received	RFPG Response
13. Existing Condition Flood Hazard Map (Exhibit C Map 4): It appears that flood hazards specific to different types of flooding are not depicted. Please include identification of each type of flooding including riverine, coastal, urban, or other flooding as per guidance document (Exhibit C page 24): Submittal requirement number 1. This may be included as a supplemental map.	Maps were updated to include missing information.
14. Existing Condition Flood Exposure, Text: The text of the Existing Condition Flood Exposure Analysis section does not appear to describe exposure of structures and populations explicitly in the 1% and 0.2% floodplains. Please reconcile [31 TAC 361.33(c)].	Chapter 2 was updated to include missing and more detailed information.
 15. Existing Condition Flood Exposure Table (Exhibit C Table 3): a. It appears that the day population is duplicated in the night population field. Please correct these sets of population values as necessary. b. There appear to be inconsistencies between Table 3 and the ExFldExpAll feature class. For example, counts for Residential Structures and Total Structures do not appear to match. Please ensure data consistency between all related deliverables [31 TAC §361.33 & Exhibit C 2.2.A.3]. 	A population night column was added and all residential buildings match with Exhibit C tables. Updated fields to contain valid entries/ formatting or missing information. Tables were updated to include missing information. Tables reconciled with GIS/Text.
 16. Existing Condition Flood Vulnerability GIS Feature Class, ExFldExpAll: a. It appears that some fields are missing entries, including 'CRITICAL' Please complete all required fields with valid entries per Exhibit D Table 14 [31 TAC §361.33(c), (d) & Exhibit C 2.2.A.2]. b. It appears that some fields contain invalid entries, including 'CRIT_TYPE'. Please use the updated 'CRIT_TYPE' valid entry list: "Medical, Police, Fire, EMS, Shelter, School, 	Fields were updated to contain valid entries/ formatting or missing information.

	Comment Received	RFPG Response
	Infrastructure, Water Treatment, Wastewater Treatment, Power Generation, Other" per the Summary Update to Exhibit D document available on the TWDB website.	
17. Model a. b.	Coverage GIS Feature Class, ModelCoverage: Please provide additional detail to the descriptions of the existing models (i.e. software, type, date completed, scenario modeled) in the 'MODEL_DESCR' field. Please ensure that all entries within the 'MODEL_ID' field are 12 digits long per the Summary Update to Exhibit D document available on the TWDB website [31 TAC §361.33(b)(2)].	Fields were updated to contain valid entries/ formatting or missing information.
SOW Task 2B		
18. Future Condition Flood Hazard Map (Exhibit C Map 8): It appears that flood hazards specific to different types of flooding are not depicted. Please include identification of each type of flooding including riverine, coastal, urban, or other flooding as per guidance document (Exhibit C page 33): Submittal requirement number 1. This may be included as a supplemental map.		Maps were updated to include missing information.
19. Future Please each fl and fre page 3 Please the tex page 3 Analys summa by cou appear differe	Condition Flood Hazard Analysis, Text: a. include total land areas (square miles) of ood risk by flood risk type, county, region, equency as per guidance document (Exhibit C 3): Submittal requirement number 3. b. include a reference to Exhibit C Table 5 in kt, as per the guidance document (Exhibit C 5). Once Task 2B Future Condition Flood Risk es is complete, RFPGs must include a ary table with findings summarizing flood risk nty. c. The Future Hazard section does not r to explicitly identify flood hazards specific to nt types of flooding including riverine,	The Future Hazard Section of Chapter 2 was updated to include the total land areas, in square miles, of each flood risk by flood risk type, county, and frequency. A Reference to Table 5 in Appendix B is included in the text of Chapter 2.

Comment Received	RFPG Response
coastal, urban, or other flooding. Please reconcile [31 TAC §361.33(a)].	
20. Future Condition Flood Exposure Table (Exhibit C Table 5): It appears that the table does not contain information in the Possible Flood Prone Areas section. Please verify that this is correct and, if necessary, add data as appropriate [31 TAC §361.34 & Exhibit C 2.2.B.3].	Tables were updated to include missing information. Tables were reconciled with GIS/Text
 21. Future Condition Flood Vulnerability GIS Feature Class, FutFldExpAll: a. It appears that some fields contain invalid entries, including 'CRIT_TYPE'. Please use the updated 'CRIT_TYPE' valid entry list: "Medical, Police, Fire, EMS, Shelter, School, Infrastructure, Water Treatment, Wastewater Treatment, Power Generation, Other" per the Summary Update to Exhibit D document available on the TWDB website. b. It appears that some fields are missing entries, including 'FLOOD_FREQ' and 'CRITICAL'. Please complete all required fields with valid entries per Exhibit D Table 14 [31 TAC §361.34(c); Exhibit D 3.6.2]. 	Fields were updated to contain valid entries/ formatting or missing information.
22. Future Condition Flood Vulnerability Map (Exhibit C Map 12): The map legend does not appear to clearly indicate that the map is depicting SVI values. Please reconcile.	Added "SVI" under Key to Features. Maps were updated to include missing information/ labels.
SOW Task 3A	
23. Existing Floodplain Management Practices Map (Exhibit C Map 13): The map does not appear to depict entities that regulate and enforce floodplain practices. The map should depict the areas with established floodplain management practices, the entities that regulate and enforce those floodplain practices, and locations that lack floodplain management as per guidance document (Exhibit C	The map was updated to show entities that regulate and enforce floodplain practices.

Comment Received	RFPG Response
page 47): Submittal requirement number 4. Please reconcile [31 TAC §361.35 & Exhibit C 2.3.A].	
24. Existing Floodplain Management Practices Table (Exhibit C Table 6): The text appears to include cities that do not match Appendix B, Table 6. For example, the text states that the Cities of Granejo and Progreso are not NFIP participants. However, they are both listed as NFIP participants in Table 6. Please reconcile as appropriate.	Table 6 was updated to reflect Progreso as a community participating in the National Flood Program and not Granjeno. The text was updated accordingly.
SOW Task 4B	
25. Streams GIS Feature Class, Streams: a. It appears that some fields are missing entries, including 'STR_NAME'. Please complete all required fields with valid entries per Exhibit D Table 22. Please consider naming streams as "Tributary of XX" whenever the main channel is known. b. Please ensure that entries within the 'STREAM_ID' field are nine digits long consisting of a two-digit region number followed by seven digits. Unique IDs must be accurate for the database to connect and work properly. Please refer to Exhibit D Table 2 or more recent updates for Unique ID guidance [Exhibit D 3.9].	Entered names for tributaries where streams were known. STREAM_ID was updated to be 9 digits. Fields were updated to contain valid entries/ formatting or missing information.
26. Flood Management Evaluations (FME) Table (Exhibit C Table 12): The count of FMEs in the FME feature class (100) does not appear to match the count of FMEs in Table 12 (133). Please reconcile [31 TAC §361.38(i) & Exhibit D 3.10].	Tables were updated to include missing information. Tables were reconciled with GIS/Text
27. Flood Management Evaluations (FME) GIS Feature Class, FME: The count of FMEs in the FME feature class (100) does not appear to match the count of FMEs in Table 12 (133). Please reconcile [31 TAC §361.38(i) & Exhibit D 3.10].	Tables were reconciled with GIS/Text
28. Flood Management Evaluations (FME) Map (Exhibit C Map 16): Please revise the map based on	Maps were updated and reconciled with GIS/Text/Tables.

Comment Received	RFPG Response
revisions to the FME feature class and Table 12 as needed [31 TAC §361.38 & Exhibit D 3.10].	
 29. Flood Mitigation Projects (FMP) Table (Exhibit C Table 13): a. The count of FMPs in Table 13 (38) does not appear to match the count in the FMP feature class (36). Please reconcile. b. The estimated project costs for some FMPs do not appear to match between the FMP feature class and Table 13. For example, FMP_IDs 153000001 and 153000003. Please reconcile. 	Table 13 was reconciled with GIS/Text.
 30. Flood Mitigation Projects (FMP) GIS Feature Class, FMP: a. The count of FMPs in Table 13 (38) does not appear to match the count in the FMP feature class (36). Please reconcile. b. The estimated project costs for some FMPs do not appear to match between the FMP feature class and Table 13. For example, FMP_IDs 153000001 and 153000003.Please reconcile. c. Please add the required field 'MODEL_ID' per the Summary Update to Exhibit D document available on the TWDB website. 	The Feature class reconciled with Text and Tables. Fields were updated to contain valid entries/ formatting or missing information.
 Leave NULL when the field is unknown. d. It appears that some fields contain invalid entries, including 'EMER_NEED' and 'FMP_TYPE'. For example, "yes" instead of "Yes". Note that valid entries are case sensitive. Please complete all required fields with valid entries per Exhibit D Table 24. e. It appears that some fields are missing entries, including 'RECUR_COST' and 'FUND'. Please complete all required fields with valid entries per Exhibit D Table 24. 	

Comment Received		RFPG Response
when the field is not appli [31 TAC §361.38(c-e) & Ex	cable or unknown hibit D 3.11.1].	
		Tables were updated to include missing information. Tables reconciled with GIS/Text.
32. Flood Management Strategies (FN Class, FMS:	AS) GIS Feature	Fields were updated to contain valid entries/ formatting or missing
 a. It appears that some fields entries, including 'EMER_I example, "yes" instead of valid entries are case sens complete all required field entries per Exhibit D Table 	s contain invalid NEED'. For "Yes". Note that itive. Please Is with valid 26.	information.
 b. It appears that some fields entries, including 'RECUR_ Please complete all requir entries per Exhibit D Table when the field is not appli [31 TAC §361.38(d) & Exhibit 	s are missing COST' and 'FUND', ed fields with valid 24. Leave NULL cable or unknown bit D].	
 c. There appears to be a d each FMS in the FMS feature review and remove all dup 	uplicate entry for ure class. Please blicates.	
SOW Task 5		
33. Flood Management Evaluation (F Recommendations Table (Exhibit count of FMEs in the FME feature not appear to match the count of (133). Please reconcile [31 TAC §3 3.10].	ME) C Table 15): The class (100) does FMEs in Table 15 361.39 & Exhibit D	Tables were updated to include missing information. Tables reconciled with GIS/Text.

35. Flood Management Evaluation (FME) Recommendations Map (Exhibit C Map 19): Please revise the map based on revisions to the FME feature class and Table 15 as needed [31 TAC §361.39 & Exhibit D 3.10].	Maps were updated and reconciled with GIS/Text/Tables.

Comment Received	RFPG Response
feature class. Please reconcile [31 TAC §361.39 & Exhibit C 2.5.B].	
37. Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) Recommendations GIS Feature Class, FMP:	Feature Class was updated and with missing information and proper
 a. It appears that some fields contain invalid entries, including 'EMER_NEED' and 'FMP_TYPE'. For example, "yes" instead of "Yes". Note that valid entries are case sensitive. Please complete all required fields with valid entries per Exhibit D Table 24. 	formatting.
 b. It appears that some fields are missing entries, including 'RECUR_COST', 'FUND', and 'PREPROJLOS'. Please complete all required fields with valid entries per Exhibit D Table 24. Leave NULL when the field is not applicable or unknown [31 TAC §361.39 & Exhibit D 3.11.1]. 	
38. Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) Details Geodatabase, FMP, Details:	Fields were updated to contain missing information.
a. <i>FMP_Details</i> was not provided in the geodatabase. Please ensure this is provided with the geodatabase submittal with the final regional flood plan [31 TAC §361.39, Exhibit D 3.11.3 & Exhibit C 3.10.C].	
39. Flood Management Strategy (FMS) Recommendations Table (Exhibit C Table 17):	Tables were updated to include missing information. Tables reconciled
 Table 17 should list "Non-Recurring, Non- Capital Costs" instead of "Reoccurring Non- Capital Costs". 	with GIS/Text.
 b. Non-recurring, non-capital costs in Table 17 do not appear to match what is included in the FMS feature class. Please review and reconcile accordingly [31 TAC §361.39 & Exhibit C 2.5.C]. 	

_	Comment Received	RFPG Response
40. Flood Recom	Management Strategy (FMS) Imendations GIS Feature Class, FMS:	Fields were updated to contain valid entries/ formatting or missing
a.	It appears that some fields contain invalid entries, including 'EMER_NEED'. For example, "yes" instead of "Yes". Note that valid entries are case sensitive. Please complete all required fields with valid entries per Exhibit D Table 26.	information.
b.	It appears that some fields are missing entries, including 'RECUR_COST', 'FUND', and 'PREPROJLOS'. Please complete all required fields with valid entries per Exhibit D Table 24. Leave NULL when the field is not applicable or unknown [31 TAC §361.39 & Exhibit D 3.10].	
SOW Task 6A		
41. Impaca.	ts of Regional Flood Plan, Text: Chapter 6 does not appear to explicitly state that the regional flood plan, when implemented, will not negatively affect neighboring areas located within or outside the flood planning region. Chapter 5 states "the local sponsor will ultimately be responsible for proving the final project design has no negative flood impacts before initiating construction." Please consider updating this statement or including additional statements to meet this requirement [31 TAC §361.40 & Exhibit C 2.6.A]. Chapter 6 does not appear to contain an analysis of overall impacts of the plan on the following required categories: environment, agriculture, erosion, and sedimentation. Please reconcile [31 TAC §361.40 & Exhibit C 2.6.A].	Chapter 6 was updated to include missing information and more detailed information.

Comment Received	RFPG Response		
SOW Task 7			
 42. Flood Response Information and Activities, Text: a. Please include where more detailed information is available regarding recovery, as required [31 TAC §361.42 & Exhibit C 2.7]. b. Please include a written summary of entities involved and actions taken or planned for recovery from past flood disasters in the region, as required [31 TAC §361.42 & Exhibit C 2.7]. 	Chapter 7 was updated to include more detailed information on recovery efforts in the region.		
SOW Task 9			
 43. Flood Infrastructure Financing, Text: a. Please include a description of the percentage of survey completions and whether an acceptable minimum survey completion was achieved, as required [Exhibit C Section 2.9]. b. Table 19 does not appear to be included. Please reconcile [§361.44 & Exhibit C 2.9]. 	Chapter 9 was updated to include missing information and more detailed information. Percentage calculated and included in the data. Tables were updated to include missing information. Tables reconciled with GIS/Text.		
Level 2: Comments and suggestions for consideration that may improve the readability and overall understanding of the regional flood plan. General Comments			
44. Please consider including a complete table of contents for the entire regional flood plan.	A complete Table of Contents is included.		
45. For maps that display large amounts of data (e.g., Maps 4, 6, 8, and 10), please consider a region-wide map and accompanying map index as well as inset maps, as appropriate.	Insets were included in some maps and other maps were broken into a series of maps.		
46. Existing Flood Infrastructure, Text: Please consider providing a description of how Low Water Crossings were identified within the text of Chapter 1.	This will be included in the amended plan.		

Comment Received	RFPG Response
47. Existing Flood Infrastructure Map (Exhibit C Map 1): Please consider modifying the relative colors and/or line thickness (e.g., of "Levee") to improve map legibility.	Map has been updated to increase readability.
48. Existing Flood Projects Table (Exhibit C Table 2):	This will be included in the amended
 Existing Project IDs 15000028 and 15000029 have been awarded HMGP funds, but do not appear to have HMGP listed as a project funding source. Please consider including HMGP in the "Source of Funding" field for these projects. 	pian.
 Please consider including the City of McAllen's FMA Grant EMT-2018-FM-E002 drainage project that is currently in progress. 	
49. Existing Flood Projects GIS Feature Class, ExFldProjs:	This will be included in the amended
 Existing Project IDs 15000028 and 15000029 have been awarded HMGP funds, but do not appear to have HMGP listed as a project source. Please consider including HMGP in the 'FUND_SRC' field for these projects. 	plan.
 Please consider including the City of McAllen's FMA Grant EMT-2018-FM-E002 drainage project that is currently in progress. 	
SOW Task 2A	
50. Existing Condition Flood Hazard GIS Feature Class, <i>ExFldHazard:</i> There appears to be approximately 35 square miles of overlap in this feature class, particularly along the coast. Please verify accuracy of data and reconcile if necessary.	No reconciliation is necessary map is accurate.
51. Existing Condition Gaps Map (Exhibit C Map 5): Municipal boundaries do not appear visible on the map. Please consider modifying the map elements	Layers reordered and symbols changed

	Comment Received	RFPG Response
(e.g., r to imp	eordering the layers or changing symbology) rove legibility.	
52. Existin C Map	g Condition Flood Vulnerability Map (Exhibit 7):	Maps were improved.
a.	Please consider increasing the size of the color dots within the legend to improve legibility.	
b.	Municipal boundaries and major roadways do not appear visible on the map. Please consider modifying the map elements (e.g., reordering the layers or changing symbology) to improve legibility.	
C.	Map 7 appears to depict all features within the SVI range of 0 to 1. Please consider only including features with SVI scores above 0.75 as required per guidance document (Exhibit C Page 27): Submittal requirement number 3.	
d.	Please consider adding a separate point symbology class for LWCs to improve map legibility.	
53. Model	Coverage, Text:	Table is included in report and in
a.	Please consider including a table with descriptions of local detailed studies shown in the ModelCoverage feature class and in Figure 2.4.	Exhibit. A definition for non- modernized will be included in the amended plan.
b.	Please consider describing what "Non- Modernized" indicates in Figure 2.7.	
SOW Task 2B		
54. Future of the section resilien areas i exposu facilitie	Condition Flood Vulnerability, Text: The text Future Condition Vulnerability Analysis in does not appear to provide detail of the ince of communities located in flood-prone dentified in the future condition flood ure analysis, or the vulnerabilities of critical es to flooding by looking at factors such as	This will be included in the amended plan.

	Comment Received	RFPG Response
55. Future Map 1	Condition Flood Vulnerability Map (Exhibit C 2):	Map corrected and enhanced
a.	Please consider increasing the size of the color dots within the legend to improve legibility.	
b.	Municipal boundaries and major roadways do not appear visible on the map. Please consider modifying the map elements (e.g., reordering the layers or changing symbology) to improve legibility.	
c.	Map 12 appears to depict all features within the SVI range of 0 to 1. Please consider only including features with SVI scores above 0.75 as required per guidance document (Exhibit C Page 35): Submittal requirement number 3.	
d.	d. Please consider adding a separate point symbology class for LWCs to improve map legibility.	
		Text and table are reconciled.
57. Flo	ood Management Evaluations (FME), Text:	This will be included in the amended plan.

Comment Received	RFPG Response
a. For FMEs that potentially overlap with an existing TWDB-funded, FIF Category 1, study, please state how the FME will expand on the existing study.	
b. For county-wide FMEs where most of the county falls outside of the RFPG boundary, please include justification of how the FME benefits the region and please coordinate with other RFPGs to make sure the efforts are not duplicated.	
58. Flood Management Evaluations (FME) Map (Exhibit C Map 16): Please consider providing an inset map, or using another method, for certain cities to improve legibility of potentially smaller FMEs.	Maps have an inset included.
SOW Task 5	
 59. Flood Management Evaluation (FME) Recommendations, Text: a. For FMEs that potentially overlap with an existing TWDB-funded, FIF Category 1 study, please state how the FME will expand on the existing study. b. b. For county-wide FMEs where most of the county falls outside of the RFPG boundary, please include justification of how the FME benefits the region and please coordinate with other RFPGs to make sure the efforts are not duplicated. 	This will be included in the amended plan.
60. Flood Management Evaluation (FME) Recommendations Table (Exhibit C Table 15): Please consider documenting existing or ongoing BLE and TWDB-funded, FIF Category 1 studies.	This will be included in the amended plan.
 61. Flood Management Evaluation (FME) Recommendations GIS Feature Class, FME: a. Please consider populating 'MODEL_DESC' field for clarity on existing studies to be used. 	Model populated and document corrected on Category studies

Comment Received	RFPG Response
 b. Please make sure to document existing or ongoing BLE and TWDB-funded, FIF, Category 1 studies. 	
62. Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) Recommendations Map (Exhibit C Map 20): Please consider revising this map to more clearly depict the two recommended FMPs displayed on the map.	Map revised and inset added.
 63. Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) Details Geodatabase, FMP_Details: a. Please ensure that all NULL values are correct and revise as appropriate. 	Detail geodatabase corrected and revised
SOW Task 6B	
64. Contributions and Impacts to Water Supply, Text: The Hidalgo County Drainage District Delta Watershed Project included in the 2021 Region M Regional Water Plan appears to include proposed construction of a new reservoir. Please confirm that this project should not be included in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan.	This will be included in the amended plan.
SOW Task 9	
65. Flood Infrastructure Financing Analysis, Text: Please consider providing the supporting calculation and reference to supporting data for the following statement in the report "it is projected that \$67,000,000 of state and federal funding is needed." (Page 9-11).	This will be included in the amended plan.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

The following comments were received by the Regional Flood Planning Group via email on October 26, 2022, from Sonia Sams, Project Coordinator with the Water Resources Branch of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers in Fort Worth, Texas. The comments received, as well as the provided responses are included in **Table E.1** below.

Table E.2 U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Comments on Region 15 Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group's Draft Regional Flood Plan

	Comment Received	RFPG Response
1.	Non regulatory regional flood control or drainage districts should be established and funded for rapidly growing urban areas such as DFW, Houston, San Antonio, etc. Responsibility would be to provide consistency, technical resources, funding and reviews in support of FME's, FMS's. These organizations would also implement or support implementation of FMP's. These organizations would augment communities and counties that just don't have the resources and expertise to manage flooding.	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this suggestion for the Regional Flood Plan
	Rapidly developing areas surrounding larger urban centers are at greater risk of having runoff patterns increasing because of development. These urban areas are comprised of many communities and unincorporated county areas. Many of the smaller communities are not funded or resourced to deal with the complexities of floodplain management and therefore there is a lack of or inconsistencies in floodplain management practices.	
2.	Clarify the early 2000's state legislation that provide counties the authority to regulate floodplains to explicitly allow and encourage activities associated with floodplain management such as development of land use plans, regulatory authorities, e.g. permitting.	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this suggestion for the Regional Flood Plan.
	Although state legislation was passed in the early 2000's which gave counties the ability to regulate	

	Comment Received	RFPG Response
	floodplains, interpretation of these regulations varies widely from county to county. The legislate bill lacks implementation guidance in the form of administrative rules. If development is occurring in unincorporated areas, this development can dynamically impact flood risk.	
3.	Require the use of n-values and channel conditions which would likely result if the channel or project were not maintained. Exceptions would be golf courses or other areas where an organization exists which would maintain the channel in perpetuity. Disallow maintenance by marginal organizations such as home owners associations to justify acceptance of lower n-values as this is an unrealistic expectation.	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this suggestion for the Regional Flood Plan.
	When channels are constructed, most often channel bed, banks and overbanks are cleared; however; with many miles of these channels, it is often difficult for communities to maintain those beds, banks and overbanks at their design conditions. Generally, there is a lack of channel maintenance to ensure flood conveyance areas, established as part of a development or improvement projects, to retain their design level n-values. This results in unexpected changes in channel conveyance and increased flooding. Channel maintenance is very expensive activity that can trigger environmental permitting requirements.	
4.	No loss of valley storage to the 500-year level. Communities could allow redistribution of valley storage to allow interactions with natural areas but no loss of storage.	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this suggestion for the Regional Flood Plan.
	Land development in upstream areas increases runoff in downstream areas. This happens because of increased impervious cover and decreased tree cover, and therefore less ability to absorb rainfall. Additionally, development, in most communities, encroaches into riparian areas and decreases the amount of storage available to accommodate flood	

	Comment Received	RFPG Response
	waters. Just the main thread of the Trinity River though DFW stores more flood waters during of flood than any three of the USACE reservoirs that provide flood protection for DFW. The many other stream provide even more storage than the main stem. There is limited capacity in rivers and streams to convey floodwaters. This means that all areas above any given conveyance point have to store flood water until sufficient time has laps to pass the water away from the impacted area. The streams are where this water is stored and depleting these storage areas will impact DS areas.	
5.	Establish future land use plans for unincorporated areas associated with rapidly growing urban areas. Land development in upstream areas increases runoff in downstream areas. This happens because of increased impervious cover and decreased tree cover, and therefore less ability to absorb rainfall. Additionally, development, in most communities, encroaches into riparian areas and decreases the amount of storage available to accommodate flood waters. Just the main thread of the Trinity River though DFW stores more flood waters during of flood than any three of the USACE reservoirs that provide flood protection for DFW. The many other stream provide even more storage than the main stem. There is limited capacity in rivers and streams to convey floodwaters. This means that all areas above any given conveyance point have to store flood water until sufficient time has laps to pass the water away from the impacted area. The streams are where this water is stored and depleting these storage areas will impact DS areas.	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this suggestion for the Regional Flood Plan.
6.	Use of ultimate development land use conditions in the development of future flows. Require use of future flows for regulation of floodplains and development of FMP's. Land development in upstream areas increases runoff in downstream areas. This happens because of increased impervious cover and decreased tree	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this suggestion for the Regional Flood Plan.

	Comment Received	RFPG Response
	cover, and therefore less ability to absorb rainfall. Additionally, development, in most communities, encroaches into riparian areas and decreases the amount of storage available to accommodate flood waters. Just the main thread of the Trinity River though DFW stores more flood waters during of flood than any three of the USACE reservoirs that provide flood protection for DFW. The many other stream provide even more storage than the main stem. There is limited capacity in rivers and streams to convey floodwaters. This means that all areas above any given conveyance point have to store flood water until sufficient time has laps to pass the water away from the impacted area. The streams are where this water is stored and depleting these storage areas will impact DS areas.	
7.	Encourage storm shifting to validate 100-yr estimates and to provide a broader understanding of communities actual flood risk. Storms identified and cataloged as part of the GLO funded USACE led Texas Storm Study could be the primary source of storms to be shifted. Notes: Great deal of uncertainty in 100-yr estimates. Use of observed storms that approximately match depth duration data from NOAA Atlas 14 or other precipitation frequency sources validates 100-yr estimates. Additionally wet, dry and average conditions as well as conditions at the time the storm occurred can be presented. Additionally, communities have and can experience storms that exceed the 100-yr. While not regulatory, this information will provide additional hazard mitigation data so communities can address critical infrastructure impacts and be	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this suggestion for the Regional Flood Plan.
	better prepared.	
8.	Add detail to Watershed Hydrology Assessments (WHA) for communities within basins with completed WHA's. The WHA for the Trinity has been completed.	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this suggestion for the Regional Flood Plan.

Comment Received	RFPG Response
The WHA's, funded by FEMA, are considered the best available flood flow frequency estimates, e.g. 100-yr. These estimates consider the latest precipitation frequencies, the variations in watershed response and determine critical flood drivers by employing a wide range of sensitivity analysis for each computation point.	
9. Update WHA's when future precipitation frequency estimates become available. Efforts to develop future precipitation frequency estimates for Texas are starting.	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this suggestion for the Regional Flood Plan.
10. Establish regional efforts, for large urban centers to develop future land use data for all developing areas, not just incorporated areas, for use in developing future flood flow frequency estimates and future 100-yr (and other recurrence interval) hazard boundaries.	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this suggestion for the Regional Flood Plan.

Texas Parks & Wildlife Comments

The following comments were received by the Regional Flood Planning Group via email on October 27, 2022 from Marty Kelly, Water Resources Program Coordinator for the Texas Parks &Wildlife. The comments received, as well as the provided responses are included in **Table E.13** below.

Table E.3 Texas Parks & Wildlife Comments on Region 15 Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning
Group's Draft Regional Flood Plan

Comment Received	RFPG Response
 TPWD emphasizes that the following flood risk management (FRM) concepts identified in the forementioned literature be incorporated into the RFP. 	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this suggestion for the Regional Flood Plan.
 Flood is a natural process that has many benefits to human and natural systems. 	
 Promoting some flooding as desirable and making room for water promotes native species, maintains vital ecosystem services, and reduces the chance of flooding elsewhere 	
 Natural landscapes and watersheds provide flood mitigation functions that should be promoted, protected, enhanced, and restored. 	
 Prioritize risk reduction over flood control by focusing first on reducing loss of life and injury. 	
Utilize limited resources fairly.	
 Address flood risk using a portfolio approach to first implement non-structural (policy, land management, emergency management) followed by structural (grey and natural and nature-based) strategies. 	
 Criteria for assessing project strategies should include a comprehensive suite of measures spanning economical, operational, societal, and environmental advantages and disadvantages assessments focusing on 	

Commen	t Received	RFPG Response
economics alo should be avo	one (number of building, acres) ided.	
 Task 4B identification FMS's potentially feas to be part of chapter recommends moving 	and evaluation of potential sible FMS and FMP's is meant 5 rather than chapter 4.TPWD task 4B to chapter 5.	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this suggestion for the Regional Flood Plan.
 Texas Conservation A document for conserv with the goals of reali preventing species lis natural heritage for fu Greatest Conservation numerous aquatic spe mussels, and salaman (Texas Parks and Wild includes six types of p which are aquatic: wa floodplains; and caves these environments in impoundments and d quality issues (includi 	ct Plan (TCP) is a guiding vation in the state of Texas, izing conservation benefits, tings, and preserving our uture generations. Species of n Need (SGCN) include ecies such as fish, freshwater nders. The TCAP Handbook dlife Department, 2012) priority habitats, three of ater resources; riparian and s and karst. Issues affecting nclude environmental flows, am operations, and water ng stormwater runoff).	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this suggestion for the Regional Flood Plan.
4. TPWD would like to e FME, or FMS) propon crossing designs that and passage of aquat impound water. Basic to the creek. This incl creek where possible designed with the cul area lower than those that the flow in the ch out. The central/low- enough to handle a 1 up water. The bottom should be set at least recessed) to allow na culvert bottom and al passage. These lower	ncourage all the FMX (an FMP, ents to consider stream allow for sediment transport ic organisms and do not cally, designs that are invisible udes bridges that span the or culverted crossings vert(s) in the active channel e in the floodplain benches so nannel is not overly spread flow culvert(s) should be large .5-year flow without backing ns of these lower culverts a foot below grade (i.e., tural substrate to cover the llow for aquatic organism , recessed culverts should be	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this suggestion for the Regional Flood Plan.

Comment Received	RFPG Response
installed in the thalweg or deepest part of the channel and be aligned with the low flow channel (Clarkin et al., 2006).	
5. The Draft Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Plan includes a number of channel improvement projects which may include widening, deepening, and straightening streams. Channelization and over-widening of streams slows flow, which increases deposition of sediment, decreases fish habitat, increases water temperatures, and can result in channel erosion. Streams in good condition naturally reach bankfull and start spilling onto the floodplain during a 1.5 to 2-year flood event. Widening and deepening a stream channel to force it to contain the 100-year flow negatively impacts the adjacent water table and riparian area and has geomorphic effects upstream and downstream of the modification. If channelization is necessary, constructing a two-stage channel with a low flow channel and a floodplain allows for the continued transport of sediment, habitat for aquatic wildlife, and can reduce maintenance (Rosgen 1996). TPWD encourages the RFPG to protect existing streams, riparian areas, and floodplains.	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this suggestion for the Regional Flood Plan.
The proposed Flood Management Evaluations, Plans, and Strategies (FMXs, all together) include numerous infrastructure projects that may affect the aquatic habitats that are prioritized in the TCAP for example the removal of low water crossings can	
crossing is replaced with a bridge or culvert that does not form a barrier to species movements	

conversely building dams and channelizing streams can conversely affect aquatic habitats and species.

Sierra Club Lone Star Chapter Comments

The following comments were received by the Regional Flood Planning Group via email on October 31, 2022, from Alex Ortiz, Water Specialist for the Sierra Club Lone Star Chapter, and Cyrus Reed, Conservation Director for the same chapter. The comments received, as well as the provided responses are included in **Table E.14** below.

Table E.4 Sierra Club Lone Star Chapter Comments on Region 15 Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group's Draft Regional Flood Plan



	Comment Received	RFPG Response
	support, but some consideration to moving or buttressing existing structures is needed in the plan	
5.	We would note that the RGV Region 15 might consider additional recommendation that many other regional groups are recommending, including: The RGVFPG should play a role in facilitating public information/public education activities in the Rio Grande Basin and provide support to local public agencies to promote a wider understanding of state and regional flood issues and the importance of flood preparedness and long-range regional flood planning and mitigation Increase the number of outreach and education activities, specifically targeting municipal floodplain managers throughout Region 15, hosted by Region 15 RFPG and available on the website.	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this administrative recommendation for consideration. This recommendation is closely aligned with one of our Education and Outreach Goals:
6.	We would note that the RGV Region 15 might consider additional recommendation that many other regional groups are recommending, including: The TWDB should use the project list in the adopted RFP and state flood plan (SFP) to help connect local communities to grant programs administered by federal or other state agencies;	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this administrative recommendation for consideration.
7.	 We would note that the RGV Region 15 might consider additional recommendation that many other regional groups are recommending, including: The TWDB is encouraged to consider use of hybrid approaches that blend structural engineered projects and nature-based solutions for flood mitigation: Incentivize voluntary buy-out programs, turning previously flooded properties/neighborhoods into stormwater parks as an alternative to large scale construction projects; and 	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this administrative recommendation for consideration.

Comment Received	RFPG Response
 Provide training to state agencies, local governments, engineers, planners in the use of natural floodplain preservation/conservation. 	
8. The Texas Legislature is urged to support adoption of the 2021 versions of International Building Code and International Residential Code as State Building Standards, and other standards such as the 2021 IPC and 2021 IECC, which will ensure new construction is more resilient	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this legislative recommendation for consideration.
 The Texas Legislature should provide counties with more powers to implement, enforce and inspect modern building codes to ensure new construction is meeting more resilient standards 	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this legislative recommendation for consideration
 10. The Texas Legislature is urged to expand the use of the Economically Distressed Areas Program (EDAP) Funds to include residential drainage as an eligible use of EDAP funds as has been previously proposed. Because EDAP has been used for water and wastewater service grants throughout the RGV, assuring that those projects are combined with proper drainage to avoid future flooding is a key flood-proof strategy that would be uniquely beneficial for this region 	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this legislative recommendation for consideration.
11. The Texas Legislature should continue to provide funding to state agencies for flood planning initiatives, including providing technical support and assistance to county and city floodplain administrators or designees to support development of building standards, permitting support to verify new projects meet floodplain development requirements, and training	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this legislative recommendation for consideration.
12. The Texas Legislature is urged to make funds available to support nature-based practices through land conservation, restoration programs, and participation in landowner incentive programs to encourage voluntary land stewardship practices to	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this legislative recommendation for consideration.

Comment Received	RFPG Response
manage floodwaters by slowing runoff and dissipating flood energy to include riparian, wetland, forest, upland, and other habitat protection programs.	
 Promote land coverage studies to effectively identify riparian corridors to protect for floodplain mitigation and erosion reduction. 	
 Additional low interest programs to support voluntary city and county buy-back of lands for county parks and flood mitigation should also be included. 	
13. We believe the region should consider expanding the definition of what is included in the definition of critical infrastructure	
14. Prepare minimum flood management standards, including identifying operations and maintenance best practices to maintain drainage structures	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this suggestion for improving the Regional Flood Plan.
16. Develop public information campaigns to increase community knowledge of rules and regulations, flood-prone areas, and importance of protecting floodplains from encroachment.	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this suggestion for improving the Regional Flood Plan
	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this suggestion for improving the Regional Flood Plan.

these models be developed so that future plans can be more exact.18. Apply higher-end sea level rise projections to assess future conditions analysis for Coastal ZonesThe Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this suggestion for improving the Regional Flood Plan.• We recommend using the intermediate-to- intermediate high projections for planning. We were unable to determine in the plan how sea level rise is being treated as it was not clear in the methodologyThe Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this suggestion for improving the Regional Flood Plan.19. Expand the types of structures included when assessing vulnerability of Critical Facilities and weigh these structures higher during the Flood Mitigation Needs assessmentThe Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this suggestion for improving the Regional Flood Plan.• Region 15 included schools, hospitals, police stations, and fire stations, electric and gas lines, Superfund sites, water and wastewater supply sites as critical facilities when determining vulnerability to flood hazards. Unlike some regions, Region 15 did not include chemical plants, refineries, chemical storage facilities, and oil and gas linfrastructure as critical facilities. during the Flood Mitigation Needs Assessment in Chapter 4, Region 13 should weigh these athey can pose additional risks to the health and sofety of communities when flooded.20. Region 15 should adopt Minimum Floodplain Management RegulationsThe Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this suggestion for improving the Regional Flood Plan• Region 15 should require at least two minimum floodplain management <br< th=""><th>Comment Received</th><th>RFPG Response</th></br<>	Comment Received	RFPG Response
 18. Apply higher-end sea level rise projections to assess future conditions analysis for Coastal Zones We recommend using the intermediate-to-intermediate high projections for planning. We were unable to determine in the plan how sea level rise is being treated as it was not clear in the methodology 19. Expand the types of structures included when assessing vulnerability of Critical Facilities and weigh these structures higher during the Flood Mitigation Needs assessment Region 15 included schools, hospitals, police stations, and fire stations, electric and gas lines, Superfund sites, water and wastewater supply sites as critical facilitiesduring the Flood Plan. Region 15 included schools, hospitals, police stations, and fire stations, electric and gas lines, Superfund sites, water and wastewater supply sites as critical facilitiesduring the Flood Mitigation Needs assessment to flood Mitagation Needs Assessment and additional facilities independent in Chapter 4, Region 13 should weigh these additional facilities independent in the Region 15 should adopt Minimum Floodplain Management Regulations Region 15 should adopt Minimum Floodplain Management Regulations: Compliance with Texas Water Code Section 16.3145 and FEMA's National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) participation. 	these models be developed so that future plans can be more exact.	
19. Expand the types of structures included when assessing vulnerability of Critical Facilities and weigh these structures higher during the Flood Mitigation Needs assessmentThe Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this suggestion for improving the Regional Flood Plan.• Region 15 included schools, hospitals, police stations, and fire stations, electric and gas lines, Superfund sites, water and wastewater supply sites as critical facilities when determining vulnerability to flood hazards Unlike some regions, Region 15 did not include chemical plants, refineries, chemical storage facilities, and oil and gas infrastructure as critical facilitiesduring the Flood Mitigation Needs Assessment in Chapter 4, Region 13 should weigh these additional facilities when flooded.The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this suggestion for improving the Regional Flood Mitigation Needs Assessment in Chapter 4, Region 13 should weigh these additional facilities when flooded.20. Region 15 should adopt Minimum Floodplain Management Regulations • Region 15 should require at least two minimum floodplain management regulations:The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this suggestion for improving the Regional Flood Plan• Compliance with Texas Water Code Section 16.3145 andFEMA's National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) participation.	 18. Apply higher-end sea level rise projections to assess future conditions analysis for Coastal Zones We recommend using the intermediate-to-intermediate high projections for planning. We were unable to determine in the plan how sea level rise is being treated as it was not clear in the methodology 	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this suggestion for improving the Regional Flood Plan.
 include chemical plants, refineries, chemical storage facilities, and oil and <u>gas</u> infrastructure as critical facilitiesduring the Flood Mitigation Needs Assessment in Chapter 4, Region 13 should weigh these additional facilities higher than hospitals, schools, fire stations, and police stations, as they can pose additional risks to the health and safety of communities when flooded. 20. Region 15 should adopt Minimum Floodplain Management Regulations Region 15 should require at least two minimum floodplain management regulations: Compliance with Texas Water Code Section 16.3145 and FEMA's National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) participation. 	 19. Expand the types of structures included when assessing vulnerability of Critical Facilities and weigh these structures higher during the Flood Mitigation Needs assessment Region 15 included schools, hospitals, police stations, and fire stations, electric and gas lines, Superfund sites, water and wastewater supply sites as critical facilities when determining vulnerability to flood hazards Unlike some regions, Region 15 did not 	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this suggestion for improving the Regional Flood Plan.
 20. Region 15 should adopt Minimum Floodplain Management Regulations Region 15 should require at least two minimum floodplain management regulations: Compliance with Texas Water Code Section 16.3145 and FEMA's National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) participation. 	include chemical plants, refineries, chemical storage facilities, and oil and <u>gas</u> infrastructure as critical facilitiesduring the Flood Mitigation Needs Assessment in Chapter 4, Region 13 should weigh these additional facilities higher than hospitals, schools, fire stations, and police stations, as they can pose additional risks to the health and safety of communities when flooded.	
 Compliance with Texas Water Code Section 16.3145 and FEMA's National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) participation. 	 20. Region 15 should adopt Minimum Floodplain Management Regulations Region 15 should require at least two minimum floodplain management regulations: 	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this suggestion for improving the Regional Flood Plan
	 Compliance with Texas Water Code Section 16.3145 and FEMA's National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) participation. 	

Comment Received	RFPG Response
 As these regulations are widespread across the region, and create a strong foundation for the region, we support the inclusion of these as minimum floodplain management regulations. 	
 21. Include a Goal to increase enforcement of Floodplain Ordinances The level of enforcement of floodplain management practices varied across Region 15. However, for the vast majority of counties and municipalities, the Region was not able to determine level of enforcement. We believe that Region 15 should include a goal for the region to increase knowledge of enforcement across the region, and to increase levels of enforcement, region wide. 	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this suggestion for improving the Regional Flood Plan.
 22. Include impact to natural infrastructure in No Negative Impacts analysis Natural features and nature-based infrastructure provide significant flood mitigation benefits to neighboring communities. The analysis of "No Negative Impacts" should include impacts to natural infrastructure. 	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this suggestion for improving the Regional Flood Plan.
 23. Include annual appropriations to FIF as a legislative recommendation We recommend that Region 15 include a legislative recommendation that the state should allocate funding for recurring biennial appropriations to the Flood Infrastructure Fund. Annual appropriations to FIF will ensure that the state can continue to invest in FMPs included in the regional flood plans. At least 7 regions analyzed have included this as a recommendation in their draft plans. 	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this legislative recommendation for consideration.
24. Consider a specific section and measures on border security and minimizing the impacts of border security on flooding.	The Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group appreciates you providing this recommendation for consideration.

Comment Received	RFPG Response
 As is well documented, the decision by the federal government under multiple administrations (Bush, Obama, Trump, and Biden) to add border security, often without considering the impacts on local flooding has had devastating impacts along the US-Mexico border. It has also in some cases cut through important habitats and reduced the effectiveness of open space as a flood mitigation strategy. We believe that the Region 15 flood plan must address this issue which as is pointed out "disrupt preserves and natural areas, as well as the natural hydrology (Page 1-30)." However, the plan is silent on what actions need to be taken to mitigate these flood risks. Adding a plan - which of course must include new partners like Homeland Security - to address these risks, and require consultations for future border infrastructure will be important to the ragion 	KFPG Response
5	



P.O. Box 13231, 1700 N. Congress Ave. Austin, TX 78711-3231, www.twdb.texas.gov Phone (512) 463-7847, Fax (512) 475-2053

October 25, 2022

Jaime Salazar Operations Manager Hidalgo County Drainage District No. 1 902 N. Doolittle Edinburg, TX 78542

RE: Texas Water Development Board Comments on Region 15 Lower Rio Grande RFPG's Draft Regional Flood Plan Contract No. 2101792500

Dear Mr. Salazar,

Texas Water Development Board (TWDB) staff has performed a review of the draft regional flood plan submitted by August 1, 2022, on behalf of the Region 15 Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group (RFPG). The attached comments will follow this format:

- **LEVEL 1**: Comments and questions that must be satisfactorily addressed to meet specific statute, rule, or contract requirements; and,
- **LEVEL 2**: Comments and suggestions for consideration that may improve the readability and/or overall understanding of the regional flood plan

Please note that while Level 2 comments are provided for the planning group's consideration, Level 1 comments <u>must</u> be addressed prior to the submission of final Regional Flood Plans by the January 10, 2023, deadline.

It is expected that the data contained in all written report sections, tables, excel spreadsheets, and the geodatabase will be consistent with each other. In cases where there are any discrepancies in data, the geodatabase dataset will supersede other data and the TWDB will utilize the geodatabase dataset when developing the state flood plan.

TWDB review of the draft regional flood plans is comprised of many spot checks of data across several deliverables and is not an all-encompassing review. Please note that TWDB's review does not imply accuracy of the entire draft regional flood plan, and the RFPG is responsible for ensuring the completeness and accuracy of all data.

To facilitate efficient and timely completion, and Board approval, of your final regional flood plan, please provide your TWDB Regional Flood Planner with a draft of your response to these comments (e.g., informally via email) on the draft RFP as soon as possible. This will allow TWDB staff to provide preliminary feedback on proposed RFPG responses to assist you in meeting your RFPG's timeline for approval and submission to TWDB of the final plan by the deadline. It will also help to minimize the need for subsequent follow-ups after final regional flood plan submission to TWDB.

Our Mission

Leading the state's efforts in ensuring a secure water future for Texas and its citizens

Jeff Walker, Executive Administrator

Brooke T. Paup, Chairwoman | George B. Peyton V, Board Member

Board Members



P.O. Box 13231, 1700 N. Congress Ave. Austin, TX 78711-3231, www.twdb.texas.gov Phone (512) 463-7847, Fax (512) 475-2053

Title 31 TAC §361.50(c) requires the regional flood planning group to consider any written or oral Comment received from the public on the draft regional flood plan (RFP); and the EA's written comment on the draft RFP prior to adopting a final RFP. Section 361.50(d) requires the final adopted plan include summaries of all timely written and oral comments received, along with a response, for each, explaining any resulting revisions or why changes are not warranted. Copies of TWDB's Level 1 and 2 written comments and the RFPG's responses must be included in the final, adopted RFP. While the comments included in this letter represent TWDB's review to date, please anticipate the need to respond to additional comments or questions, as necessary, regarding data integrity related to the Board's State Flood Plan Database (that is built from the 15 regional databases), even after submission of the final plan to TWDB.

Standard to all RFPGs is the need to include certain content in the final RFPs that was not yet available at the time that drafts were prepared and submitted. In your final RFP, please be sure to incorporate in the final submitted plan, documentation, for example, that a public meeting to receive comments was held as required and that comments received on the draft RFP were considered in the development of the final plan [31 TAC §361.50(d)].

If you have any questions regarding these comments or would like to discuss your approach to addressing any of these comments, please do not hesitate to contact Megan Ingram at 512-475-1590 or via email at megan.ingram@twdb.texas.gov. TWDB staff are available to assist you in any way possible to ensure successful completion of your final regional flood plan.

Lastly, on behalf of TWDB, I would like to thank you, the sponsor, the RFPG members and the technical consultants for accomplishing this major milestone of a herculean effort and advancing the flood risk reduction mission in our state.

Sincerely,

Reem J. Zoun, PE, CFM, ENV SP Director Flood Planning

Attachment: TWDB Comments

Cc: Commissioner David Garza, RFPG Chair Kristina Leal, Halff Associates, Inc. Matt Nelson, TWDB James Bronikowski, TWDB Anita Machiavello, TWDB Megan Ingram, TWDB

Our Mission

Board Members

Brooke T. Paup, Chairwoman | George B. Peyton V, Board Member

Jeff Walker, Executive Administrator

TWDB Comments on Region 15 Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group's Draft Regional Flood Plan

Level 1: Comments and questions must be satisfactorily addressed to meet statutory, agency rule, and/or contract requirements.

General Comments

- 1. Please ensure that all "Submittal requirements" identified in each of the Exhibit C Guidance document sections are submitted in the final flood plan.
- 2. Please consider including bookmarks in the pdf of the reports to facilitate ease of navigation for readers.
- 3. Several maps appear to be missing depictions of major roadways, major streams and rivers, major reservoirs, and other required features (e.g., Exhibit C Map 3 appears to be missing major streams and rivers). Exhibit C Section 3.10 requires all maps to contain certain base map information depicting the RFPG boundary, counties, HUCs as applicable, major streams or rivers, major reservoirs as appliable, major watershed boundaries as applicable, major roadways, major cities or urban areas, and other features identified by the RFPG. Please reconcile.

<u>SOW Task 1</u>

- 4. Entities GIS Feature Class, *Entities*:
 - a. It appears that some fields contain invalid entries such as "Y" instead of "Yes" for the 'POLSUB_FLG' field. Please complete all required fields with valid entries per Exhibit D Table 3.
 - b. It appears that some fields are missing entries, including 'ACTIVE'. Please complete all required fields with valid entries per Exhibit D Table 3 [31 TAC §361.30(4) & (5)].
- 5. Existing Flood Infrastructure Table (Exhibit C Table 1): Low water crossings (LWC) do not appear to be included in Table 1. A summary and location of all low water crossings in the region identified by local communities is required to be included in Table 1. At minimum, identified LWCs within the Low Water Crossing dataset provided in the <u>TWDB Flood</u> <u>Planning Data Hub</u> should be included. Please include all LWCs identified during the flood planning process in this table [Exhibit C Section 2.1].
- 6. Existing Flood Infrastructure GIS Feature Class, *ExFldInfraPol*: It appears that some fields contain invalid entries, including 'NAME' and 'DESCR'. Please complete all required fields with valid entries per Exhibit D Table 5 [31 TAC §361.31 & Exhibit D 3.3].
- 7. Existing Flood Infrastructure GIS Feature Class, *ExFldInfraLn*: It appears that some fields contain invalid entries, including 'NATBUILT and 'NAME. Please complete all required fields with valid entries per Exhibit D Table 6 [31 TAC §361.31 & Exhibit D 3.3].
- 8. Existing Flood Infrastructure GIS Feature Class, *ExFldInfraPt*:
 - a. Please include all low water crossings (LWCs) identified during the flood planning process in this feature layer. The *ExFldExpAll* feature class contains 240 LWCs, whereas the *ExFldInfraPt* feature class appears to contain no LWCs. Note: This is

required in contrast to the optional *LWC* feature class [31 TAC §361.31 & Exhibit D 3.3].

- All low water crossings (LWC) in the region identified by local communities are required to be included in the *ExFldInfraPt* feature class. At minimum, identified LWCs within the Low Water Crossing dataset provided in the <u>TWDB Flood Planning</u> <u>Data Hub</u> should be included. Please reconcile [31 TAC §361.31 & Exhibit D 3.3].
- c. It appears that some fields contain invalid entries, including 'DESCR'. Please complete all required fields with valid entries as referenced in Exhibit D Table 7 [31 TAC §361.31 & Exhibit D 3.3].
- 9. Existing Flood Infrastructure Map (Exhibit C Map 1): Low water crossings (LWC) do not appear to be included in Map 1. All LWCs in the region identified by local communities are required to be included in the *ExFldInfraPt* feature class and this should be reflected in Map 1. At minimum, identified LWCs within the Low Water Crossing dataset provided in the <u>TWDB Flood Planning Data Hub</u> should be included. Please reconcile [31 TAC §361.31 & Exhibit C 2.1].
- 10. Existing Flood Projects GIS Feature Class, *ExFldProjs*: The polygons representing proposed and ongoing flood mitigation projects appear to follow county boundaries in all instances. Please ensure polygons reflect actual project boundaries, service areas, and/or contributing drainage areas as applicable [31 TAC §361.32].
- 11. Existing Flood Projects Map (Exhibit C Map 2): The shaded areas representing proposed and ongoing flood mitigation projects appear to follow county boundaries in all instances. Please ensure these shaded areas align with the *ExFldProjs* feature class to reflect actual project boundaries, service areas, and/or contributing drainage areas as applicable [31 TAC §361.32].

SOW Task 2A

- 12. Existing Condition Flood Hazard Analysis, Text:
 - a. Please include total land areas (square miles) of each flood risk by flood risk type, county, region, and frequency as per guidance document (Exhibit C page 24): Submittal requirement number 2.
 - b. Please include a reference to Exhibit C Table 3 in the text, as per the guidance document (Exhibit C page 27). Once Task 2A Existing Condition Flood Risk Analyses is complete, RFPGs must include a summary table with findings summarizing flood risk by county.
 - c. The Existing Hazard section does not appear to explicitly identify flood hazards specific to different types of flooding including riverine, coastal, urban, or other flooding. Please reconcile [31 TAC §361.33(a)].
- 13. Existing Condition Flood Hazard Map (Exhibit C Map 4): It appears that flood hazards specific to different types of flooding are not depicted. Please include identification of each type of flooding including riverine, coastal, urban, or other flooding as per guidance document (Exhibit C page 24): Submittal requirement number 1. This may be included as a supplemental map.
- 14. Existing Condition Flood Exposure, Text: The text of the Existing Condition Flood Exposure Analysis section does not appear to describe exposure of structures and populations explicitly in the 1% and 0.2% floodplains. Please reconcile [31 TAC §361.33(c)].
- 15. Existing Condition Flood Exposure Table (Exhibit C Table 3):
- a. It appears that the day population is duplicated in the night population field. Please correct these sets of population values as necessary.
- b. There appear to be inconsistencies between Table 3 and the *ExFldExpAll* feature class. For example, counts for Residential Structures and Total Structures do not appear to match. Please ensure data consistency between all related deliverables [31 TAC §361.33 & Exhibit C 2.2.A.3].
- 16. Existing Condition Flood Vulnerability GIS Feature Class, *ExFldExpAll*:
 - a. It appears that some fields are missing entries, including 'CRITICAL' Please complete all required fields with valid entries per Exhibit D Table 14 [31 TAC §361.33(c), (d) & Exhibit C 2.2.A.2].
 - b. It appears that some fields contain invalid entries, including 'CRIT_TYPE'. Please use the updated 'CRIT_TYPE' valid entry list: "Medical, Police, Fire, EMS, Shelter, School, Infrastructure, Water Treatment, Wastewater Treatment, Power Generation, Other" per the <u>Summary Update to Exhibit D</u> document available on the TWDB website.
- 17. Model Coverage GIS Feature Class, *ModelCoverage:*
 - a. Please provide additional detail to the descriptions of the existing models (i.e. software, type, date completed, scenario modeled) in the 'MODEL_DESCR' field.
 - b. Please ensure that all entries within the 'MODEL_ID' field are 12 digits long per the <u>Summary Update to Exhibit D</u> document available on the TWDB website [31 TAC §361.33(b)(2)].

SOW Task 2B

- 18. Future Condition Flood Hazard Map (Exhibit C Map 8): It appears that flood hazards specific to different types of flooding are not depicted. Please include identification of each type of flooding including riverine, coastal, urban, or other flooding as per guidance document (Exhibit C page 33): Submittal requirement number 1. This may be included as a supplemental map.
- 19. Future Condition Flood Hazard Analysis, Text:
 - Please include total land areas (square miles) of each flood risk by flood risk type, county, region, and frequency as per guidance document (Exhibit C page 33):
 Submittal requirement number 3.
 - b. Please include a reference to Exhibit C Table 5 in the text, as per the guidance document (Exhibit C page 35). Once Task 2B Future Condition Flood Risk Analyses is complete, RFPGs must include a summary table with findings summarizing flood risk by county.
 - c. The Future Hazard section does not appear to explicitly identify flood hazards specific to different types of flooding including riverine, coastal, urban, or other flooding. Please reconcile [31 TAC §361.33(a)].
- 20. Future Condition Flood Exposure Table (Exhibit C Table 5): It appears that the table does not contain information in the Possible Flood Prone Areas section. Please verify that this is correct and, if necessary, add data as appropriate [31 TAC §361.34 & Exhibit C 2.2.B.3].
- 21. Future Condition Flood Vulnerability GIS Feature Class, *FutFldExpAll*:
 - a. It appears that some fields contain invalid entries, including 'CRIT_TYPE'. Please use the updated 'CRIT_TYPE' valid entry list: "Medical, Police, Fire, EMS, Shelter, School, Infrastructure, Water Treatment, Wastewater Treatment, Power Generation, Other" per the <u>Summary Update to Exhibit D</u> document available on the TWDB website.

- b. It appears that some fields are missing entries, including 'FLOOD_FREQ' and 'CRITICAL'. Please complete all required fields with valid entries per Exhibit D Table 14 [31 TAC §361.34(c); Exhibit D 3.6.2].
- 22. Future Condition Flood Vulnerability Map (Exhibit C Map 12): The map legend does not appear to clearly indicate that the map is depicting SVI values. Please reconcile.

SOW Task 3A

- 23. Existing Floodplain Management Practices Map (Exhibit C Map 13): The map does not appear to depict entities that regulate and enforce floodplain practices. The map should depict the areas with established floodplain management practices, the entities that regulate and enforce those floodplain practices, and locations that lack floodplain management as per guidance document (Exhibit C page 47): Submittal requirement number 4. Please reconcile [31 TAC §361.35 & Exhibit C 2.3.A].
- 24. Existing Floodplain Management Practices Table (Exhibit C Table 6): The text appears to include cities that do not match Appendix B, Table 6. For example, the text states that the Cities of Granejo and Progreso are not NFIP participants. However, they are both listed as NFIP participants in Table 6. Please reconcile as appropriate.

SOW Task 4B

- 25. Streams GIS Feature Class, *Streams*:
 - a. It appears that some fields are missing entries, including 'STR_NAME'. Please complete all required fields with valid entries per Exhibit D Table 22. Please consider naming streams as "Tributary of XX" whenever the main channel is known.
 - Please ensure that entries within the 'STREAM_ID' field are nine digits long consisting of a two-digit region number followed by seven digits. Unique IDs must be accurate for the database to connect and work properly. Please refer to Exhibit D Table 2 or more recent updates for Unique ID guidance [Exhibit D 3.9].
- 26. Flood Management Evaluations (FME) Table (Exhibit C Table 12): The count of FMEs in the *FME* feature class (100) does not appear to match the count of FMEs in Table 12 (133). Please reconcile [31 TAC §361.38(i) & Exhibit D 3.10].
- 27. Flood Management Evaluations (FME) GIS Feature Class, *FME*: The count of FMEs in the *FME* feature class (100) does not appear to match the count of FMEs in Table 12 (133). Please reconcile [31 TAC §361.38(i) & Exhibit D 3.10].
- 28. Flood Management Evaluations (FME) Map (Exhibit C Map 16): Please revise the map based on revisions to the *FME* feature class and Table 12 as needed [31 TAC §361.38 & Exhibit D 3.10].
- 29. Flood Mitigation Projects (FMP) Table (Exhibit C Table 13):
 - a. The count of FMPs in Table 13 (38) does not appear to match the count in the *FMP* feature class (36). Please reconcile.
 - b. The estimated project costs for some FMPs do not appear to match between the *FMP* feature class and Table 13. For example, FMP_IDs 153000001 and 153000003. Please reconcile.
- 30. Flood Mitigation Projects (FMP) GIS Feature Class, *FMP*:
 - a. The count of FMPs in Table 13 (38) does not appear to match the count in the *FMP* feature class (36). Please reconcile.

- b. The estimated project costs for some FMPs do not appear to match between the *FMP* feature class and Table 13. For example, FMP_IDs 153000001 and 153000003. Please reconcile.
- c. Please add the required field 'MODEL_ID' per the <u>Summary Update to Exhibit D</u> document available on the TWDB website. Leave NULL when the field is unknown.
- d. It appears that some fields contain invalid entries, including 'EMER_NEED' and 'FMP_TYPE'. For example, "yes" instead of "Yes". Note that valid entries are case sensitive. Please complete all required fields with valid entries per Exhibit D Table 24.
- e. It appears that some fields are missing entries, including 'RECUR_COST' and 'FUND'. Please complete all required fields with valid entries per Exhibit D Table 24. Leave NULL when the field is not applicable or unknown [31 TAC §361.38(c-e) & Exhibit D 3.11.1].
- 31. Flood Management Strategies (FMS) Table (Exhibit C Table 14):
 - a. Table 14 should list "Non-Recurring, Non-Capital Costs" instead of "Reoccurring Non Capital Costs". Please revise.
 - b. Non-recurring, non-capital costs in Table 14 do not appear to match what is included in the *FMS* feature class. Please reconcile [31 TAC §361.38(d) & Exhibit C 2.4.B].
- 32. Flood Management Strategies (FMS) GIS Feature Class, FMS:
 - a. It appears that some fields contain invalid entries, including 'EMER_NEED'. For example, "yes" instead of "Yes". Note that valid entries are case sensitive. Please complete all required fields with valid entries per Exhibit D Table 26.
 - b. It appears that some fields are missing entries, including 'RECUR_COST' and 'FUND', Please complete all required fields with valid entries per Exhibit D Table 24. Leave NULL when the field is not applicable or unknown [31 TAC §361.38(d) & Exhibit D].
 - c. There appears to be a duplicate entry for each FMS in the *FMS* feature class. Please review and remove all duplicates.

<u>SOW Task 5</u>

- 33. Flood Management Evaluation (FME) Recommendations Table (Exhibit C Table 15): The count of FMEs in the *FME* feature class (100) does not appear to match the count of FMEs in Table 15 (133). Please reconcile [31 TAC §361.39 & Exhibit D 3.10].
- 34. Flood Management Evaluation (FME) Recommendations GIS Feature Class, *FME*: The count of FMEs in the *FME* feature class (100) does not appear to match the count of FMEs in Table 15 (133). Please reconcile [31 TAC §361.39(c), (f) & Exhibit D 3.10].
- 35. Flood Management Evaluation (FME) Recommendations Map (Exhibit C Map 19): Please revise the map based on revisions to the *FME* feature class and Table 15 as needed [31 TAC §361.39 & Exhibit D 3.10].
- 36. Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) Recommendations, Text:
 - a. Each recommended FMP must be accompanied with an associated model or supporting documentation to show no negative impact. Please confirm that this was done and provide reference to supporting materials. As per the draft report (page 5-8), "A comparative assessment of pre-project and post-project conditions for the 1 percent ACE (100-year flood) was performed for each potentially feasible FMP based on their associated H&H models. The floodplain boundary extents, resulting WSELs,

and peak discharge values were compared at pertinent locations to determine if the *FMP conforms to the no negative impacts requirements.*" For each recommended FMP, please identify in the plan how no negative impact was determined as required by the Exhibit C Section 3.6.A (page 108), either via a model or a study, and submit the associated model or include the study name in tabular format.

- b. The name of FMP_ID 153000012 (Southwest Pharr Drainage Mitigation Project) does not appear to match the associated name in Table 16 and the *FMP* feature class. Please reconcile [31 TAC §361.39 & Exhibit C 2.5.B].
- 37. Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) Recommendations GIS Feature Class, FMP:
 - a. It appears that some fields contain invalid entries, including 'EMER_NEED' and 'FMP_TYPE'. For example, "yes" instead of "Yes". Note that valid entries are case sensitive. Please complete all required fields with valid entries per Exhibit D Table 24.
 - b. It appears that some fields are missing entries, including 'RECUR_COST', 'FUND', and 'PREPROJLOS'. Please complete all required fields with valid entries per Exhibit D Table 24. Leave NULL when the field is not applicable or unknown [31 TAC §361.39 & Exhibit D 3.11.1].
- 38. Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) Details Geodatabase, *FMP_Details*:
 - a. *FMP_Details* was not provided in the geodatabase. Please ensure this is provided with the geodatabase submittal with the final regional flood plan [31 TAC §361.39, Exhibit D 3.11.3 & Exhibit C 3.10.C].
- 39. Flood Management Strategy (FMS) Recommendations Table (Exhibit C Table 17):
 - a. Table 17 should list "Non-Recurring, Non-Capital Costs" instead of "Reoccurring Non Capital Costs".
 - b. Non-recurring, non-capital costs in Table 17 do not appear to match what is included in the *FMS* feature class. Please review and reconcile accordingly [31 TAC §361.39 & Exhibit C 2.5.C].
- 40. Flood Management Strategy (FMS) Recommendations GIS Feature Class, FMS:
 - a. It appears that some fields contain invalid entries, including 'EMER_NEED'. For example, "yes" instead of "Yes". Note that valid entries are case sensitive. Please complete all required fields with valid entries per Exhibit D Table 26.
 - b. It appears that some fields are missing entries, including 'RECUR_COST', 'FUND', and 'PREPROJLOS'. Please complete all required fields with valid entries per Exhibit D Table 24. Leave NULL when the field is not applicable or unknown [31 TAC §361.39 & Exhibit D 3.10].

SOW Task 6A

- 41. Impacts of Regional Flood Plan, Text:
 - a. Chapter 6 does not appear to explicitly state that the regional flood plan, when implemented, will not negatively affect neighboring areas located within or outside the flood planning region. Chapter 5 states "*the local sponsor will ultimately be responsible for proving the final project design has no negative flood impacts before initiating construction.*" Please consider updating this statement or including additional statements to meet this requirement [31 TAC §361.40 & Exhibit C 2.6.A].

b. Chapter 6 does not appear to contain an analysis of overall impacts of the plan on the following required categories: environment, agriculture, erosion, and sedimentation. Please reconcile [31 TAC §361.40 & Exhibit C 2.6.A].

SOW Task 7

- 42. Flood Response Information and Activities, Text:
 - a. Please include where more detailed information is available regarding recovery, as required [31 TAC §361.42 & Exhibit C 2.7].
 - b. Please include a written summary of entities involved and actions taken or planned for recovery from past flood disasters in the region, as required [31 TAC §361.42 & Exhibit C 2.7].

<u>SOW Task 9</u>

- 43. Flood Infrastructure Financing, Text:
 - a. Please include a description of the percentage of survey completions and whether an acceptable minimum survey completion was achieved, as required [Exhibit C Section 2.9].
 - b. Table 19 does not appear to be included. Please reconcile [§361.44 & Exhibit C 2.9].

Level 2: Comments and suggestions for consideration that may improve the readability and overall understanding of the regional flood plan.

General Comments

- 44. Please consider including a complete table of contents for the entire regional flood plan.
- 45. For maps that display large amounts of data (e.g., Maps 4, 6, 8, and 10), please consider a region-wide map and accompanying map index as well as inset maps, as appropriate.

<u>SOW Task 1</u>

- 46. Existing Flood Infrastructure, Text: Please consider providing a description of how Low Water Crossings were identified within the text of Chapter 1.
- 47. Existing Flood Infrastructure Map (Exhibit C Map 1): Please consider modifying the relative colors and/or line thickness (e.g., of "Levee") to improve map legibility.
- 48. Existing Flood Projects Table (Exhibit C Table 2):
 - a. Existing Project IDs 15000028 and 15000029 have been awarded HMGP funds, but do not appear to have HMGP listed as a project funding source. Please consider including HMGP in the "Source of Funding" field for these projects.
 - b. Please consider including the City of McAllen's FMA Grant EMT-2018-FM-E002 drainage project that is currently in progress.
- 49. Existing Flood Projects GIS Feature Class, *ExFldProjs*:
 - a. Existing Project IDs 15000028 and 15000029 have been awarded HMGP funds, but do not appear to have HMGP listed as a project source. Please consider including HMGP in the 'FUND_SRC' field for these projects.

b. Please consider including the City of McAllen's FMA Grant EMT-2018-FM-E002 drainage project that is currently in progress.

SOW Task 2A

- 50. Existing Condition Flood Hazard GIS Feature Class, *ExFldHazard*: There appears to be approximately 35 square miles of overlap in this feature class, particularly along the coast. Please verify accuracy of data and reconcile if necessary.
- 51. Existing Condition Gaps Map (Exhibit C Map 5): Municipal boundaries do not appear visible on the map. Please consider modifying the map elements (e.g., reordering the layers or changing symbology) to improve legibility.
- 52. Existing Condition Flood Vulnerability Map (Exhibit C Map 7):
 - a. Please consider increasing the size of the color dots within the legend to improve legibility.
 - b. Municipal boundaries and major roadways do not appear visible on the map. Please consider modifying the map elements (e.g., reordering the layers or changing symbology) to improve legibility.
 - c. Map 7 appears to depict all features within the SVI range of 0 to 1. Please consider only including features with SVI scores above 0.75 as required per guidance document (Exhibit C Page 27): Submittal requirement number 3.
 - d. Please consider adding a separate point symbology class for LWCs to improve map legibility.
- 53. Model Coverage, Text:
 - a. Please consider including a table with descriptions of local detailed studies shown in the *ModelCoverage* feature class and in Figure 2.4.
 - b. Please consider describing what "Non-Modernized" indicates in Figure 2.7.

SOW Task 2B

- 54. Future Condition Flood Vulnerability, Text: The text of the Future Condition Vulnerability Analysis section does not appear to provide detail of the resilience of communities located in flood-prone areas identified in the future condition flood exposure analysis, or the vulnerabilities of critical facilities to flooding by looking at factors such as proximity to a floodplain, proximity to other bodies of water, past flooding issues, emergency management plans, and location of critical systems like primary and back-up power. The text section instead relies on referencing relevant maps in the appendices. Please consider providing more detail in the text section of this chapter.
- 55. Future Condition Flood Vulnerability Map (Exhibit C Map 12):
 - a. Please consider increasing the size of the color dots within the legend to improve legibility.
 - b. Municipal boundaries and major roadways do not appear visible on the map. Please consider modifying the map elements (e.g., reordering the layers or changing symbology) to improve legibility.
 - c. Map 12 appears to depict all features within the SVI range of 0 to 1. Please consider only including features with SVI scores above 0.75 as required per guidance document (Exhibit C Page 35): Submittal requirement number 3.
 - d. Please consider adding a separate point symbology class for LWCs to improve map legibility.

SOW Task 3A

- 56. Existing Floodplain Management Practices Table (Exhibit C Table 6):
 - a. The text appears to include cities that do not match Appendix B, Table 6. For example, the text states that the Cities of Granejo and Progreso are not NFIP participants. However, they are both listed as NFIP participants in Table 6. Please reconcile as appropriate.

SOW Task 4B

- 57. Flood Management Evaluations (FME), Text:
 - a. For FMEs that potentially overlap with an existing TWDB-funded, FIF Category 1 study, please state how the FME will expand on the existing study.
 - b. For county-wide FMEs where most of the county falls outside of the RFPG boundary, please include justification of how the FME benefits the region and please coordinate with other RFPGs to make sure the efforts are not duplicated.
- 58. Flood Management Evaluations (FME) Map (Exhibit C Map 16): Please consider providing an inset map, or using another method, for certain cities to improve legibility of potentially smaller FMEs.

SOW Task 5

- 59. Flood Management Evaluation (FME) Recommendations, Text:
 - a. For FMEs that potentially overlap with an existing TWDB-funded, FIF Category 1 study, please state how the FME will expand on the existing study.
 - b. For county-wide FMEs where most of the county falls outside of the RFPG boundary, please include justification of how the FME benefits the region and please coordinate with other RFPGs to make sure the efforts are not duplicated.
- 60. Flood Management Evaluation (FME) Recommendations Table (Exhibit C Table 15): Please consider documenting existing or ongoing BLE and TWDB-funded, FIF Category 1 studies.
- 61. Flood Management Evaluation (FME) Recommendations GIS Feature Class, FME:
 - a. Please consider populating 'MODEL_DESC' field for clarity on existing studies to be used.
 - b. Please make sure to document existing or ongoing BLE and TWDB-funded, FIF Category 1 studies.
- 62. Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) Recommendations Map (Exhibit C Map 20): Please consider revising this map to more clearly depict the two recommended FMPs displayed on the map.
- 63. Flood Mitigation Project (FMP) Details Geodatabase, FMP_Details:
 - a. Please ensure that all NULL values are correct and revise as appropriate.

SOW Task 6B

64. Contributions and Impacts to Water Supply, Text: The Hidalgo County Drainage District Delta Watershed Project included in the 2021 Region M Regional Water Plan appears to include proposed construction of a new reservoir. Please confirm that this project should not be included in the Region 15 Regional Flood Plan.

SOW Task 9

65. Flood Infrastructure Financing Analysis, Text: Please consider providing the supporting calculation and reference to supporting data for the following statement in the report "it is projected that \$67,000,000 of state and federal funding is needed." (Page 9-11).

	RFPG Comments Regarding Legislative Recommendations, Regulatory	and Administrative Recommendations and State Flood Planning Recommendations
Name	Flood Plan Recommendations	Comments
Jerry Cotter	Table 8.1 Legislative	
	Non regulatory regional flood control or drainage districts should be established and funded for rapidly growing urban areas such as DFW, Houston, San Antonio, etc. Responsibility would be to provide consistency, technical resources, funding and reviews in support of FME's, FMS's. These organizations would also implement or support implementation of FMP's. These organizations would augment communities and counties that just don't have the resources and expertise to manage flooding.	Rapidly developing areas surrounding larger urban centers are at greater risk of having runoff patterns increasing because of development. These urban areas are comprised of many communities and unincorporated county areas. Many of the smaller communities are not funded o resourced to deal with the complexities of floodplain management and therefore there is a lack of or inconsistencies in floodplain management practices.
	Clarify the early 2000's state legislation that provide counties the authority to regulate floodplains to explicidly allow and encorage activiites associated with floodplain management such as development of land use plans, regulatory authorites, e.g. permitting.	Although state legislation was passed in the early 2000's which gave counties the ability to regulate floodplains, interpretation of these regulations varies widely from county to county. The legislate bill lacks implementation guidance in the form of administrative rules. If development is occuring in unincorporated areas, this development can dynamically impact flood risk.
Jerry Cotter	Table 8.2 Regulatory	
	Require the use of n-values and channel conditions which would likely result if the channel or project were not maintained. Exceptions would be golf courses or other areas where an organization exists which would maintain the channel in perpetuity. Disallow maintence by marginal organizations such as home owners associations to justify acceptance of lower n-values as this is an unrealistric expectation.	When channels are constructed, most often channel bed, banks and overbanks are cleared; however; with many miles of these channels, it is often difficult for communities to maintain those beds, banks and overbanks at their design conditions. Generally, there is a lack of channel maintenance to ensure flood conveyance areas, established as part of a development or improvement projects, to retain their design level n-values. This results in unexpected changes in channel conveyance and increased flooding. Channel maintenance is very expensive activity that can trigger environmenatl permitting requirements.
	No loss of valley storage to the 500-year level. Communities could allow redistribution of valley storage to allow interactions with natural areas but no loss of storage.	Land development in upstream areas increases runoff in downstream areas. This happens because of increased impervious cover and decreased tree cover, and therefore less ability to absorb rainfall Additionally, development, in most communities, encroaches into riparian areas and decreases the amount of storage available to accommodate flood waters. Just the main thread of the Trinity River though DFW stors more flood waters during of flood than any three of the USACE reservoirs that provide flood protection for DFW. The many other stream provide even more storage than the main stem. There is limited capacity in rivers and streams to convey floodwaters. This means that all areas above any given conveyance point have to stor flood water until sufficient time has laps to pass the water away from the impacted area. The streams are where this water is stored and depleting these storage areas will impact DS areas.
	Establish future land use plans for unincorporated areas associated with rapidly growing urban areas.	8
	Use of ultimate development land use conditions in the development of future flows. Require use of future flows for regulation of floodplains and development of FMP's.	" C
Jerry Cotter	Table 8.3 State Flood Planning Recommendations	
	None	
	Potential FMS Encorage storm shifting to validate 100-yr estimates and to provide a broader understanding of communities actual flood risk Storms identified and cataloged as part of the GLO funded USACE led Texas Storm Study could be the primary source of storms to be shifted.	Notes: Great deal of uncertainty in 100-yr estimates. Use of observed storms that approximately d match depth duration data from NOAA Atlas 14 or other precipitation frequency sources validates 100-yr estimates. Additionally wet, dry and average conditions as well as conditions at the time the storm occured can be presented. Additionally, communities have and can experience storms that exceed the 100-yr. While not regulatory, this information will provide additional hazard mitigation data so communities can address critical infrastructure impacts and be better prepared.
	Add detail to Watersshed Hydrology Assessments (WHA) for communities within basins with completed WHA's. The WHA for the Trinity has been completed.	The WHA's, funded by FEMA, are considered the best available flood flow frequency estimates, e.g. 100-yr. These estimates consider the latest precipitation frequencies, the variations in watershed response and determine critical flood drivers by employing a wide range of sensitivity analysis for each computation point.
	Update WHA's when future precipitation frequency estimates become available. Efforts to develop future precipitation frequency estimates for Texas are starting.	
	Establish regional efforts, for large urban centers to develop future land use data for all developing areas, not just encorporated areas, for use in developing future flood flow frequency estimates and future 100-yr (and other recurrence interval) hazard boundaries.	

October 27, 2022



Region 15 Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group Hidalgo County Drainage District No. 1 902 N Doolittle Road Edinburg, TX 78242

Life's better outside." Re: 2023 Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Plan

Commissioners

Arch "Beaver" Aplin, III Chairman Lake Jackson

> Dick Scott Vice-Chairman Wimberley

James E. Abell Kilgore

> Oliver J. Bell Cleveland

Paul L. Foster El Paso

Anna B. Galo Laredo

Jeffery D. Hildebrand Houston

Robert L. "Bobby" Patton, Jr. Fort Worth

> Travis B. "Blake" Rowling Dallas

> > Lee M. Bass Chairman-Emeritus Fort Worth

T. Dan Friedkin Chairman-Emeritus Houston

Carter P. Smith Executive Director Dear Mr. David A. Garza,

In 2019 Senate Bills 7 and 8 established a regional and state flood planning process for Texas, aimed at better managing flood risk to reduce loss of life and property. As part of the process, Texas Parks and Wildlife Department (TPWD) was identified as a member of the regional flood planning groups (Texas Water Code Sec. 16.062). The mission of TPWD is to manage and conserve the natural and cultural resources of Texas and its ability to provide opportunities of hunting, fishing, and outdoor recreation for the use and enjoyment of present and future generations. TPWD values this opportunity to contribute to the flood planning process with the goal of enhancing flood risk management and achieving beneficial flood mitigation outcomes. Toward this effort TPWD members serve a dual role of supporting the voting membership in development of the plans and representing the natural resource interests of the state.

TPWD applauds the Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Planning Group for their efforts in completing the inaugural regional flood plan (RFP) especially considering the abbreviated timeline. Through the exceptional efforts of the RFPG, this plan will be a meaningful tool for reducing flood impacts to society, especially in those disastrous events that cause loss of life and injury. Because this represents the initial region-wide plan, it has the potential to be precedent setting for subsequent iterations. As such, it is important this plan recognizes the role nature and nature-based solutions can play in flood risk management and promotes opportunities to protect, enhance and restore the flood mitigation benefits provided by natural landforms.

TPWD is supportive of the planning process outlined by the Texas Water Development Board (TWDB) because it aims to achieve an integrative flood risk management (FRM) approach that prioritizes risk reduction through implementation of floodplain management, land use regulations, policy, and a balanced use of grey and natural and nature-based (NNBS) flood mitigation measures that are formed by inclusive participation at all levels of society. TPWD believes this integrative approach when implemented holistically will achieve the maximum benefits for society and natural ecosystems while minimizing environmental impacts. Recent published works on FRM and NNBS (Bridges et al 2021, Glick et al 2020, World Wildlife Fund 2016, Sayers et al 2013) support TWDB integrative flood management approach and provide extensive resources for flood planners.

4200 SMITH SCHOOL ROAD AUSTIN, TEXAS 78744-3291 512.389.4800

www.tpwd.texas.gov

To manage and conserve the natural and cultural resources of Texas and to provide hunting, fishing and outdoor recreation opportunities for the use and enjoyment of present and future generations.



Life's better outside.®

Commissioners

Arch "Beaver" Aplin, III Chairman Lake Jackson

> Dick Scott Vice-Chairman Wimberley

James E. Abell Kilgore

> Oliver J. Bell Cleveland

Paul L. Foster El Paso

Anna B. Galo Laredo

Jeffery D. Hildebrand Houston

Robert L. "Bobby" Patton, Jr. Fort Worth

> Travis B. "Blake" Rowling Dallas

> > Lee M. Bass Chairman-Emeritus Fort Worth

T. Dan Friedkin Chairman-Emeritus Houston

Carter P. Smith Executive Director In the interest of achieving the state's flood risk management goals while protecting the state's fish and wildlife resources, TPWD reviewed regional flood plans based on the TWDB guidance principals as described in 31 Texas Administrative Code Chapters 361 and 362. Special focus was provided on the following subset of guidance principals due to its relevance to fish and wildlife management.

- Does the draft flood plan use the best available science, data, models, and flood risk mapping?
- Does the draft flood plan consider the potential upstream and downstream effects, including environmental, of potential flood management strategies (and associated projects) of neighboring areas?
- Does the draft flood plan include strategies and projects that provide for a balance of structural and non-structural flood mitigation measures, including projects that use nature-based features that lead to long-term mitigation of flood risk?
- Does the draft flood plan consider natural systems and beneficial functions of floodplains, including flood peak attenuation and ecosystem services?
- Does the draft flood plan encourage flood mitigation design approaches that work with, rather than against, natural patterns and conditions of floodplains?
- Does the draft flood plan seek to not cause long-term impairment to the designated water quality as shown in the state water quality management plan as a result of a recommended flood management strategy or project?
- Does the draft flood plan consider benefits of flood management strategies to water quality, fish and wildlife, ecosystem function, and recreation, as appropriate?
- Does the draft flood plan minimize adverse environmental impacts and conform with adopted environmental flow standards?
- Does the draft flood plan consider multi-use opportunities such as green space, parks, water quality, or recreation, portions of which could be funded, constructed, and or maintained by additional, third-party project participants? Additionally, TPWD emphasizes that the following FRM concepts identified in the

forementioned literature be incorporated into the RFP.

- Flood is a natural process that has many benefits to human and natural systems.
- Promoting some flooding as desirable and making room for water promotes native species, maintains vital ecosystem services, and reduces the chance of flooding elsewhere.
- Natural landscapes and watersheds provide flood mitigation functions that should be promoted, protected, enhanced, and restored.
- Prioritize risk reduction over flood control by focusing first on reducing loss of life and injury.
- Utilize limited resources fairly.
- Address flood risk using a portfolio approach to first implement non-structural (policy, land management, emergency management) followed by structural (grey and natural and nature-based) strategies.
- Criteria for assessing projects strategies should include a comprehensive suite of measures spanning economical, operational, societal, and environmental

4200 SMITH SCHOOL ROAD AUSTIN, TEXAS 78744-3291 512.389.4800

www.tpwd.texas.gov

To manage and conserve the natural and cultural resources of Texas and to provide hunting, fishing and outdoor recreation opportunities for the use and enjoyment of present and future generations. advantages and disadvantages. Assessments focusing on economics alone (number of buildings, acres) should be avoided.

Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Plan Comments

Task 4B, Identification and Evaluation of Potential FMEs, Potentially Feasible FMSs, and FMPs, is meant to be part of Chapter 5 rather than Chapter 4. TPWD recommends moving Task 4B to Chapter 5.

Texas Conservation Action Plan (TCAP) is a guiding document for conservation in the state of Texas, with the goals of realizing conservation benefits, preventing species listings, and preserving our natural heritage for future generations. Species of Greatest Conservation Need (SGCN) include numerous aquatic species such as fish, freshwater mussels, and salamanders. The TCAP handbook (Texas Parks and Wildlife Department, 2012) includes six types of priority habitats, three of which are aquatic: water resources; riparian and floodplains; and caves and karst. Issues affecting these environments include environmental flows, impoundments and dam operations, and water quality issues (including stormwater runoff).

The Draft Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Plan (LRGFP) calculated and mapped flood risk analysis for both 1% and 0.2% annual chance storm events for current and future conditions. A model of the current conditions risk of flooding was created by compiling local knowledge, United States Geological Survey (USGS) gage information, San Antonio River Authority (SARA) data, National Flood Hazard Layer (NFHL) data, FEMA Base Level Engineering data, Fathom data, and National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Atlas-14 rainfall data. TPWD appreciates and supports the use of the best available science and most relevant data.

The goals of the Draft LRGRFP include education and outreach, improving flood warning and readiness, increasing the number of flood studies, increasing the prevention of flooding, and supporting flood infrastructure projects. TPWD encourages the inclusion of the ecological and societal benefits of flooding in any education program and appreciates the repeated mention of nature-based solutions in the education and outreach goals of the LRGRFP.

The LRGRFP identified 38 potentially feasible Flood Management Projects (FMPs), 133 potentially feasible Flood Management Evaluations (FMEs), and 51 potentially feasible Flood Management Strategies (FMSs). It appears that most of the recommended FMPs are infrastructure based with only one nature-based solution being put forward. TPWD appreciates that the Draft XXRFP acknowledges the gap in flood risk and mitigation in relation to nature-based infrastructure in the region. TPWD understands that the goal of the RFP is to mitigate floods to reduce risk to life and property but would like to encourage the use of nature-based solutions where possible. The Draft LRGRFP states that none of the projects or strategies are anticipated to have negative downstream effects.

TPWD would like to encourage all the FMX (an FMP, FME, or FMS) proponents to consider stream crossing designs that allow for sediment transport and passage of aquatic organisms and do not impound water. Basically, designs that are invisible to the creek. This includes bridges that span the creek where possible or culverted crossings designed with the culvert(s) in the active channel area lower than those in the floodplain benches so that the flow in the channel is not overly spread out. The central/low-flow culvert(s) should be large enough to handle a 1.5-year flow without backing up water. The bottoms of these lower culverts should be set at least a foot below grade (i.e., recessed) to allow natural substrate to cover the culvert bottom and to allow for aquatic organism passage. These lower, recessed culverts should be installed in the thalweg or deepest part of the channel and be aligned with the low flow channel (Clarkin et al., 2006).

The Draft Lower Rio Grande Regional Flood Plan includes a number of channel improvement projects which may include widening, deepening, and straightening streams. Channelization and over-widening of streams slows flow, which increases deposition of sediment, decreases fish habitat, increases water temperatures, and can result in channel erosion. Streams in good condition naturally reach bankfull and start spilling onto the floodplain during a 1.5 to 2-year flood event. Widening and deepening a stream channel to force it to contain the 100-year flow negatively impacts the adjacent water table and riparian area and has geomorphic effects upstream and downstream of the modification. If channelization is necessary, constructing a twostage channel with a low-flow channel and a floodplain allows for the continued transport of sediment, habitat for aquatic wildlife, and can reduce maintenance (Rosgen 1996). TPWD encourages the RFPG to protect existing streams, riparian areas, and floodplains.

The proposed Flood Management Evaluations, Plans, and Strategies (FMXs, all together) include numerous infrastructure projects that may affect the aquatic habitats that are prioritized in the TCAP. For example, the removal of low-water crossings can benefit rare species such as mussels and fish if the crossing is replaced with a bridge or culvert that does not form a barrier to species movement. Conversely, building dams and channelizing streams can adversely affect aquatic habitats and species.

Thank you for your consideration of these comments. TPWD looks forward to continuing to work with the planning group to develop flood plans that protect life and property but are also beneficial to the environment. Please contact me at (512) 389 – 8214 or at Marty.Kelly@TPWD.Texas.gov or Willy Cupit at (956)-350-4491 or at Willy.Cupit@TPWD.Texas.gov if you have any questions or comments.

Sincerely,

lants Kell

Marty Kelly Water Resources Program Coordinator

MK:wc

References

Bridges, T. S., J. K. King, J. D. Simm, M. W. Beck, G. Collins, Q. Lodder, and R. K. Mohan, eds. 2021. International Guidelines on Natural and Nature-Based Features for Flood Risk Management. Vicksburg, MS: U.S. Army Engineer Research and Development Center.

Clarkin, K., G. Keller, T. Warhol, S. Hixson. 2006. Low-Water Crossings: Geomorphic, Biological, and Engineering Design Considerations. 0625 1808P. San Dimas, CA: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, San Dimas Technology and Development Center. 366 p. <u>http://www.fs.fed.us/eng/pubs/pdf/LowWaterCrossings/index.shtml</u>

Glick, P., E. Powell, S. Schlesinger, J. Ritter, B.A. Stein, and A. Fuller. 2020. The Protective Value of Nature: A Review of the Effectiveness of Natural Infrastructure for Hazard Risk Reduction. Washington, DC.

Rosgen, D. L. 1996. Applied River Morphology. Wildland Hydrology Books, Pagosa Springs, Colorado.

Sayers, P., Y. L.i, G. Galloway, E. Penning-Rowsell, F. Shen, K. Wen, Y. Chen, and T. Le Quesne. 2013. Flood Risk Management: A Strategic Approach. Paris, UNESCO.

Texas Parks and Wildlife Department. 2012. Texas Conservation Action Plan 2012 - 2016: Overview. Editor, Wendy Connally, Texas Conservation Action Plan Coordinator. Austin, Texas.

World Wildlife Fund. 2016. Natural and Nature-based Flood Management: A Green Guide. Washington, DC: World Wildlife Fund. <u>Http://envirodm.org/flood-managment</u> 2016 WWF.



To: Jaime Salazar, Hidalgo County Drainage District No. 1, Region 15 RFGP Sponsor

Delivered via email to Jaime.salazar@hcdd1.org

October 31st, 2022

Comments on Region 15 Regional Flood Planning Group

The Lone Star Chapter of the Sierra Club is pleased to offer these brief comments on the proposed Lower Rio Grande Valley Region 15 Regional Flood Plan. We are generally supportive of the plan, though we believe it could be strengthened with some additional attention to the need to incorporate open space-green infrastructure, adopt minimum floodplain regulations, consider improved enforcement, implementation of modern building codes, and focused legislative recommendations. We would also note that the plan ignores how to address the impacts of border security infrastructure on current and future flooding.

Stretching from West Texas and the Pecos River to the Confluence of the Conchos River in Mexico with the Rio Grande, to the Lower Rio Grande Valley proper, Region 15 is a "thin" stretch of generally arid lands, but that can be subject to flash flooding from upstream events, as well as Gulf hurricanes and tropical storms. Climate change and extremes are making this situation worse. Combined with a general urbanization of the landscape as farming land is converted to subdivisions, as well as recent efforts by the federal government (and state government in certain cases) to increase border securitization (often to the detriment of open space/native habitats) through the use of fences, walls, and other structures, flooding can be severe and deadly. Indeed, the plan finds that over 50,000 acres of cropland and 100,000 acres of rangeland have been converted from 1997 to 2017, in general to serve the growing population through urbanization and more rural subdivisions. Indeed, despite its rural nature, Region 15 is

now the state's sixth most populated area with nearly 2,000,000 persons. It is worth noting as the draft report does point out that this population has a high Social Vulnerability Index due largely to lower incomes, lower job opportunities, and worse health outcomes, meaning this population is particularly vulnerable to flooding and other disasters. Indeed, 12 of the 14 counties in the region had an SVI over 0.75 when overlaying CDC data. Since the TWDB considers a level over 0.75 as a threshold for areas highly vulnerable to natural disasters, it indicates a real issue of social vulnerability.

In addition, the increasing use of lands for transmission electric and gas lines and renewable energy power projects is another relatively new land use that can also impact flood events, particularly during construction, and having best management practices is key to flooding. It is also worth noting issues involving residential drainage in residential subdivisions, at times caused by the filling in of resacas and other native habitat features as well as the types of soils found in the region. This combination of generally semi-arid climatic conditions, punctuated by extreme weather events and upstream impacts makes the work of the Regional Flood Plan process of utmost importance. As a conservation organization with a local regional group located in the Rio Grande Valley as well as several staff members, we appreciate the hours of effort taken by the regional flood group, local governments and the TPWD and other state agency staff.

Background

State legislation enabling the Regional Flood Plan process provided guidelines and deliverables to be accomplished by each flood planning group, with regional plans becoming the basis of a state flood plan. These plans are developed through the creation and identification of projects to be considered for future funding. Enabling legislation also directed the Texas Water Development Board (TWDB) to identify and evaluate natural flood mitigation features and include Nature Based Solutions (NBS) among proposed flood mitigation projects.

Region 15, along with all the other Regional Flood Planning Groups (RFPGs) have had to work under a tight timeline during the initial planning round – and we appreciate the work the Region has put into making a holistic flood plan.

In particular, the Lone Star Chapter are encouraged by the following recommendations and goals included in Region 15's draft Regional Flood Plan:

- Administrative Recommendations:
 - Flooding does not recognize jurisdictional boundaries. Remove barriers that prevent jurisdictions from working together to provide regional flood mitigation solutions and regional detention across jurisdictional boundaries.

- Flood planning alternatives should include options that do not cause irreparable damage to coastal habitats.
- The Regional Flood Plan should include tools and resources to continuously include all significant impacts on the watersheds and floodplain management.
- Funding for projects in Historically Disadvantaged Communities or Areas of Persistent Poverty should be allocated a minimum amount of future funding, so they are not competing against more fortunate communities.

Legislative Recommendations:

- Add legislative ability to allow counties the opportunity to establish and assess drainage (stormwater) utility fees. Legislation is needed to allow counties and others with flood control responsibilities to establish drainage (stormwater) utilities and collect fees for these services. Extend Local Government Code, Title 13, Subtitle A, Chapter 552 to allow counties the opportunity to establish and collect drainage utilities/fees.
- Provide alternative revenue-generating sources of funding. Expand eligibility for and use of funding for stormwater and flood mitigation solutions (Local, State, Federal, Public/Private Partnerships, etc.)
- Expand eligibility for and use of funding for stormwater and flood mitigation solutions (Local, State, Federal, Public/Private Partnerships, etc.).

Administrative Goals:

- Increase the number of nature-based flood risk reduction projects (from 20% to 30 percent in short-term to 40% to 50% in long term). *Note: we support higher goals and would suggest 30 percent in short term and 50 to 60 percent for long-term*.
- Reduce the number of newly constructed vulnerable facilities within the existing future 1% annual chance floodplain event;
- Increase community access routes to critical facilities and evacuation routes
- Develop a regionally coordinated warning and emergency response program
- Increase the number of flood gauges in the region
- Decrease the average age of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps used to define SFHS in the region
- Develop and maintain an operational stormwater asset management plan (by the percent of entities that utilize such plans to 40-50 percent in the short term)
- Reduce the number of structures that have been subject to repeated flooding events through property buyouts (to \$10 million in short-term). Note we support higher goals.

- Increase the acreage of publicly protected open space in critical flood risk areas that are reused for public benefit (from 300,000 acres in short term to 800,000 acres in long-term). *Note: we would support higher goals.*
- Increase the number of entities that adopt higher than NFIP minimum standards to 40-50% in short-term (Note we would support higher goals)

While we are supportive of these administrative and legislative recommendations and administrative goals, we would note that the RGV Region 15 might consider additional recommendation that many other regional groups are recommending, including:

- The RGVFPG should play a role in facilitating public information/public education activities in the Rio Grande Basin and provide support to local public agencies to promote a wider understanding of state and regional flood issues and the importance of flood preparedness and long-range regional flood planning and mitigation;
- The TWDB should use the project list in the adopted RFP and state flood plan (SFP) to help connect local communities to grant programs administered by federal or other state agencies; and
- The TWDB is encouraged to consider use of hybrid approaches that blend structural engineered projects and nature-based solutions for flood mitigation: a) Incentivize voluntary buy-out programs, turning previously flooded properties/neighborhoods into stormwater parks as an alternative to large scale construction projects; and b) Provide training to state agencies, local governments, engineers, planners in the use of natural floodplain preservation/conservation.
- Legislative Recommendations. We would support additional recommendations to the legislature such as:
 - The Texas Legislature is urged to support adoption of the 2021 versions of International Building Code and International Residential Code as State Building Standards, and other standards such as the 2021 IPC and 2021 IECC, which will ensure new construction is more resilient;
 - The Texas Legislature should provide counties with more powers to implement, enforce and inspect modern building codes to ensure new construction is meeting more resilient standards;
 - The Texas Legislature is urged to expand the use of the Economically Distressed Areas Program (EDAP) Funds to include residential drainage as an eligible use of EDAP funds as has been previously proposed. Because EDAP has been used for water and wastewater service grants throughout the RGV, assuring that those

projects are combined with proper drainage to avoid future flooding is a key flood-proof strategy that would be uniquely beneficial for this region.

- The Texas Legislature should continue to provide funding to state agencies for flood planning initiatives, including providing technical support and assistance to county and city floodplain administrators or designees to support development of building standards, permitting support to verify new projects meet floodplain development requirements, and training; and
- The Texas Legislature is urged to make funds available to support nature based practices through land conservation, restoration programs, and participation in landowner incentive programs to encourage voluntary land stewardship practices to manage floodwaters by slowing runoff and dissipating flood energy to include riparian, wetland, forest, upland, and other habitat protection programs. Promote land coverage studies to effectively identify riparian corridors to protect for floodplain mitigation and erosion reduction. Additional low interest programs to support voluntary city and county buy-back of lands for county parks and flood mitigation should also be included.
- Adopted Flood Protection Goals:
 - Reduce the number of structures within NFHL-Detailed Study Area and Existing Floodplain with 1% annual chance flood risk;

According to Table 2.10, the amount of land subject to a 1% flood risk is expected to increase by 29% in future years while the amount of area subject to a 0.2% flood risk is expected to increase by 24%. While the region can not protect all land from future flood risk, having a goal of limiting the number of structures subject to flood risk is imperative. To their credit the region is contemplating reducing the number of newly constructed critical infrastructure facilities in this area by 70% in the medium term and 100% in the longterm, which we support, but some consideration to moving or buttressing existing structures is needed in the plan. In addition, as discussed below, we believe the region should consider expanding the definition of what is included in the definition of critical infrastructure.

- Prepare minimum flood management standards, including identifying operations and maintenance best practices to maintain drainage structures;
- Increase nature-based practices through land conservation and restoration programs and participation in landowner incentive programs to encourage voluntary land stewardship practices to manage floodwaters, slow runoff and dissipate flood energy to include riparian, wetland, forest, upland, and other habitat protection programs; and

 Develop public information campaigns to increase community knowledge of rules and regulations, flood-prone areas, and importance of protecting floodplains from encroachment.

The process and initial regional planning round has highlighted several areas of concern regarding the evaluation of natural flood mitigation features for their level of function and the incorporation of nature based solutions into flood control strategies.

Equity and nature-based solutions will need to be woven into every facet of this program and incorporated into future policies and strategies in order to empower community collaboration and leverage the state's vast network of natural ecosystems in building resilient communities. The following **comments and recommendations specific to Region 15** seek to better ensure an equitable flood plan, and one that centers natural infrastructure and nature-based projects. We recognize that the region will not be able to address some comments provided in the current planning cycle, however it is our hope that during subsequent rounds these comments will be taken into consideration.

We would note that the plan in general relies principally on traditional flood control methods. As an example, of the 85 identified flood control projects listed in the draft flood plan, 77 of them are structural projects, and only 2 are stand-alone nature-based projects. While this is simply the reality of what is being proposed in the region, we would note that the benefits of incorporating nature-based solutions now will pay off in the long run.

I. <u>Consider alternative methodologies to assess future conditions analysis</u>

According to *Information included in rules and scope of work* subsection (pg. 29), RFPGs shall perform a future condition flood hazard analysis to determine the location of both 1% annual chance and 0.2% annual chance flood events. The TWDB allows several methods, and Region 15 chose Method 2, which utilizes the existing condition 0.2 percent ACE flood hazard area as a proxy for the future 1 percent ACE flood hazard area (using a horizontal buffer). While we understand the use of this proxy method, which led to coastal and other buffers, as pointed out, there are large data gaps, and no hydrological or floodplain mapping exists in the LRGV, meaning it is a very inexact process. Thus, we would suggest that between now and the next flood plan, that these models be developed so that future plans can be more exact.

II. <u>Apply higher-end sea level rise projections to assess future conditions analysis for</u> <u>Coastal Zones</u>

Currently, the future conditions for Region 15 are based on a relatively low scenario of sea level rise. Indeed, as reported, the Port Isabel gauge has already experienced a sea level rise of 9.87 inches. Adopting an expectation that sea level rise will only continue in the low range is inappropriate. This is an extremely conservative estimate, and most projections show confidence in an intermediate to intermediate high increase in sea levels. We recommend using the intermediate to intermediate high projections for planning. We were unable to determine in the plan how sea level rise is being treated as it was not clear in the methodology.

III. <u>Expand the types of structures included when assessing vulnerability of Critical Facilities</u> and weigh these structures higher during the Flood Mitigation Needs assessment

Region 15 included schools, hospitcals, police stations, and fire stations, electric and gas lines, Superfund sites, water and wastewater supply sites as critical facilities when determining vulnerability to flood hazards. We appreciate the inclusion of electric and gas lines and water and wastewater treatment plants. Unlike some regions, Region 15 did not include chemical plants, refineries, chemical storage facilities, and oil and gas infrastructure as critical facilities. We believe that these other facilities need to be included in order to have a proper understanding of the Region 15's flood risk. Additionally, during the Flood Mitigation Needs Assessment in Chapter 4, Region 13 should weigh these additional facilities higher than hospitals, schools, fire stations, and police stations, as they can pose additional risks to the health and safety of communities when flooded.

IV. <u>Region 15 should adopt Minimum Floodplain Management Regulations</u>

Region 15 should require at least two minimum floodplain management regulations:compliance with Texas Water Code Section 16.3145 and FEMA's National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) participation. As these regulations are widespread across the region, and create a strong foundation for the region, we support the inclusion of these as minimum floodplain management regulations.

V. Include a Goal to increase enforcement of Floodplain Ordinances

The level of enforcement of floodplain management practices varied across Region 15. However, for the vast majority of counties and municipalities, the Region was not able to determine level of enforcement. We believe that Region 15 should include a goal for the region to increase knowledge of enforcement across the region, and to increase levels of enforcement, region-wide.

VI. Include impact to natural infrastructure in No Negative Impacts analysis

Natural features and nature-based infrastructure provide significant flood mitigation benefits to neighboring communities. The analysis of "No Negative Impacts" should include impacts to natural infrastructure.

VII. Include annual appropriations to FIF as a legislative recommendation

We recommend that Region 15 include a legislative recommendation that the state should allocate funding for recurring biennial appropriations to the Flood Infrastructure Fund. Annual appropriations to FIF will ensure that the state can continue to invest in FMPs included in the regional flood plans. At least 7 regions analyzed have included this as a recommendation in their draft plans.

IX. Consider a specific section and measures on border security and minimizing the impacts of border security on flooding.

As is well documented, the decision by the federal government under multiple administrations (Bush, Obama, Trump and Biden) to add border security, often without considering the impacts on local flooding has had devastating impacts along the US-Mexico border. It has also in some cases cut through important habitats and reduced the effectiveness of open space as a flood mitigation strategy. We believe that the Region 15 flood plan must address this issue which as is pointed out "disrupt preserves and natural areas, as well as the natural hydrology (Page 1-30)." However, the plan is silent on what actions need to be taken to mitigate these flood risks. Adding a plan - which of course must include new partners like Homeland Security - to address these risks, and require consultations for future border infrastructure will be important to the region.

We appreciate the work the Region is doing to help better plan for and protect our communities from flooding. Further, we appreciate the opportunity to submit these comments.

Sincerely,

Alex Ortiz

Water Resources Specialist Sierra Club Lone Star Chapter <u>alex.ortiz@sierraclub.org</u>

Cyrus Reed

Conservation Director Sierra Club Lone Star Chapter <u>cyrus.reed@sierraclub.org</u>

APPENDIX F-NO NEGATIVE IMPACTS ANALYSIS



MEMORANDUM

TO: Kristina Leal. PE CFM	DATE:	01/09/2023					
FROM: Scot Laun		AVO:	43797				
EMAIL: slaun@halff.com							
SUBJECT: Down Stream Impact for Recommended Pharr Project for RFPG							

A no negative impact analysis and review was completed for two recommended FMPs, North Pharr Mitigation Project and Southwest Pharr Drainage Mitigation Project. These projects were analyzed in the 2020 Master Drainage Plan for the City of Pharr but did not explicitly indicate if there were downstream impacts. This memo is to provide the support to show there are no downstream impacts as a result of the proposed projects.

The process used to review the existing analysis was to utilize the flood depth rasters that were created to show the resulting depths of flow for existing conditions and various design storms for the proposed projects. The 1% Annual Chance Storm (100-yr) was used as the downstream impact comparison as per the technical guidelines. The flood depth rasters were created by subtracting the existing ground terrain file from the water surface elevations modeled in the computer simulation. The resulting existing conditions depth raster was then subtracted from the proposed project depth raster to see where they differed. The results of the raster math will show any rise from the proposed conditions.

From the technical guidance, the following requirements for a 2D model are met to establish no negative impacts:

- Stormwater does not increase inundation in areas beyond the public right-of-way, project property, or easement.
- Stormwater does not increase inundation of storm drainage networks, channels, and roadways beyond design capacity.
- Maximum increase of 2D Water Surface Elevations must round to 0.3 feet (< 0.35ft) measured at each computational cell.

North Pharr Mitigation Project (Project 10)

Proposed project consists of:

- Construct 3400-linear feet of channel improvements on the ditch running from south to north along North Fir Street
- 2800-linear feet of channel improvements on the Pharr-McAllen Lateral Ditch up to North I road.
- Install culvert improvements, 2 8

The results of the flood depth raster analysis show there are no adverse impacts from the proposed project. As evidenced by the following three figures, the only locations that show a rise in WSEL are within the project boundaries of the ditches and detention.

The following figures show the Existing 1% Annual Chance Depth raster, Proposed 1% Annual Chance Depth raster, and the resulting rises identified by the raster subtraction calculation. There is a small smattering of rises (very small rises) scattered about the area, but these few locations are attributed to the modeling stability and are not connected to any rise that would be attributable to the project.





North Pharr Mitigation Project – Existing Conditions 1% Annual Chance Floodplain





North Pharr Mitigation Project – Proposed Conditions 1% Annual Chance Floodplain





North Pharr Mitigation Project –1% Annual Chance Water Surface Increases



Southwest Pharr Drainage Mitigation Project (Project 4)

Proposed project consists of constructing four regional detention facilities (RDF):

- RDF 1 has a footprint of 19.75-acres and is a lateral detention facility located between Dicker and Thomas Road west of Highway 281 and near Carmen Anaya Elementary.
- RDF 2 has a footprint of 7.4-acres

The results of the flood depth raster analysis show there is no adverse impact from the proposed project. As evidenced by the following three figures, the only locations that show a rise in WSEL are within the project boundaries of the ditches and detention.

The following figures show the Existing 1% Annual Chance Depth raster, Proposed 1% Annual Chance Depth raster, and the resulting rises identified by the raster subtraction calculation. There is a small smattering of rises (very small rises) scattered about the area, but these few locations are attributed to the modeling stability and are not connected to any rise that would be attributable to the project.





South Pharr Drainage Mitigation Project – Existing Conditions 1% Annual Chance Floodplain





South Pharr Drainage Mitigation Project – Proposed Conditions 1% Annual Chance Floodplain





South Pharr Drainage Mitigation Project – 1% Annual Chance Water Surface Increases



No Negative Impact Determination Summary

The following table summarizes the no negative impact determination that was performed.

Region Number	FMP ID	FMP Name	FMP Meets ALL No Negative Impacts Requirements from Exhibit C Section 3.6.A (Yes/ No)	Negative Impact Description	Planning level Mitigation Plan (Yes/ No)	Mitigation Plan Description	No Negative Impact Determination (Yes/No)	Basis of No Negative Impact Determination (Model, Study, Engineering Judgement)	Model ID	Model Name	Model Submitted	Study Name and Location	Engineer of Record (Optional)	Engineering Judgement Description
15	153000011	North Pharr Mitigation Project	Yes	n/a	No	n/a	Yes	Study and Model	15000000002	Pharr Master Drainage Plan	Y	Pharr Master Drainage Plan, Pharr, TX	Halff	3
15	153000012	Pharr - San Juan Regional Detention Facility	Yes	n/a	No	n/a	Yes	Study and Model	15000000002	Pharr Master Drainage Plan	Y	Pharr Master Drainage Plan, Pharr, TX	Halff	3



HALFF ASSOCIATES, INC. 5000 WEST MILITARY HIGHWAY SUITE 100 MCALLEN, TEXAS 78503

(956) 664-0286

WWW.HALFF.COM